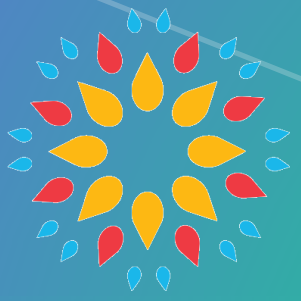


This presentation premiered at WaterSmart Innovations

watersmartinnovations.com





watersmart|2021
INNOVATIONS

Leading the Way in Climate Change Forecasting with Conservation Water Savings for Sustainable Communities

Lisa Maddaus, P.E.
Maddaus Water Management



October 7, 2021



MADDAUS
WATER
MANAGEMENT

The Water Demand Reduction Challenge

Why are U.S. water utilities under intense pressure to reduce consumption?

- Hydrologic deficit
- Rulings by judges
- Water use reduction targets set by politicians
- Difficulty in building new supplies
- Other reasons including economics, long term changes in weather (climate) and environmental goals
- Deferral of expensive capital improvement projects
- State requirements for conservation planning and implementation



Forecasting Benefits

- Improved financial stability
- Enhanced knowledge of infrastructure needs
- Improved understanding of overall range in per capita water use over time
- Utility with more robust forecast can budget better to meet conservation targets

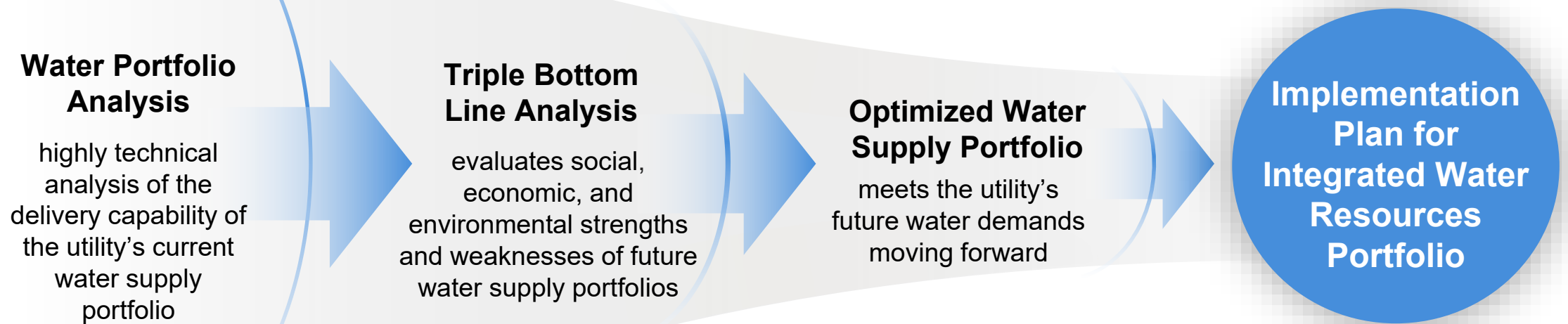


Why These Adjustments Are Important To Do

- Individual model
- Regional model
- Land use-based forecast
- Climate change
- Drought rebound
- High/low population growth
- High/low jobs growth
- Conservation
 - Passive
 - Active

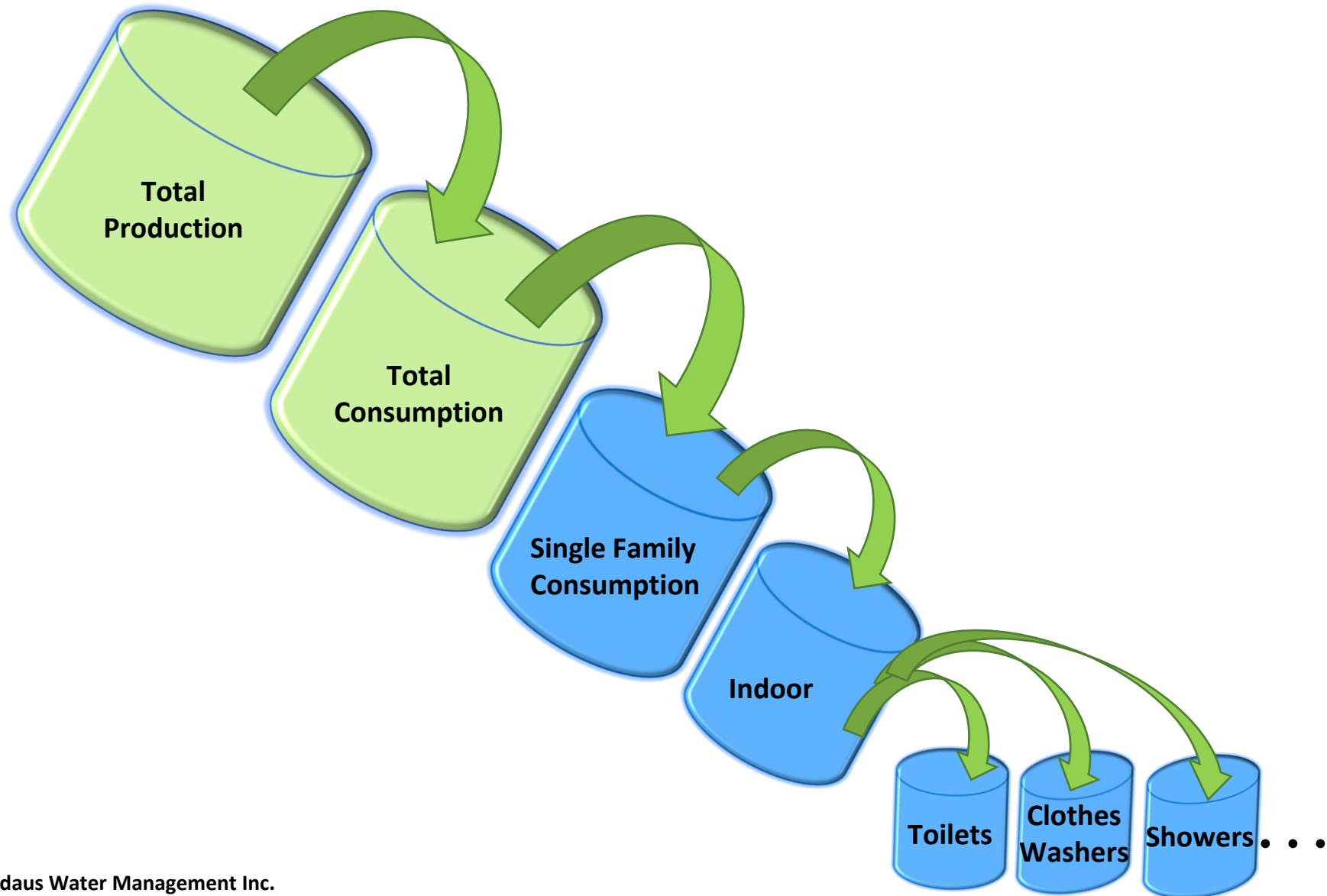


Forecasting Methodology – Layering in Key Information

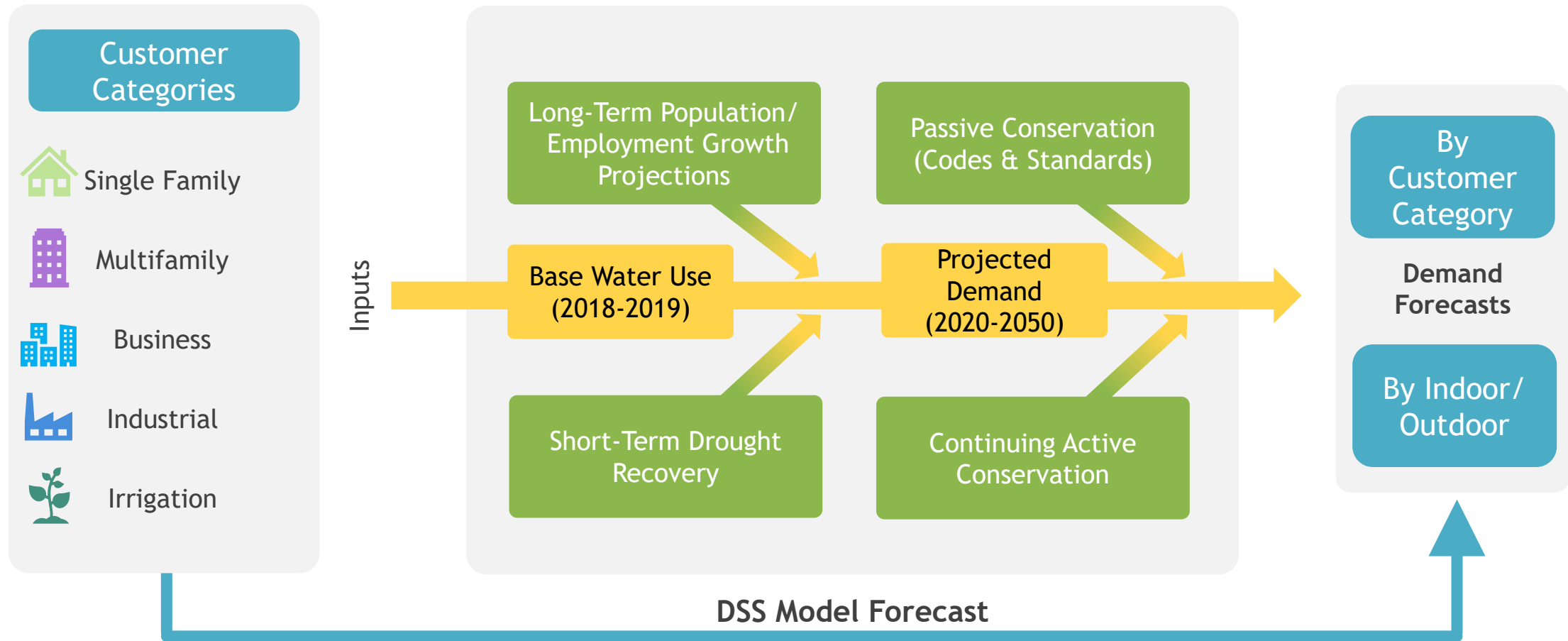




Modeling at the “End Use” Level: Why It Matters

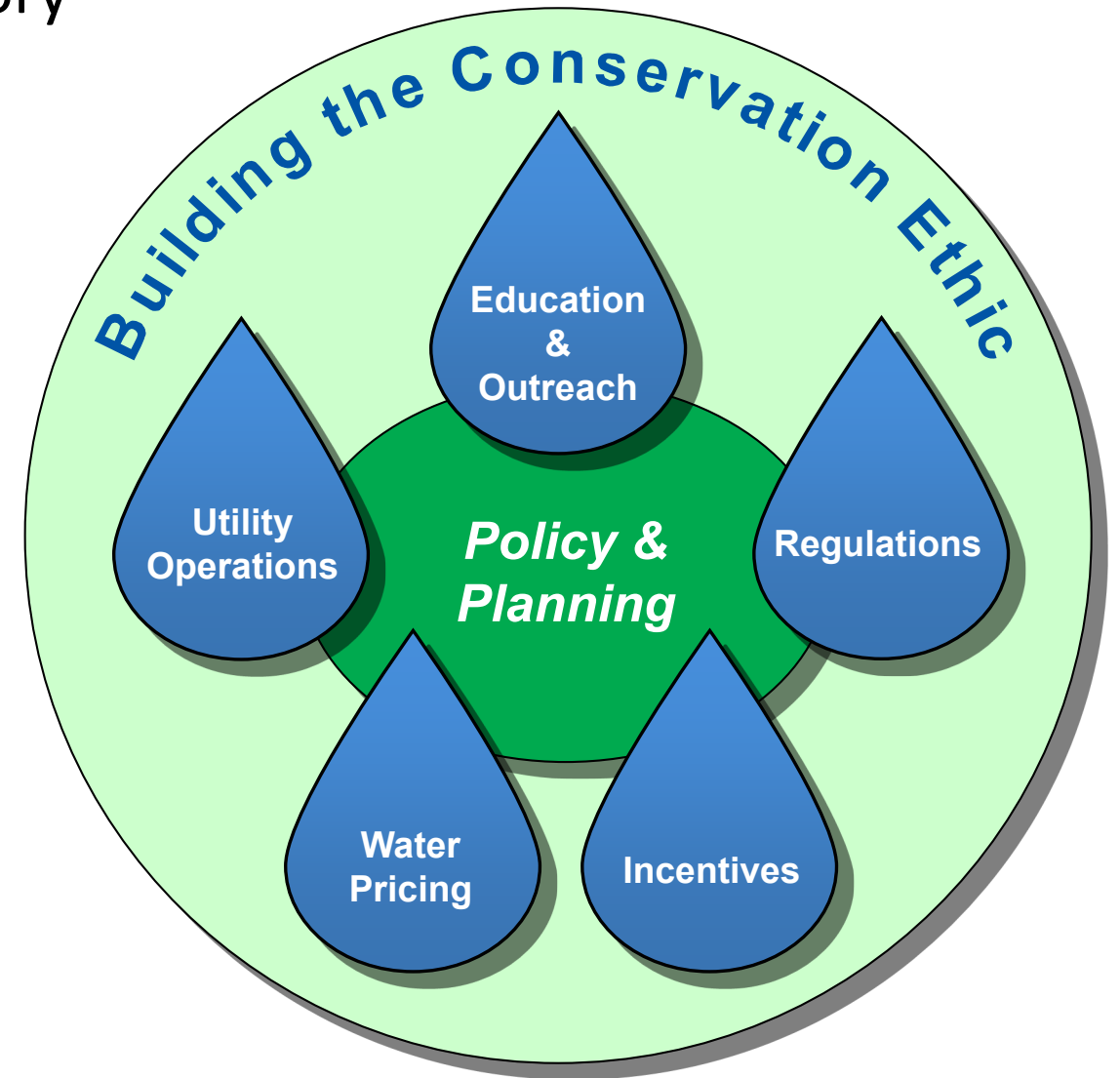


Least Cost Planning Decision Support System (DSS Model) Flow



Elements of Demand Side Management (or Conservation) Program Planning

- Tailored to each unique customer category
- Benefits
 - Water savings
 - Cost savings
- Costs
 - Labor
 - Expenses
- Step by step approach to building your business case and program
- Challenging management factors or perceptions
- Portfolio of funding options
 - Ratepayer dollars
 - Grants/loans
 - Volunteers
 - Developer fees



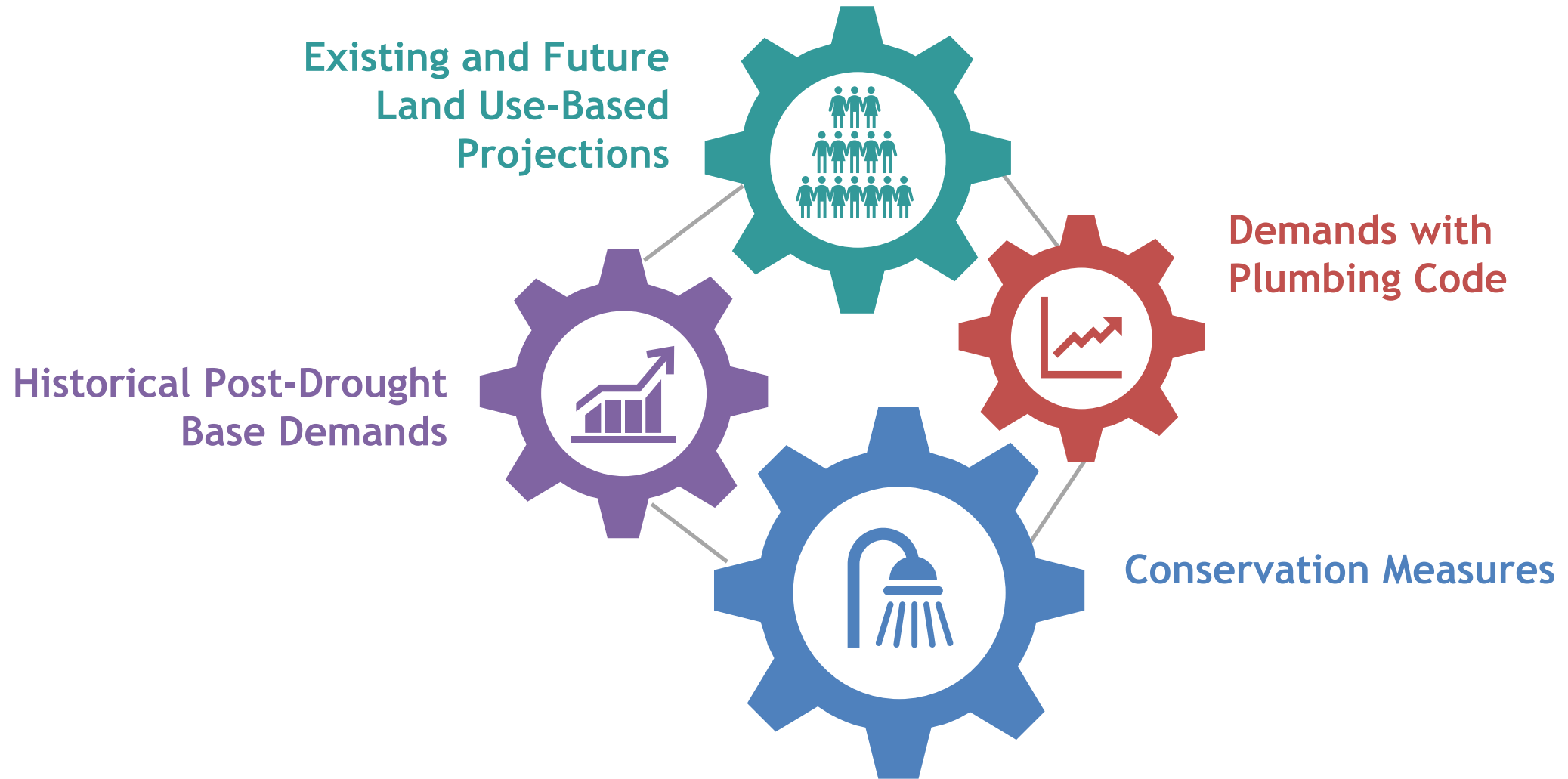
Case Studies

- Santa Clarita Valley Water Agency, CA
- City of Santa Barbara, CA
- Bay Area Water Supply and Conservation Agency, CA
- Central Utah Water Conservancy District, UT

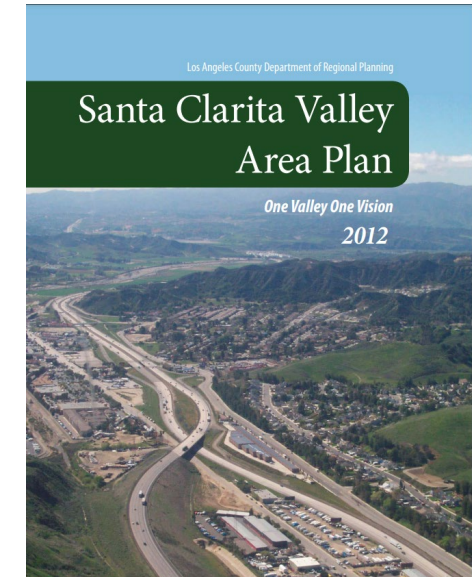
Case Study: SCV Water, California (pop. 290,000)

- Demand and Conservation Analysis Study prepared as part of the 2020 Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP)
- Ongoing monitoring of water consumption, implementing water conservation and planning for the SCV community
- UWMP due every 5 years
 - Long-range planning document to identify future water demands and project attainable conservation goals
- Update for 2020 UWMP
 - Best available information for future demand land use-based forecast
 - Worked carefully with City and County Land Use Planners
- Result of a careful modeling exercise based on community's historical water use and planned future needs

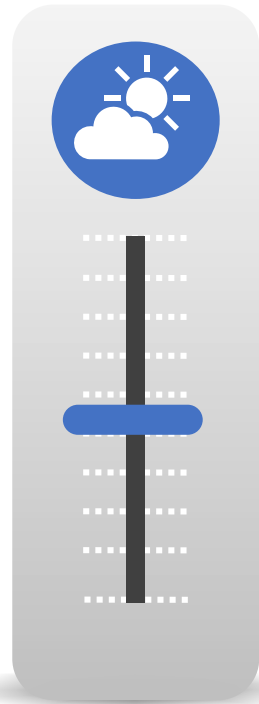
SCV Water Demand Study Approach



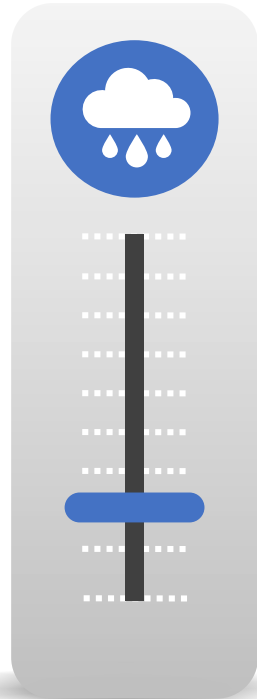
Overview of the Demand Forecast Development



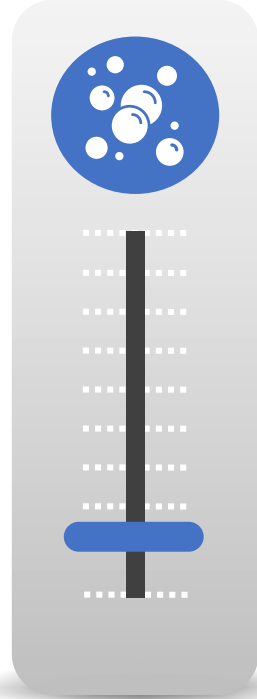
Adjustments to Future Demand Forecast



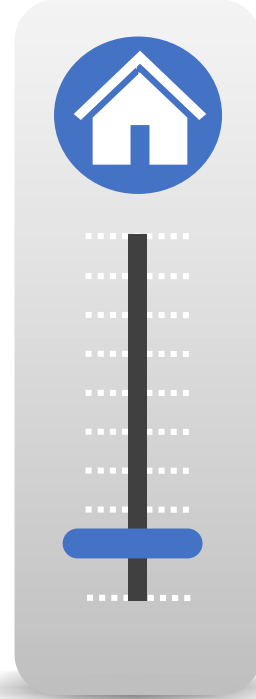
**Climate Change
& Weather
Normalization**



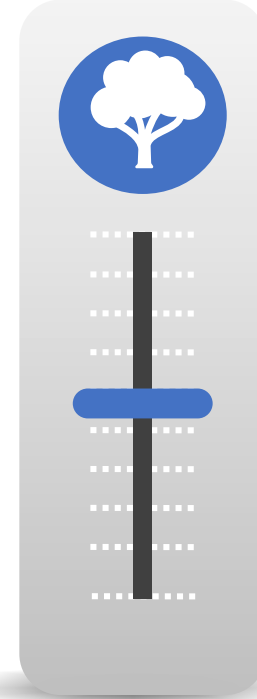
**Drought
Rebound**



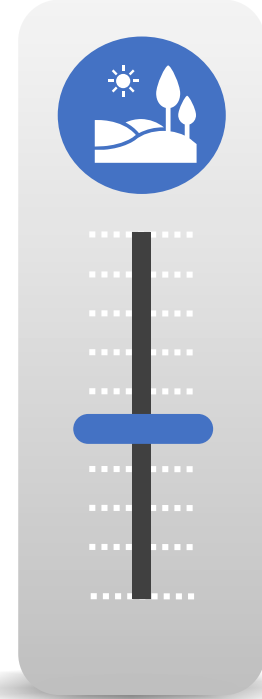
COVID-19



**Accessory
Dwelling Units**

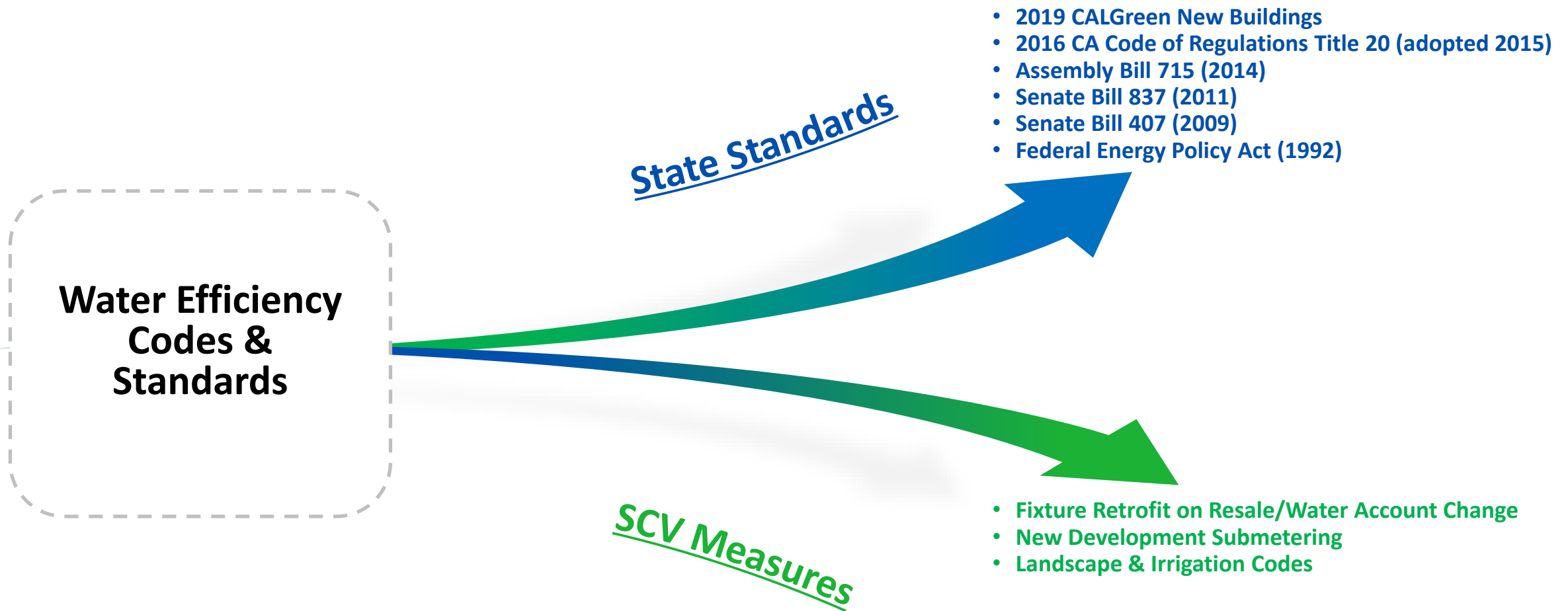


**Irrigation
Demand Factor**



**Outdoor
Conservation
Potential**

Passive Savings from Plumbing Code



Current Water Conservation Program



Water waste
prevention



Landscape
design
standards



Website, videos,
conservation
line



Water checkup
appointments



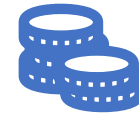
School
programs



Rebates



Gardening
certifications &
classes



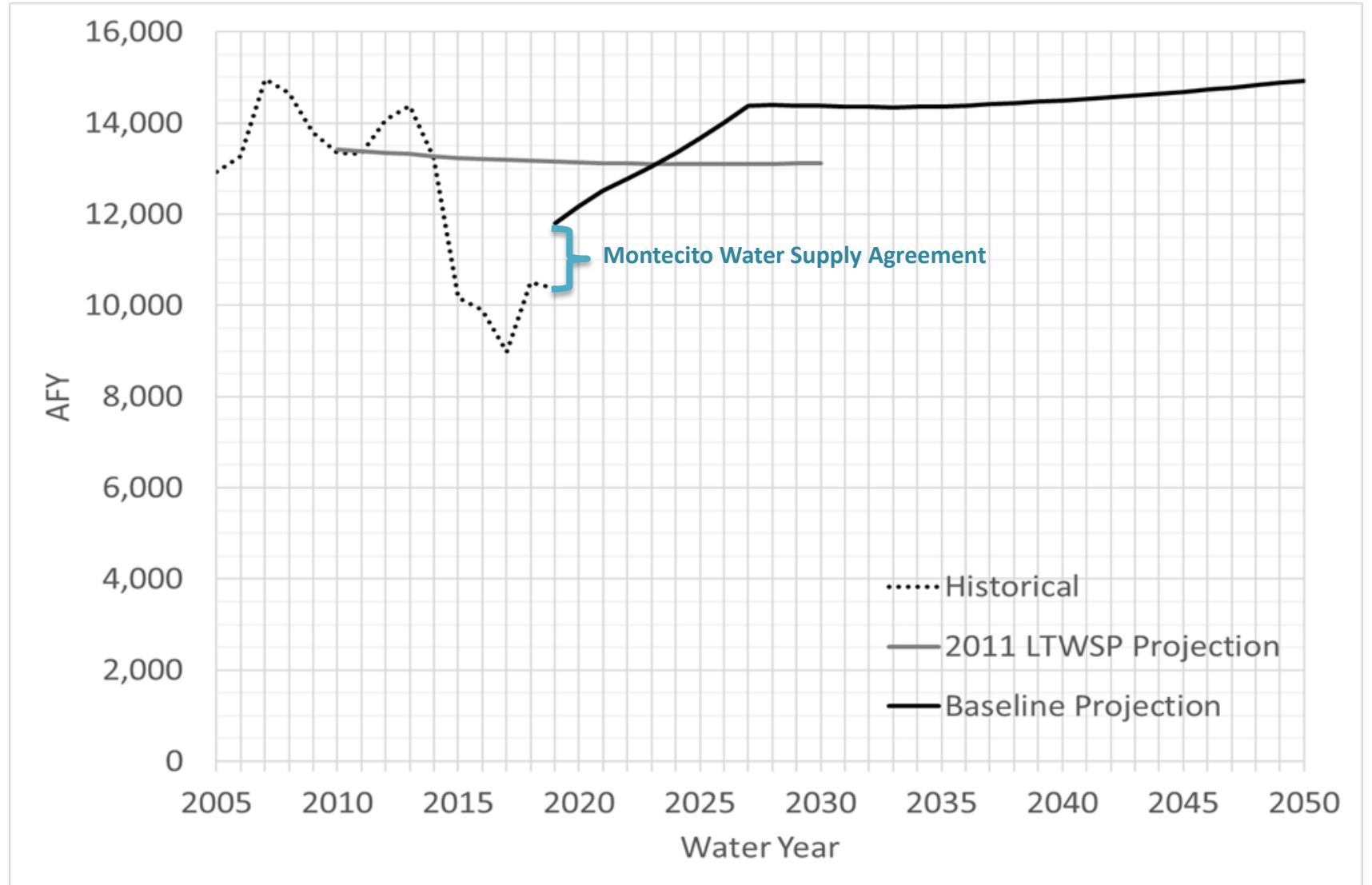
Irrigation
budgets



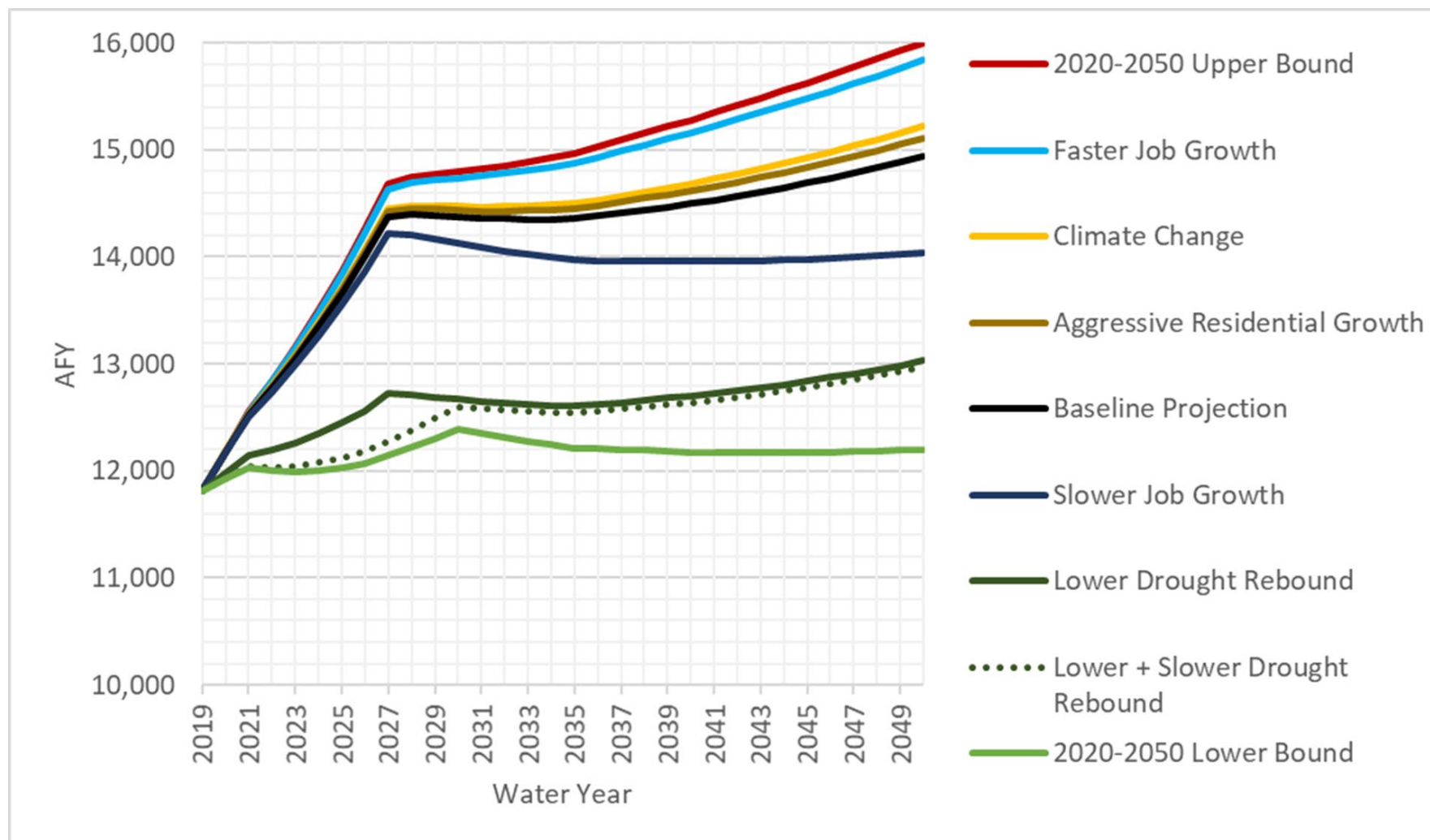
Analysis Summary

- ✓ Land use-based forecasts were detailed and prepared with City and County Planning staff
- ✓ Adjustments were needed for more accuracy
 - ✓ Ongoing Monitoring Outdoor Water Use Study
- ✓ Careful accounting of potable and non-potable demands
- ✓ Future updates to unallocated water demand

Case Study: City of Santa Barbara, California (pop. 96,000)



Demand Envelope



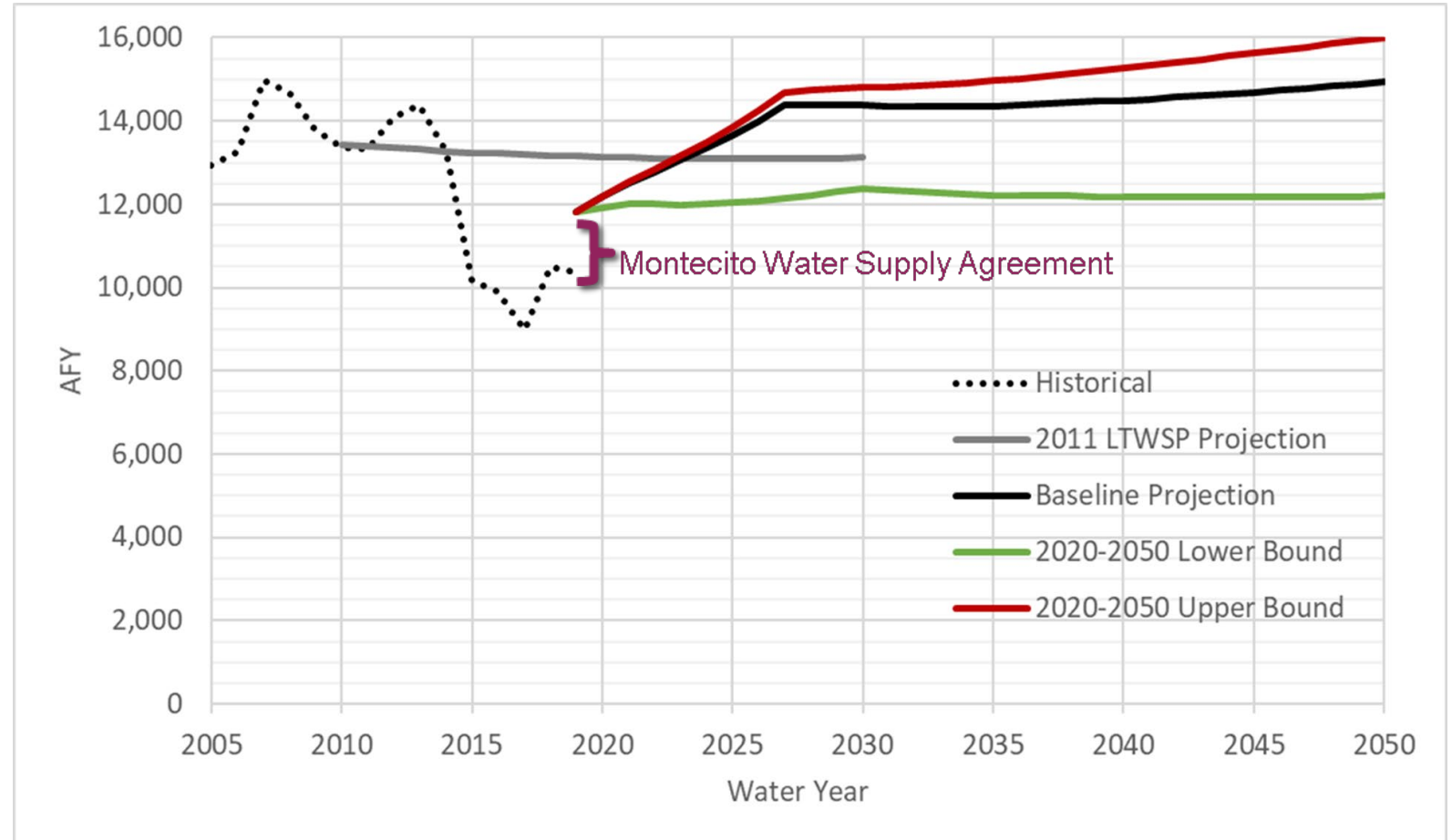
Demand Envelope

Upper Bound Projection:

Combines Higher Residential Growth with Higher Job Growth

Lower Bound Projection:

Combines Lower and Slower Drought Rebound with Slower Job Growth



Key Takeaways



Population growth: low impact (majority of new housing is multifamily)



Climate change: low impact



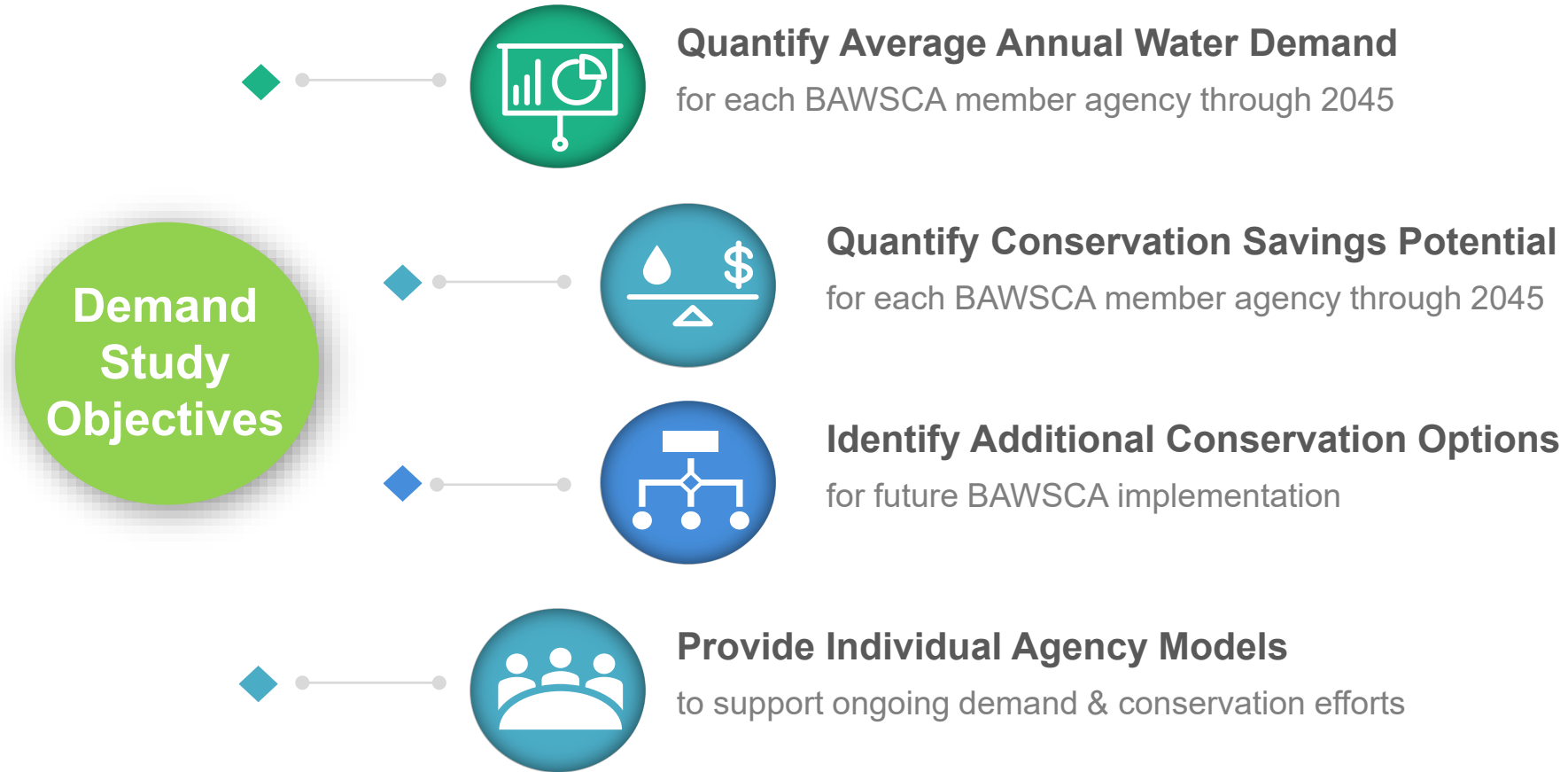
Job growth: medium impact (increased commercial demand)



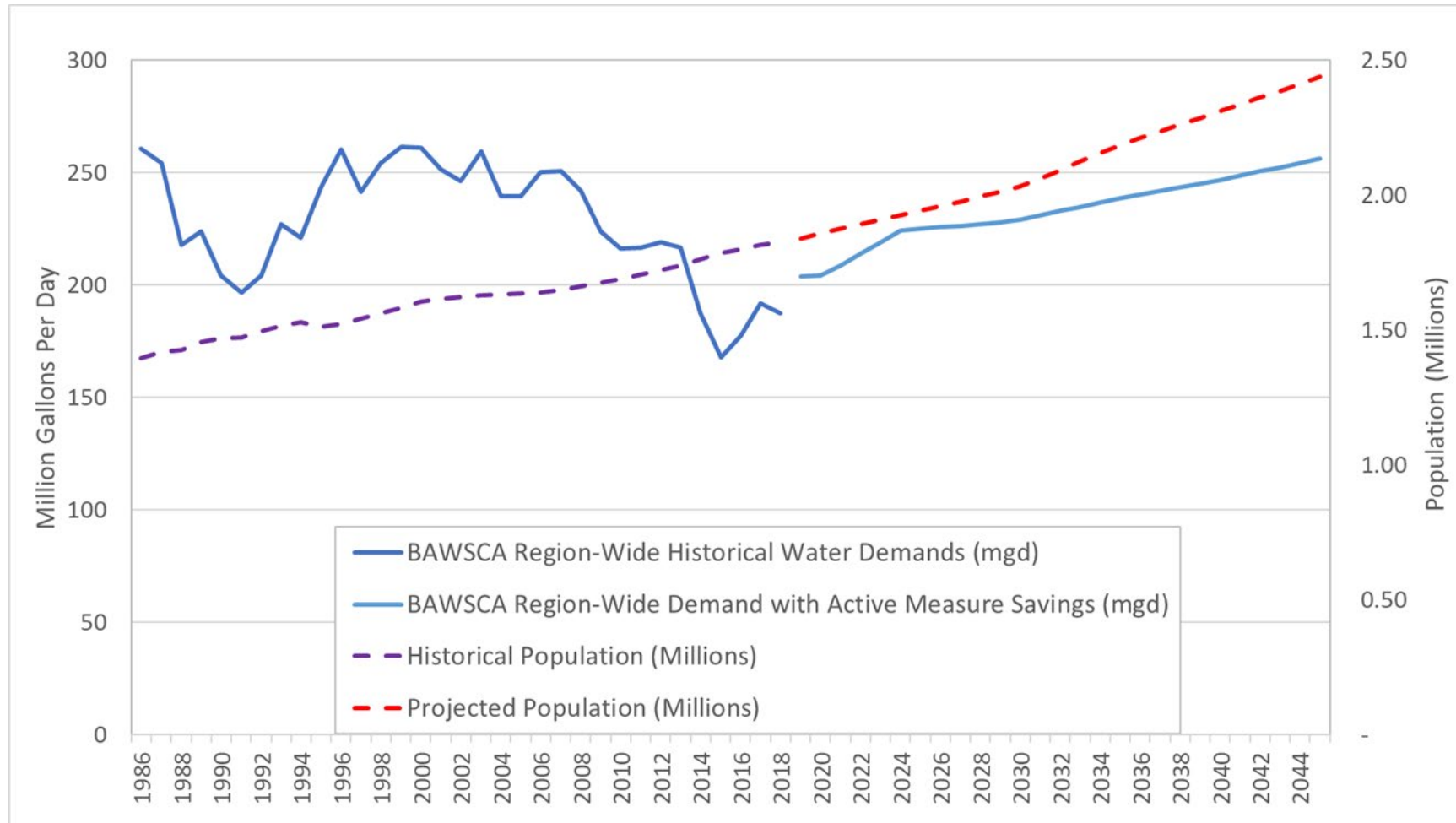
Existing customer drought rebound: high impact



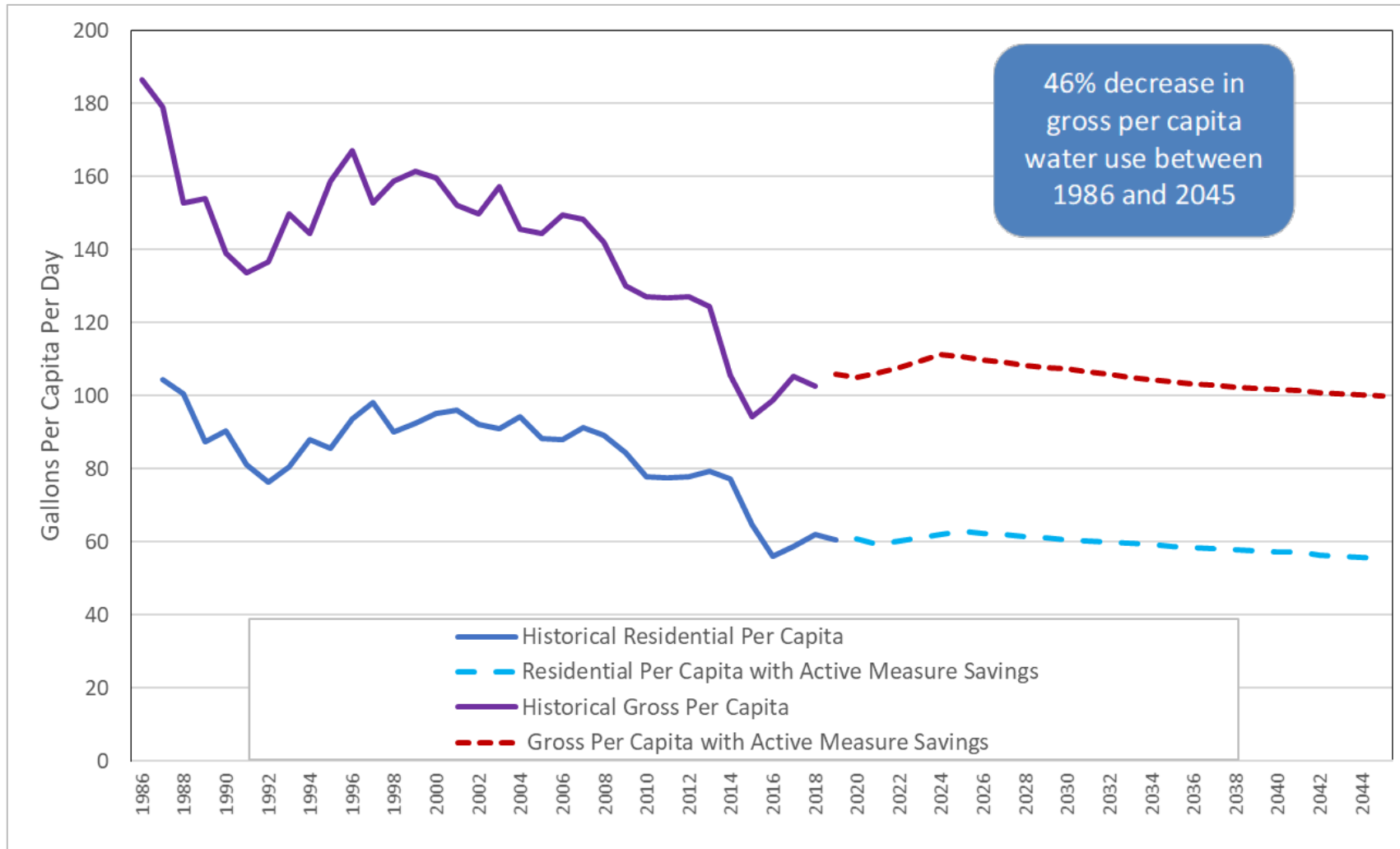
Case Study: Bay Area Water Supply and Conservation Agency, California (pop. 1.3 Million)



Population Will Continue to Grow Faster Than Water Demand



Per Capita Use Will Continue to Decline



24 Conservation Measures Identified for Potential Implementation

Current Measures

Large Landscape
Surveys & Budgets

Lawn Be Gone! &
Rainwater Rebates

Residential Device
Giveaway

Public & School
Education

Water Smart Reports
(non-AMI)

AMI Customer Portal

Water Loss
Management

Near-Term Implementation

CII Water Surveys

Irrigation Hardware
Incentives

Residential Indoor
Surveys

Flow Meter Rebates

Leak Repair
Assistance

Future Consideration

CII Custom Rebates

School Retrofits

Multifamily HET
Direct Install

Multifamily
Submetering
Retrofits

Codes and Ordinances

Fixture Retrofit on
Resale (CII)

Landscape and
Irrigation Codes

Hot Water on
Demand Codes

Low Impact New
Development

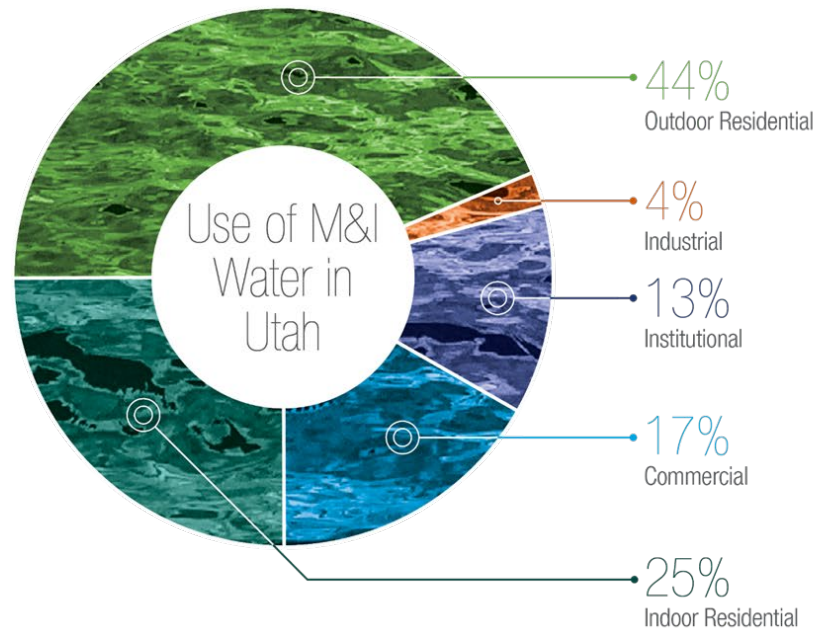
Fixture Rebate on
Resale

Multifamily New
Development
Submetering

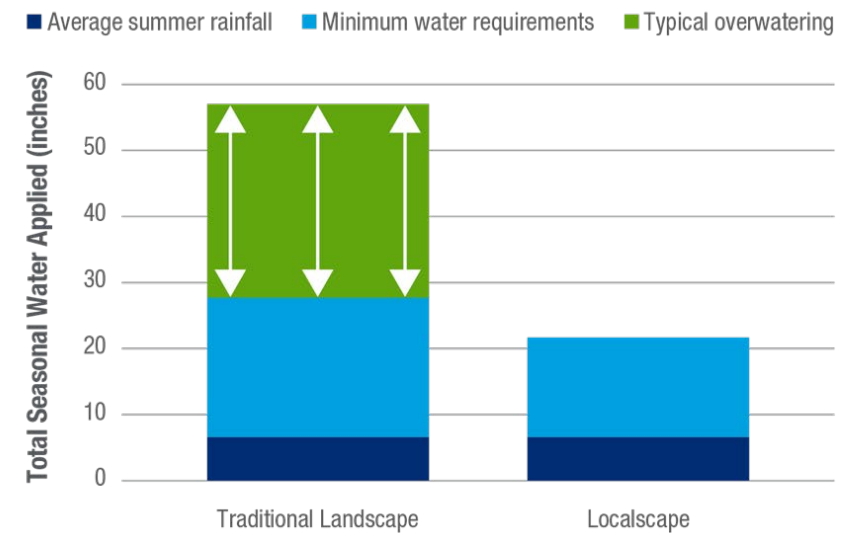
Case Study: Central Utah Water Conservancy District (pop. 1.5 Million)



CENTRAL UTAH WATER
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT



Landscape Water Requirements



District Goals

The stakeholder survey results directly impacted the goals and vision forward.



Vision for Conservation: *Use our limited water resources efficiently to responsibly support our community, now and in the future.*

GOAL

Use District water efficiently

GOAL

Support water retailer's conservation efforts

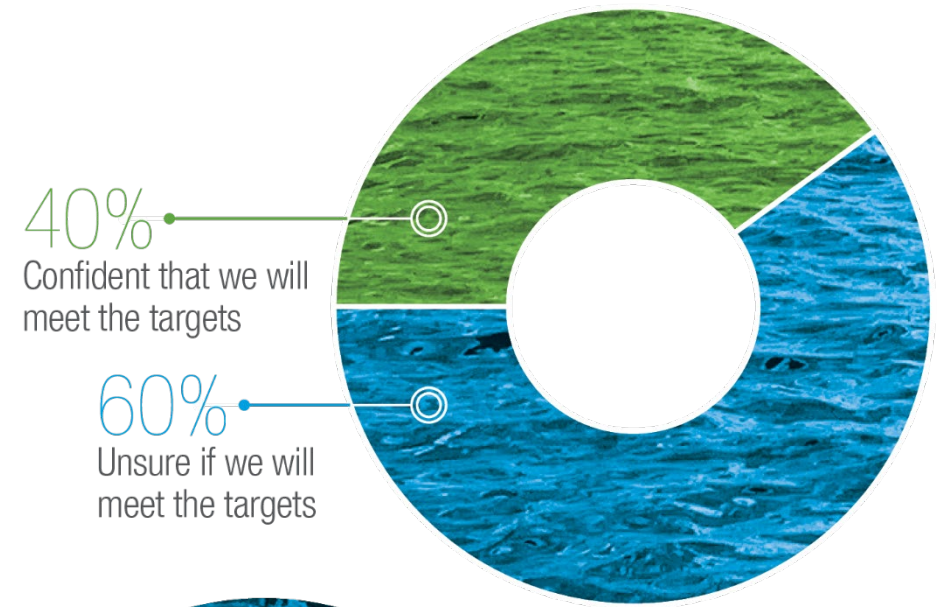
GOAL

Encourage conservation by the public

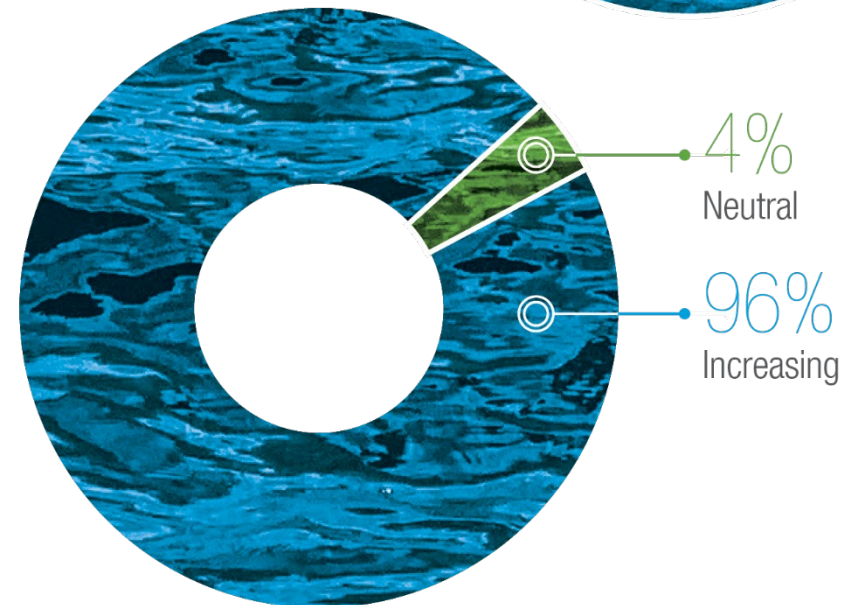


Stakeholder Input

How confident are you that your water conservation plan is sufficient to meet the state's new gallons per capita per day (GPCD) targets for your service area?

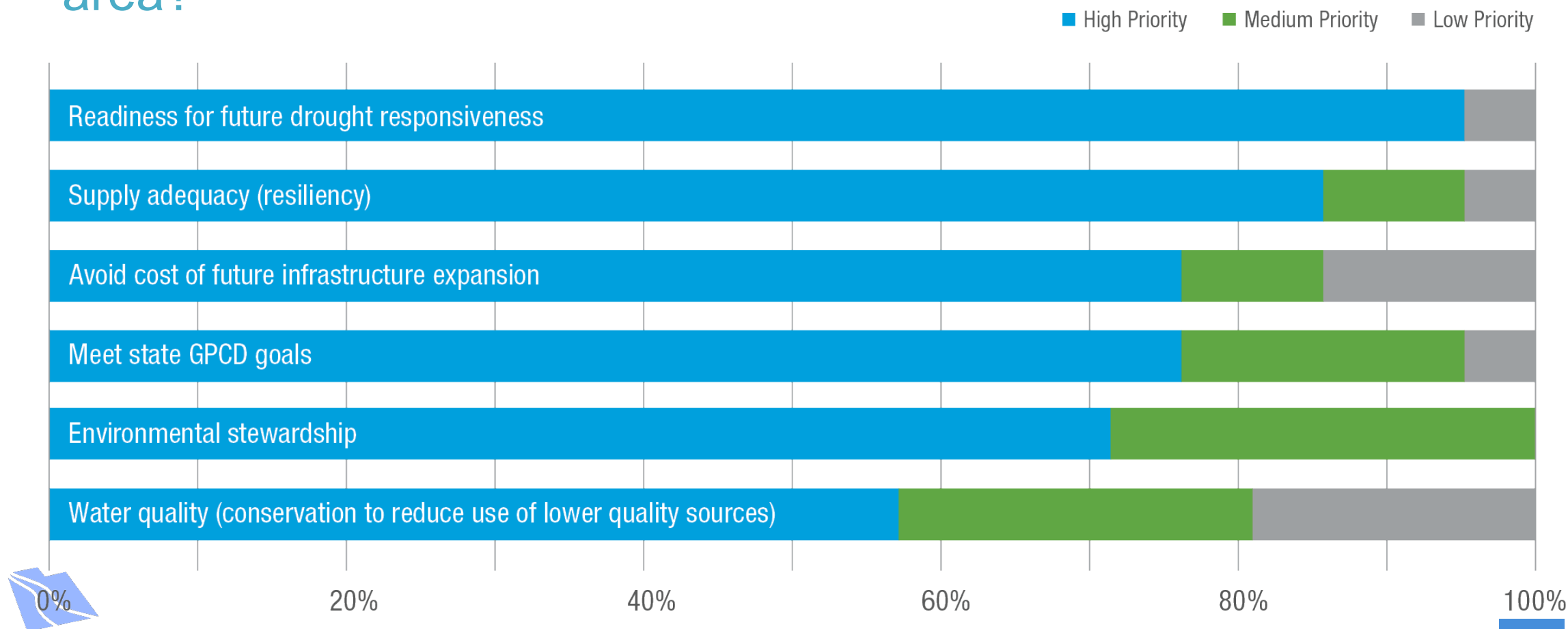


Do you see conservation as increasing or decreasing in importance for your service area? Why?



Stakeholder Input

What are the current or potential future drivers for conservation in your service area?



Conservation Programs – Selected Programs

Education

- Conservation classes
- School education programs
- Public outreach/awareness efforts
- Water checks/surveys/consultations
- Retailer education/training

Incentives

- Indoor incentives
- Outdoor equipment incentives
- Landscape incentives
- Grants for utilities and large users

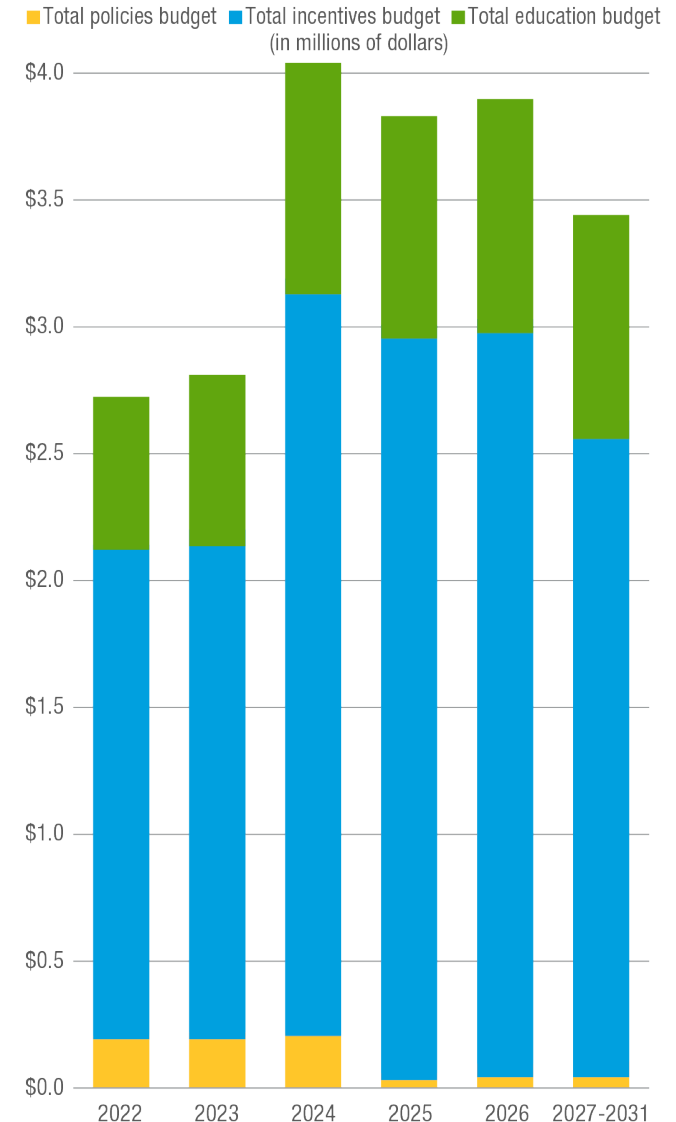
Policy

- Policy/legislation
- Conservation contracts

High-Impact Activities

- Conservation roundtables
- Secondary meter funding
- Water efficiency policies and state legislation
- Water efficiency standards in contracts
- Landscape water requirements calculator

Annual Labor and Expense Budgets (per FY)



Conclusion Ways to Find our Shared Vision

- New sophisticated methods needed to deal with fluctuations in water demand and establishing variables for forecasts, particularly the rebound from downturns in demands due to recession and/or drought
- Various factors need to be analyzed in demand forecasting
- End-use modeling for smart conservation programming long-term investments
- Scenario planning inclusive of various climate change, demand conditions and conservation implementation levels is necessary



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WATER
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Thank You!

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