This presentation premiered at WaterSmart Innovations

watersmartinnovations.com





l Conserved - You Raised Rates - Yes But You Pay Less!

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What We Will Cover

- What is happening across the nation with water and wastewater rates;
- The Texas Example Conservation, Reuse and Drought Management offer the <u>most water for the least cost</u>;
- A hypothetical case that shows how 10 homes using the exact same amount of water before conservation and paying the exact same in water and wastewater rates will change after conservation – wasters pay more, conservers pay less AND TOTAL REVENUE NEEDS for the utility; and
- The impact on increased efficiency on the expansion of future treatment capacity and the cost reductions inherent to that will be reviewed.

Water & Wastewater Rates

Circle of Blue April, 2016

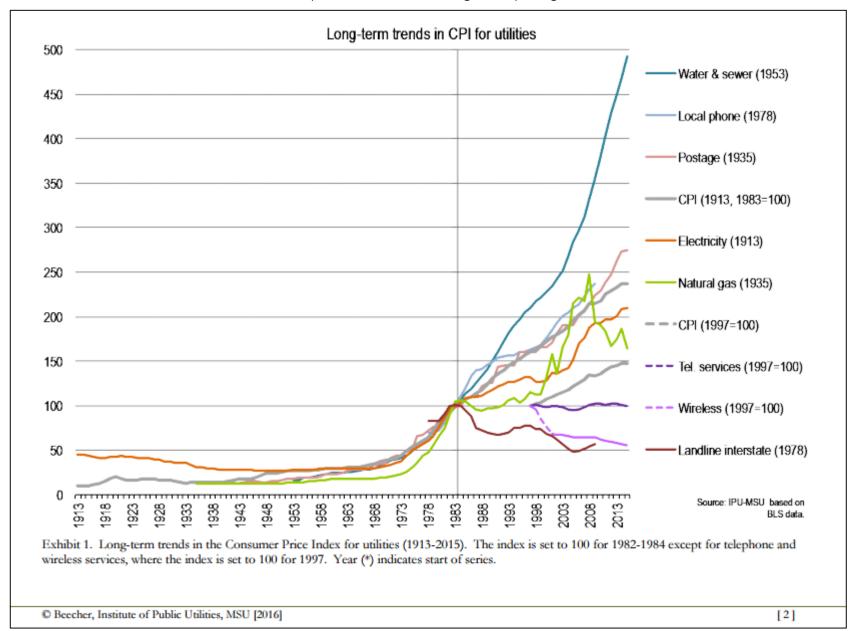
http://www.circleofblue.org/waterpricing/

Price of Water 2015: Up <u>5 %</u> in 2016 in 30 Major U.S. Cities;

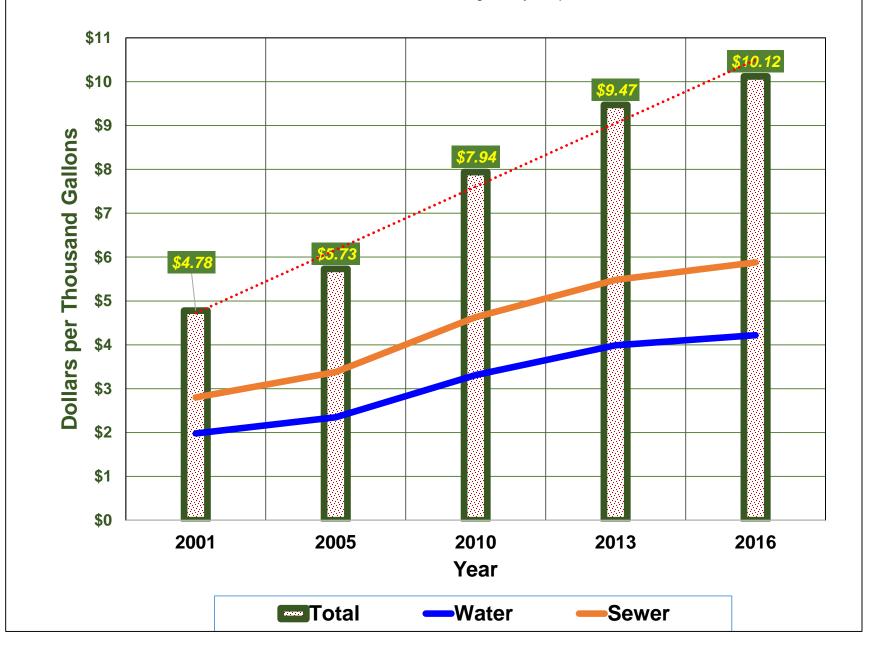
48 % Since 2010!

Consumer Price Index for Utilities

http://www.circleofblue.org/waterpricing/



Commercial Water and Sewer Rates for 100,000 gallons for Nation's 50 Largest Cities Source: Black & Veatch - 50 Largest Citys Reports



Even in Chicago, the Mayor Wants to Double Water Rates!



"Water is the oil of the 21st century."

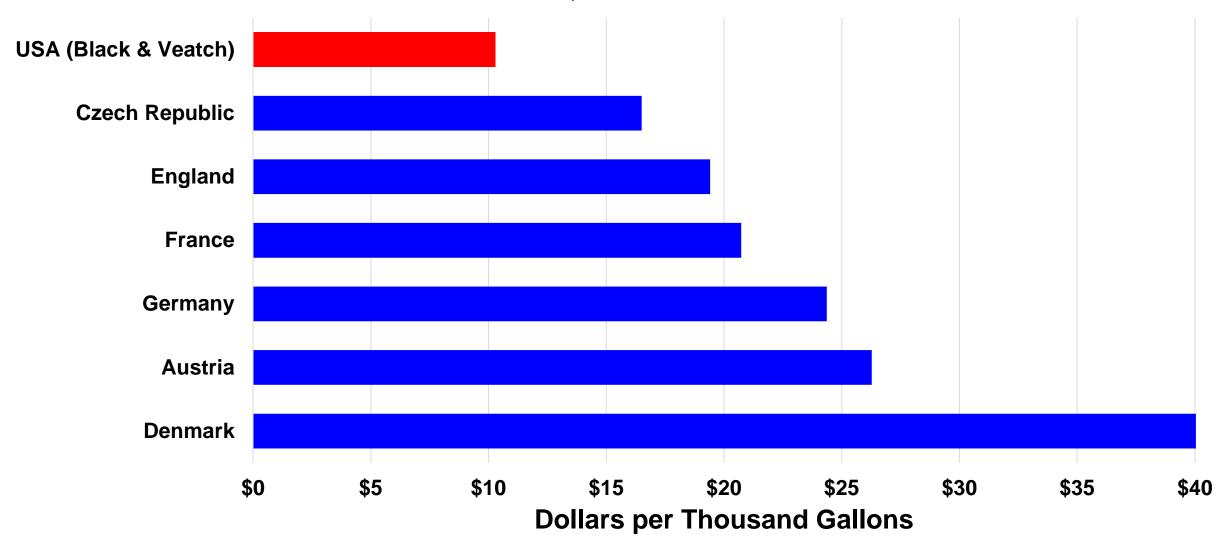
Source:

Andrew Liveris, Chief Executive, Dow Chemical Co., August 2008.

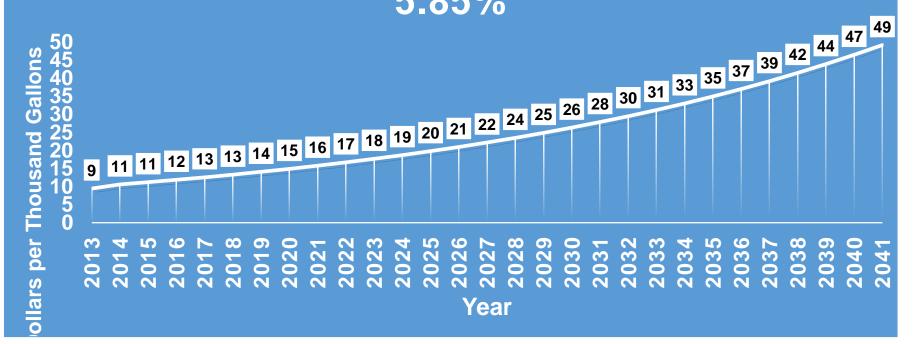
Average Residential Water and Sewer Rates in European Countries Compared to USA in 2013

Sources of Information:

Europe -http://www.globalwaterintel.com/archive/12/9/market-profile/global-water-tariffs-continue-upward-trend.html USA - http://bv.com/docs/mana



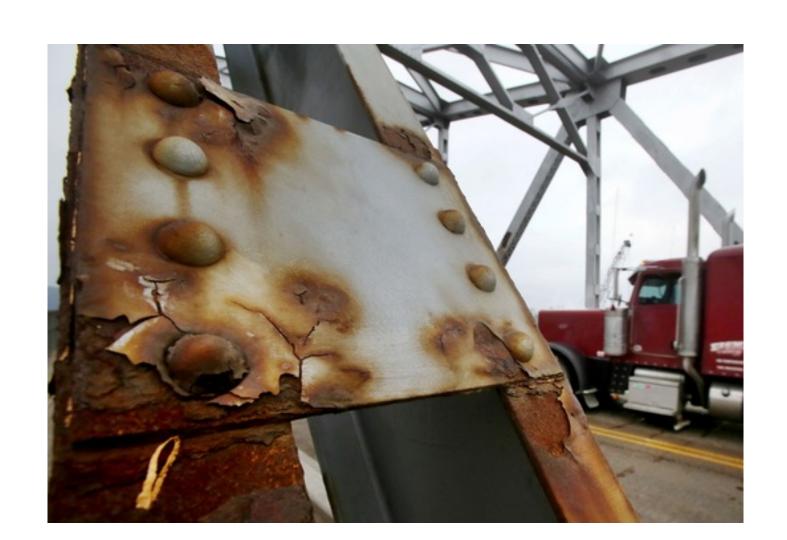
PROJECTED NATIONAL FUTURE WATER AND WASTEWATER COSTS AT CURRENT INFLATION RATE OF 5.85%



Cost to Flush a Toilet at Current Inflation Rate of 5.85%

Gallons per Flush	Cents per Flush in 2014	Cents per Flush in 2034
5	4.9	15.4
3.5	3.4	10.8
1.6	1.6	4.9
1.28	1.2	4.0

Bridges have been the Poster Child for Infrastructure Needs!







OVERVIEW

ECONOMIC IMPACT

NATIONAL GRADES

STATES

NEWS

TAKE ACTION

CONTACT *

INFRASTRUCTURE GRADES FOR 2013



SCHOOLS	D
ROADS	D
inland waterways	D-
WASTEWATER	D
HAZARDOUS WASTE	D



A: EXCEPTIONAL, B: GOOD, C: MEDIOCRE, D: POOR, F: FAILING

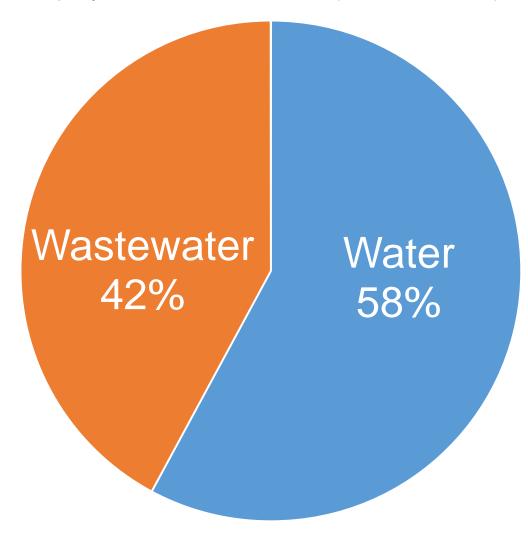
Each category was evaluated on the basis of capacity, condition, funding, future need, operation and maintenance, public safety, resilience, and innovation

Buried No Longer: Confronting America's Water Infrastructure Challenge (American Water Works Association, 2012)+Investment needs for buried drinking water infrastructure total more than \$1 trillion nationwide over the next 25 years.

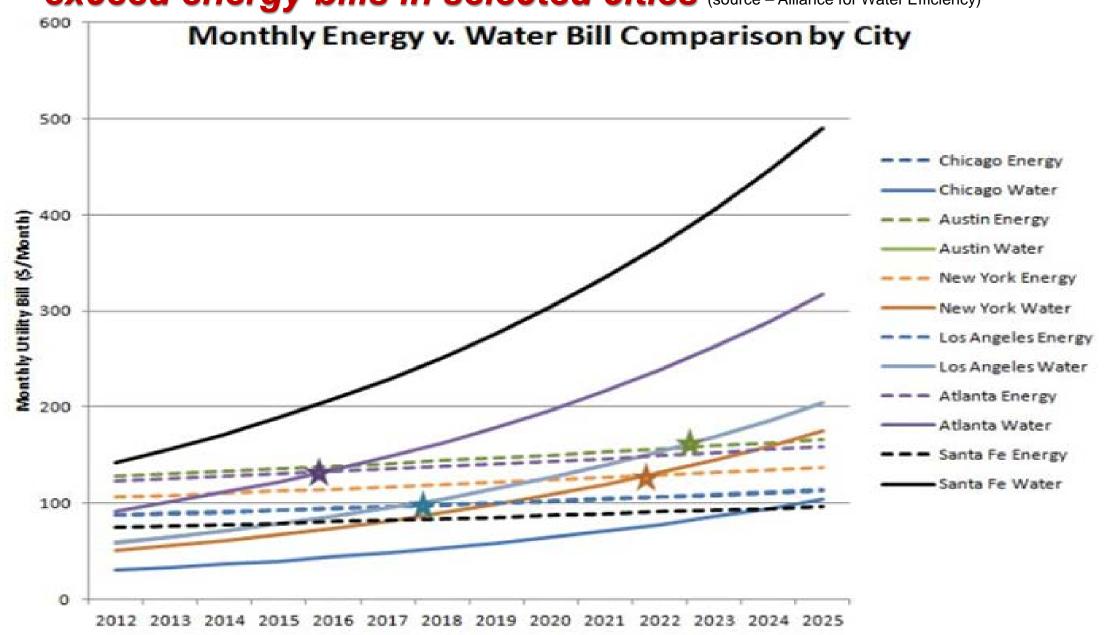
www.awwa.org/Portals/0/files/legreg/documents/BuriedNoLonger.pdf

EPA Breakdown of Water and WastewaterInfrastructure Dollar Needs

http://www.usmayors.org/urbanwater/documents/LocalGovt%20InvtInMunicipalWaterandSewerInfrastructure.pdf



This graph shows when residential water and sewer bills will exceed energy bills in selected cities (source - Alliance for Water Efficiency)



The Texas Example

Future Capital Cost Through 2070 in Texas

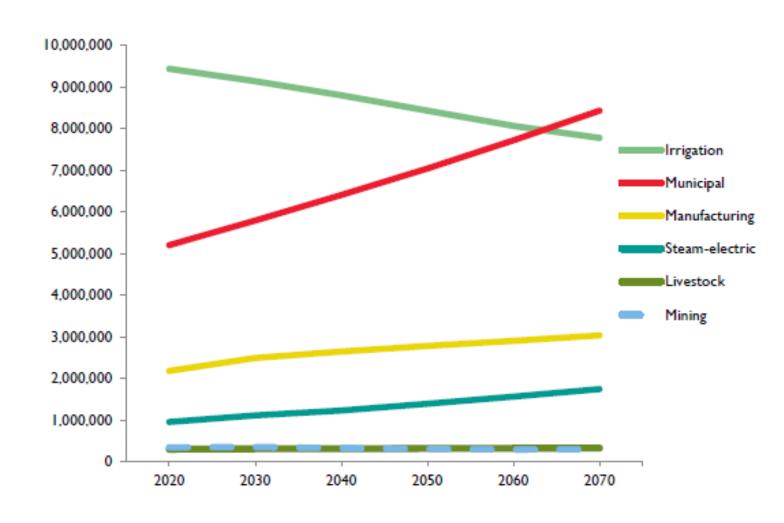
 Total Future Capital Costs for Texas Water/Wastewater Related Resources = \$230 to \$300 Billion

• 75% to 80% for <u>Water and Wastewater</u> Infrastructure <u>NOT</u>
<u>RELATED TO NEW SUPPLY</u>

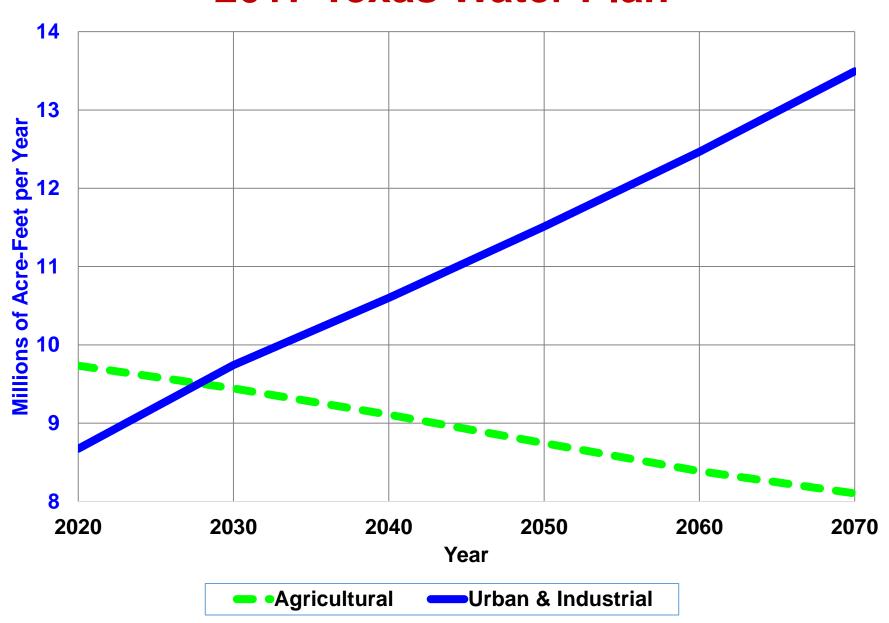
- New Supply is only about 20% to 25% of Future Capital Costs
- New Supply Costs = \$62.6 Billion

Detailed Breakdown of Projected Water Use in Texas by Category

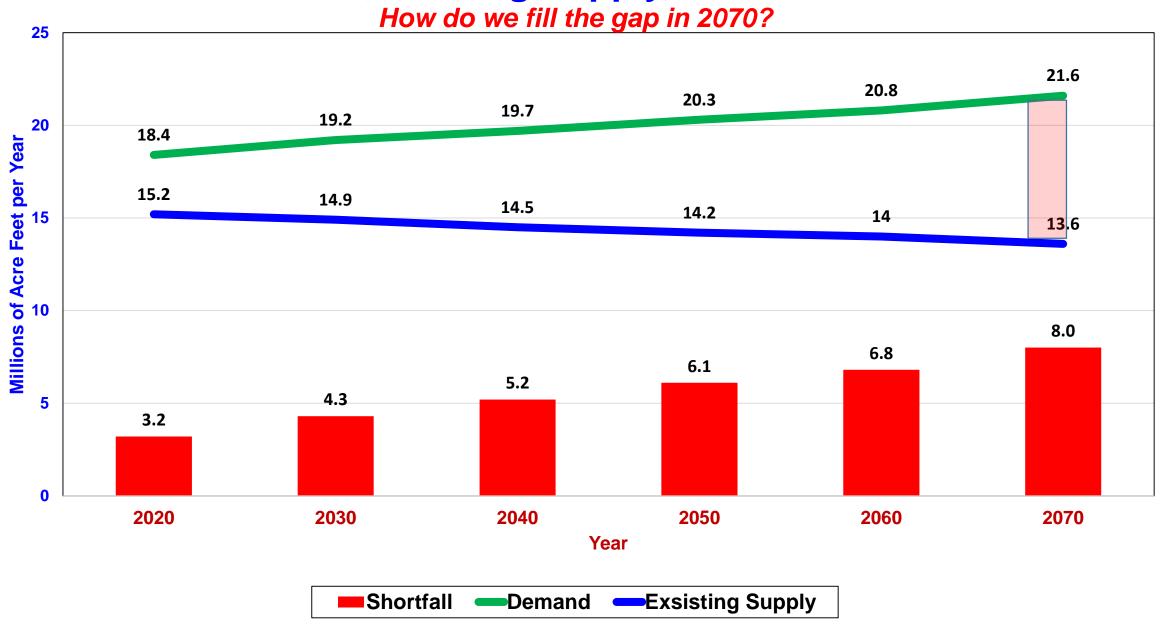
Figure 5.5 - Projected annual water demand by water use category (acre-feet)

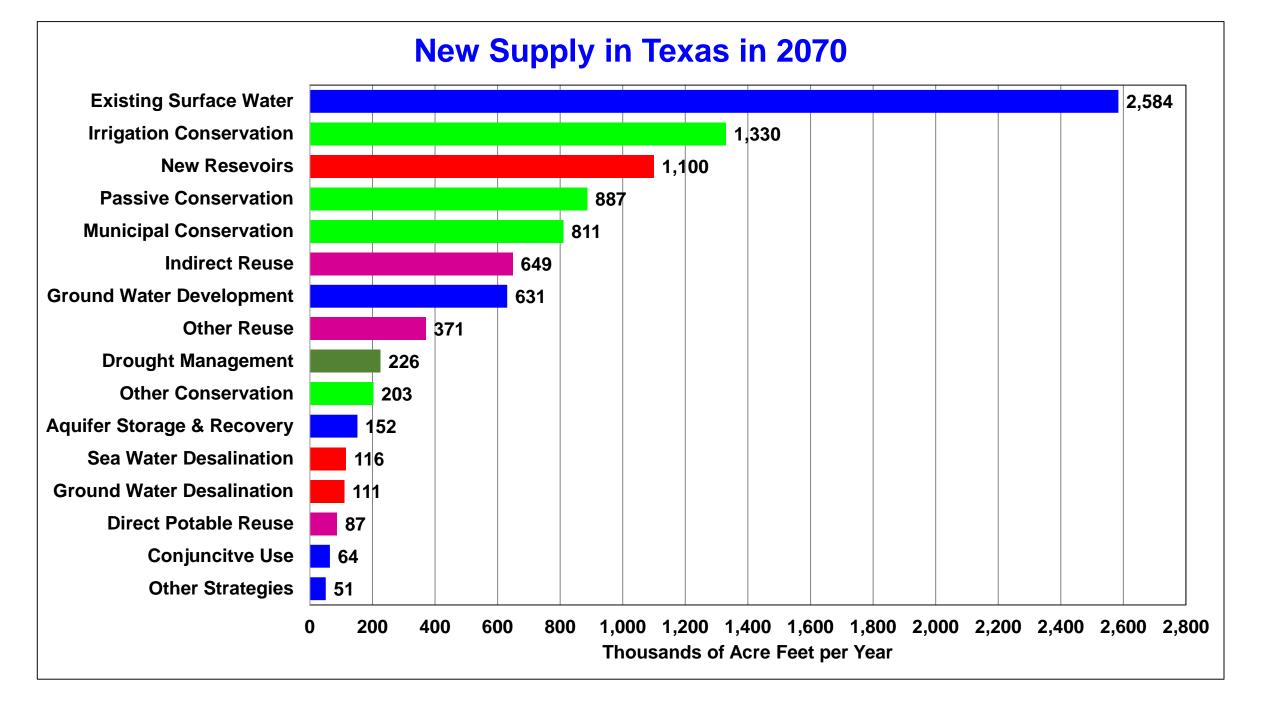


Future Texas Water Use 2017 Texas Water Plan

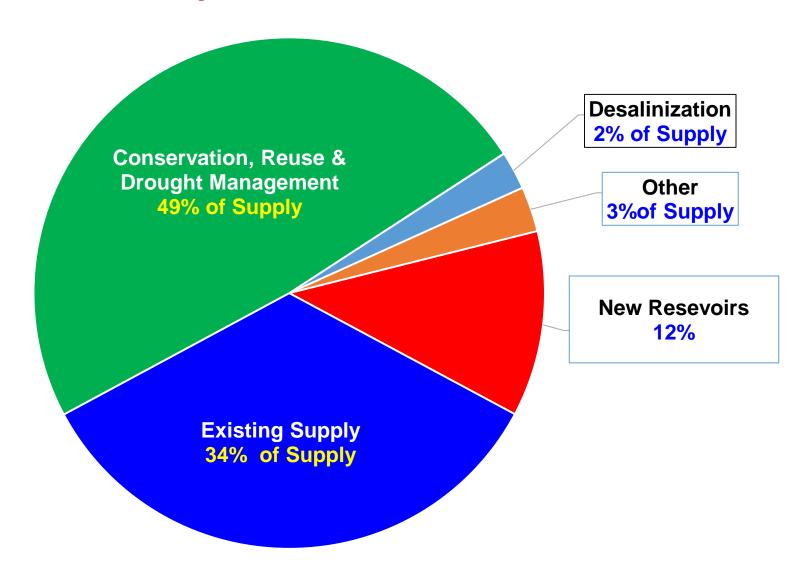


Total Demand, Existing Supply, & Shortfall in Texas



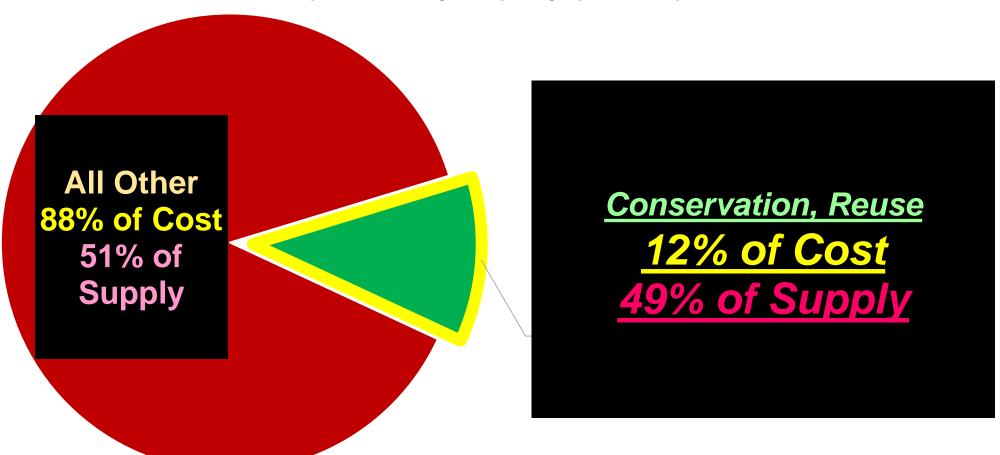


Where Future Water Will Come From And its Capital Cost in Texas in 2070

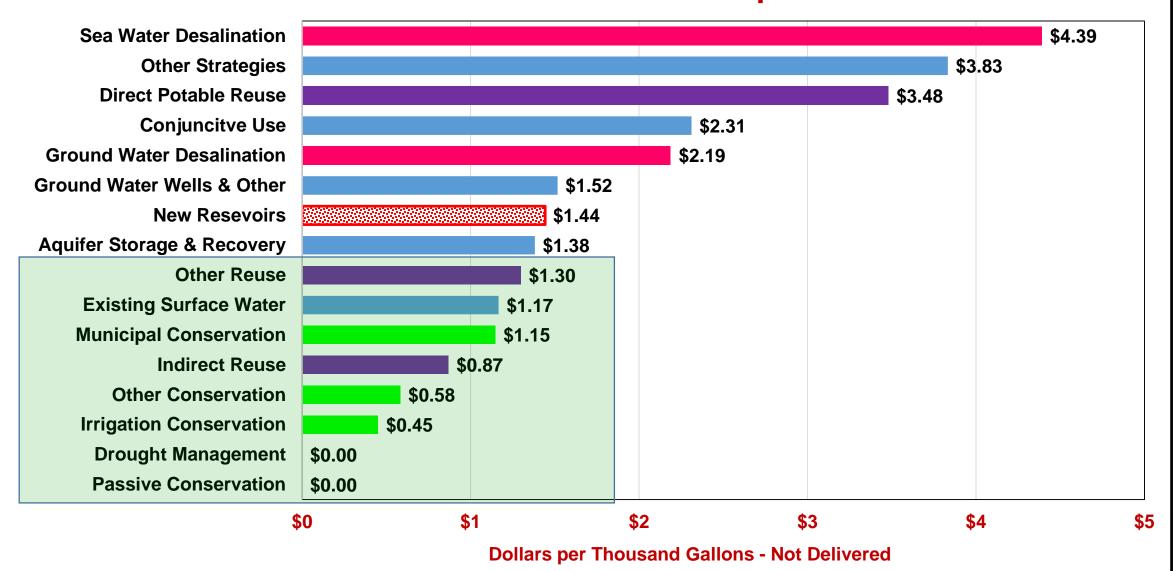


Capital Cost of Future Projects in 2017 Texas Water Plan - \$62.6 Billion

http://www.twdb.texas.gov/waterplanning/swp/2017/index.asp



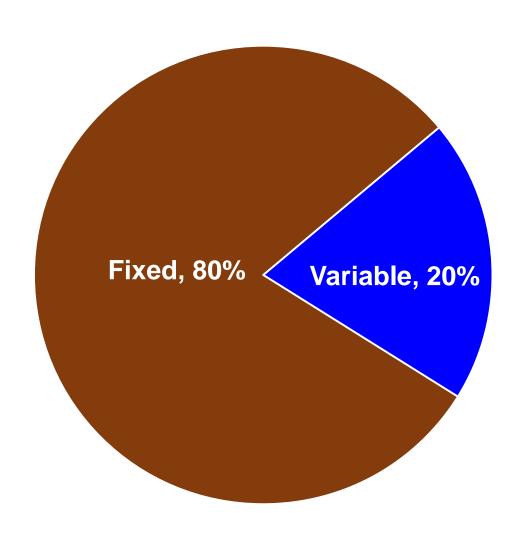




The Cheapest Water You Will Ever Have Is The Water You Already Have!

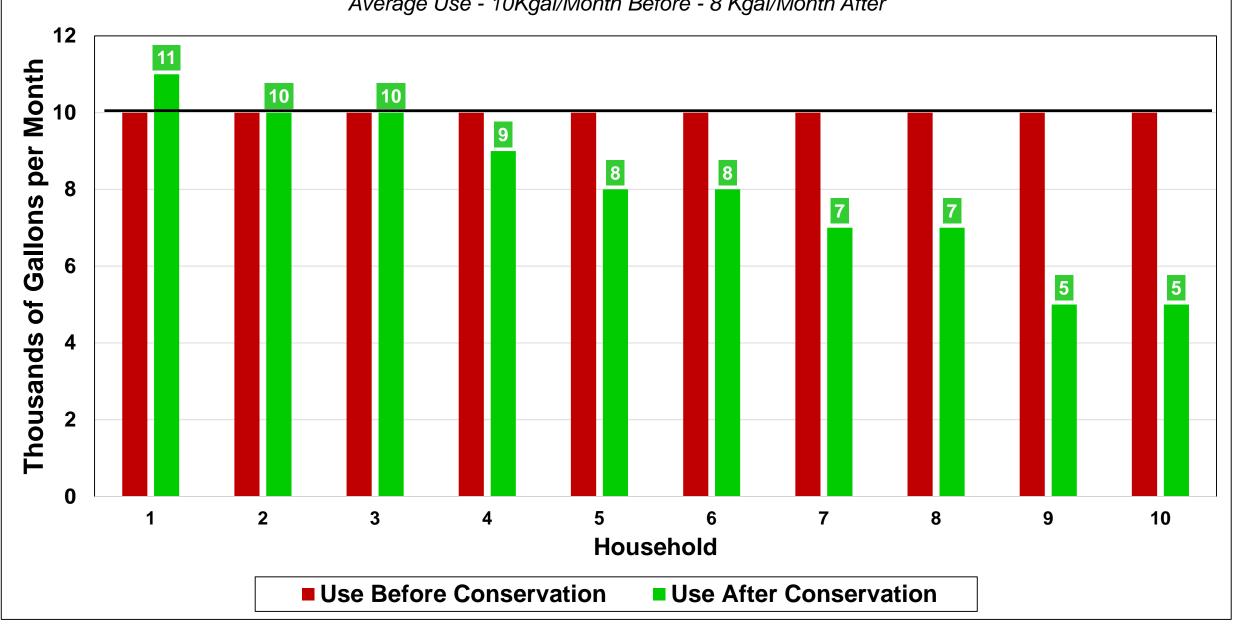
10 Homes in a Hypothetical City

Typical Utility Water/Wastewater Cost Breakdown



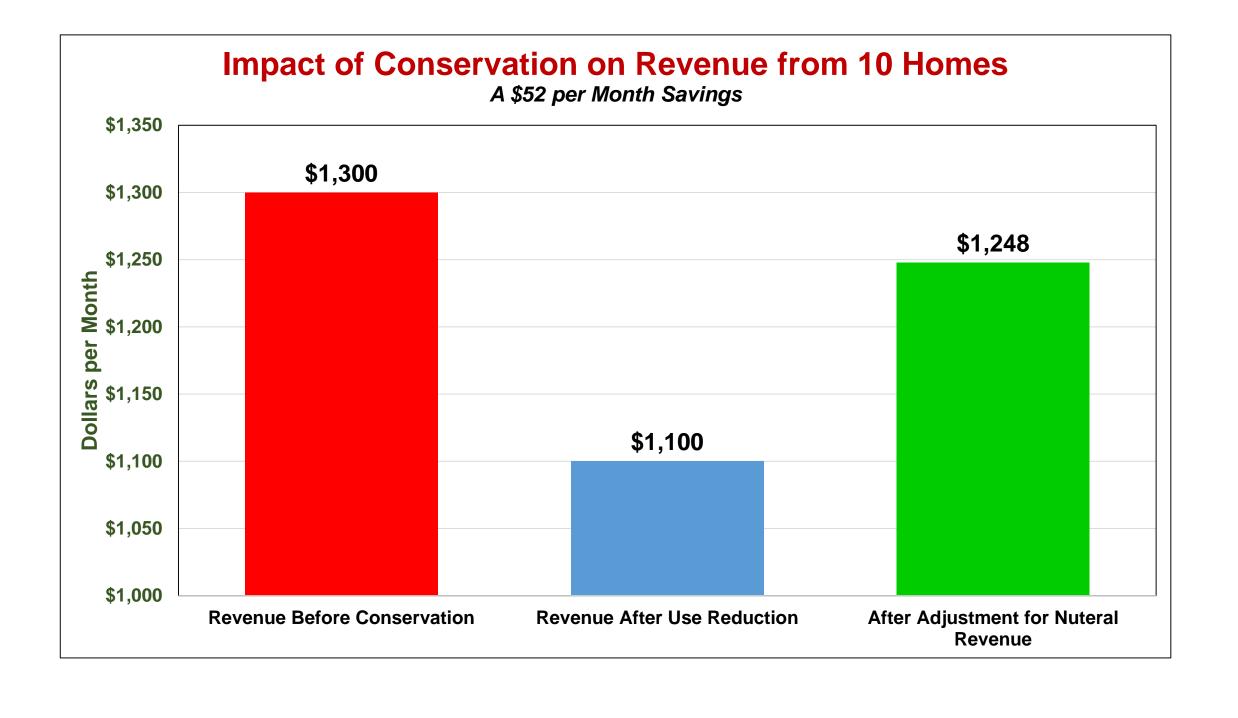
Hypothetical Household Use for 10 Houses

Average Use - 10Kgal/Month Before - 8 Kgal/Month After



Analysis of Costs After Conservation

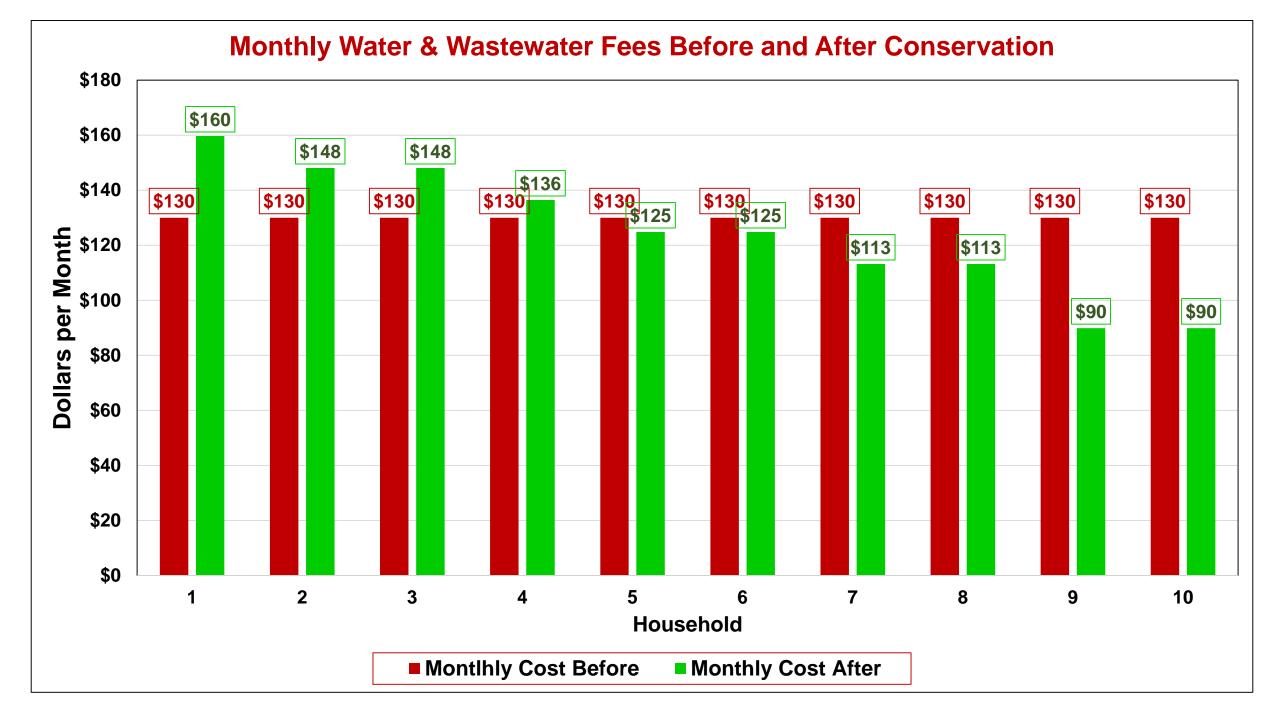
- Of the \$1,300 collected for the 10 homes, 20% is variable cost.
- Therefore variable cost equal \$260 each month.
- The 10 homes reduce total water use to 8,000 gallons a month, down from 10,000 gallons a month, a 20% reduction
- Variable costs are also reduced by 20% or \$52 a month that does not have to be recovered to cover operating and fixed costs.
- This means that the Utility still needs to receive \$1,248 in revenue to cover its costs each month, down from \$1,300.
- The utility must raise rates for the 10 homes by 11.4%



Well, Rates DD have to Go Up!

Current Rate Structure	Use fees per 1,000 Gallons		
Type of Service	Water	Sewer	Total
\$/kgal over 2,000 gallons	\$4.50	\$5.50	\$10.00
Base fees for first 2,000 gallons	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$50.00

New Rate Structure	Use fee	Use fees per 1,000 Gallons			
Type of Service	Water	Sewer	Total		
\$/kgal over 2,000 gallons	\$5.85	\$5.785	\$11.635		
Base fees for first 2,000 gallons	\$27.50	\$27.50	\$55.00		



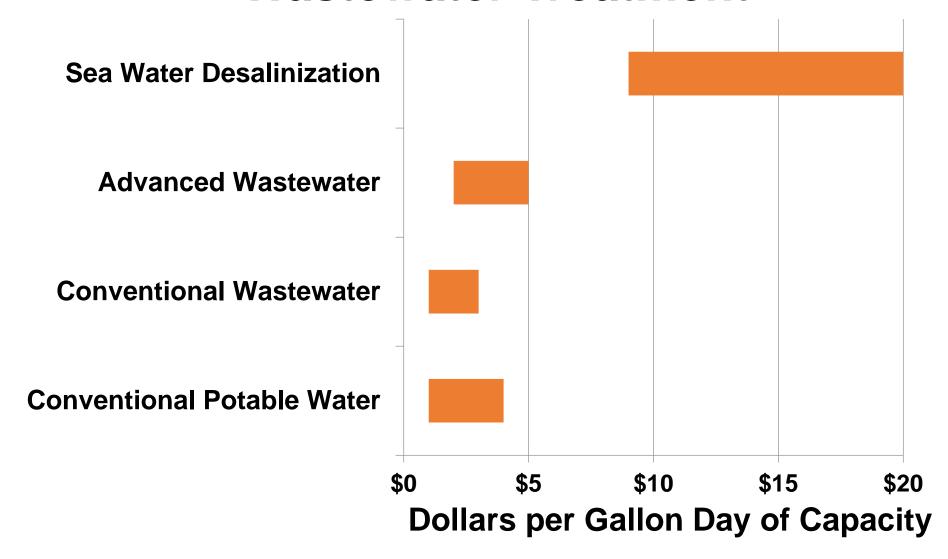
THE BOTTOM LINE:

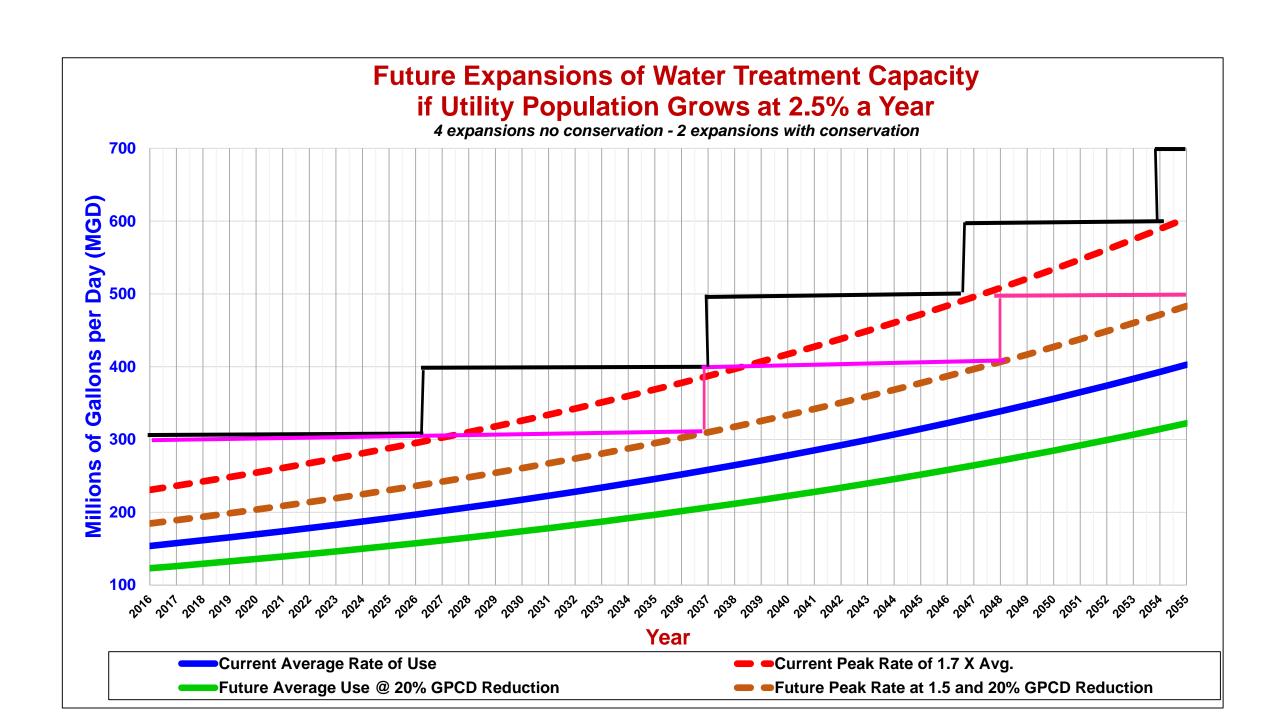
- Those who did not conserve pay more.
- Those who do a good job pay less <u>some way less.</u>
- Total <u>bills</u> are actually <u>reduced</u> even though rates are higher and total revenue demands WENT DOWN!
- AND THE TOTAL CHARGE FOR WATER SERVICE TO THE 10 HOMES WAS <u>REDUCED</u> BY <u>\$52</u> A MONTH!

The Cheapest Water You Will Ever Have Is The Water You Already Have!

Water Treatment Capacity Impacts

Capital Cost of Water and Wastewater Treatment





Example City

Before Conservation

- Now uses 150 MGD
- Population Growth 2.5%/Year
- Peak Factor 1.7
- Peak Day 225 MGD
- In 40 years will expand to 405 MGD
- Peak 604 MGD
- Four plant expansions

With Conservation

- Conservation 20% use reduction
- Peak day down to 1.5
- In 40 years average = 322 MGD
- Peak 483 MGD
- <u>Two</u> plant expansions

That is a \$300 Million to \$800 Million Dollar Capital Savings by not having to build 200 MGD of capacity and expanded supply!

Conservation Delays Future Capital Investment Needs

The Bottom Line!

With Conservation & Reuse

- 1. We get more economic expansion on the same infrastructure;
- 2. Delay when politically sensitive bond elections must be held;
- 3. Reduce future costs;
- 4. Keep rates as low as possible.

The Cheapest Water You Will Ever Have Is The Water You Already Have!



| Conserved - Your Raised | Rates - Yes But You Pay Less!



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