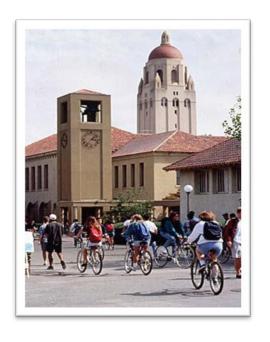
This presentation premiered at WaterSmart Innovations

watersmartinnovations.com



Water Use Report Cards: An Essential Tool for Drought Water Management

WATER SMART INNOVATIONS
CONFERENCE
OCTOBER 8, 2015





Chris Matyas, Maddaus Water Management Jennifer Fitch, Stanford University

Acknowledgments

TEAM WORKING ON DROUGHT RESPONSE AND REPORT CARDS

STANFORD UNIVERSITY

JENNIFER FITCH, JULIA NUSSBAUM, ERICA KUDYBA

MARTY LAPORTE (HAS SINCE RETIRED FROM STANFORD UNIVERSITY)

MADDAUS WATER MANAGEMENT

CHRIS MATYAS, MICHELLE MADDAUS, BILL MADDAUS







Overview

- 1. STANFORD'S WATER SYSTEM & WATER CONSERVATION PROGRAM
- 2. CURRENT DROUGHT IN CALIFORNIA
- 3. DEVELOPMENT OF REPORT CARD ANALYSIS
- 4. REPORT CARD AUTOMATION
- 5. SUMMARY AND RESULTS
- 6. QUESTIONS



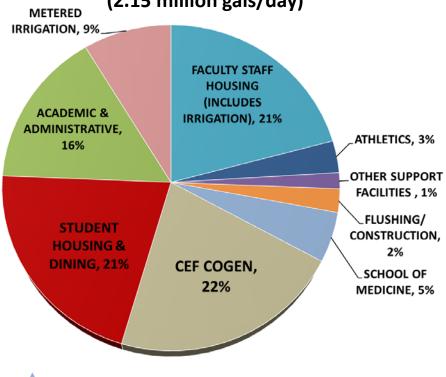
Stanford University Campus, California



Potable and Non-Potable Water Consumption by Campus Groups

✓ Potable Water: SFPUC, allocation is 3.033 MGD

Stanford University
Potable Water Consumption FY2013
(2.15 million gals/day)



MADDAUS WATER MANAGEMENT INC.

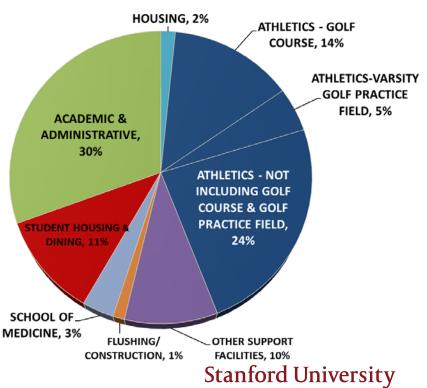
✓ NON POTABLE WATER:

MOSTLY USED FOR CAMPUS

IRRIGATION

Stanford University Non-Potable Water Consumption FY2013

(1.23 million gals/day)



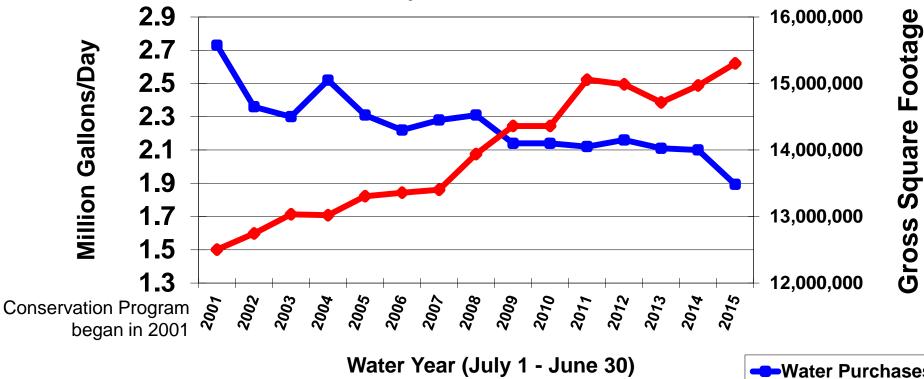
Water Conservation Program at Stanford

20+ Different Measures: 2001-2015

Device	Number
Toilets, Showers, Faucets, Urinals	13,000+
Clothes Washers	582
Spray Valves	74
Steam Sterilizers – added water misers (used for research equipment sterilization)	66
Various Projects: Vacuum Pump Replacement, Energy Facility Blowdown Reuse, Once Through Cooling Retrofits	Numerous
Landscape – Retrofits to Efficient landscape, ET Controllers, Faculty / Staff Home Landscape Audits, Demonstration Garden	Numerous

Conservation is Working! Water Use Decreasing as Campus Sq. Ft. Increasing

Stanford University Domestic Water Use 2001-2015

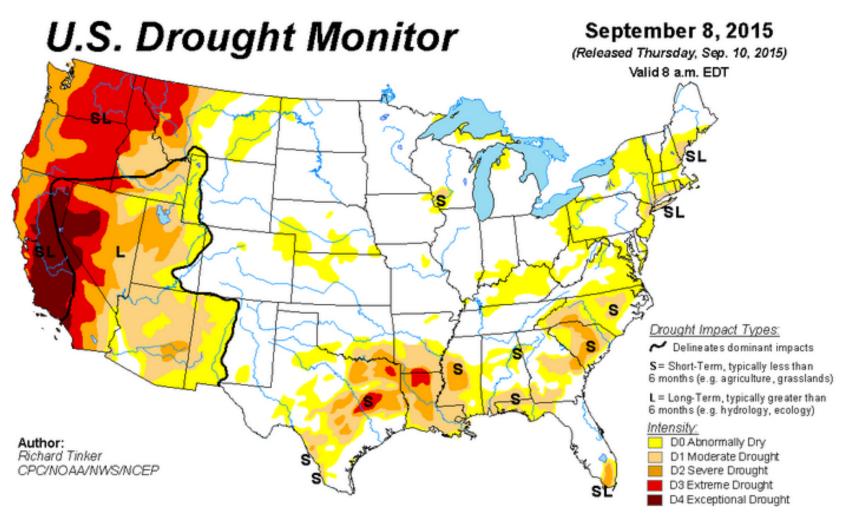


2001: 2.7 mgd

2015: 1.89 mgd

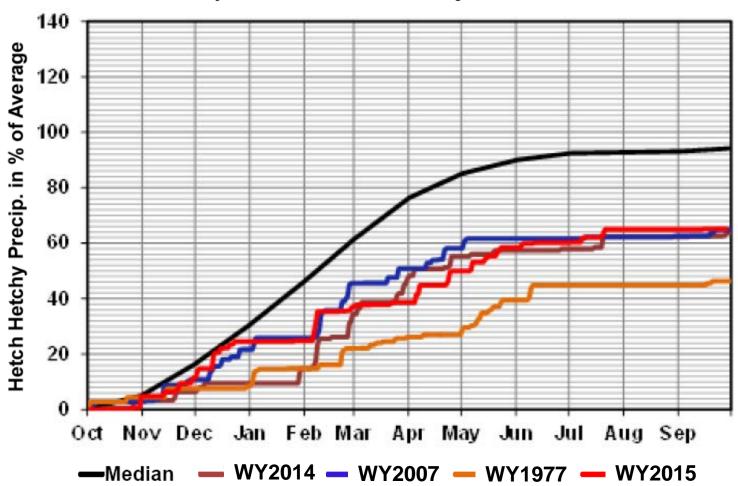


California Drought



California Drought

Precipitation at Hetch Hetchy - Water Year 2015



Report Card Development

- VARIOUS DIFFERENT TYPES OF WATER USERS ON CAMPUS MANAGED BY DIFFERENT GROUPS
 - Academic/Institutional buildings
 - Landscape irrigation
 - Student housing and dining
 - Single-family housing
 - School of Medicine
 - Athletic Facilities
- STAFF WHO MANAGED THE SITES WERE OFTEN NOT THE SAME AS THOSE WHO PAYED THE BILLS
 - Site managers did not have access to consistent, ongoing water use data





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Report Card Development Cont.

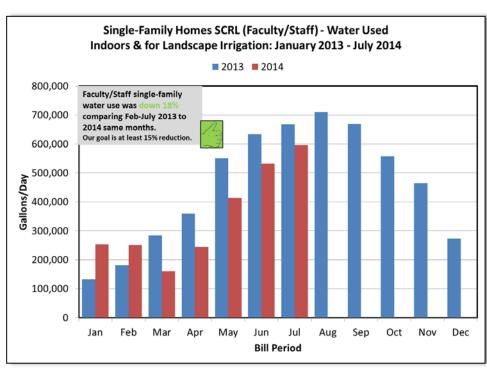






- TO ADDRESS THE INFORMATION GAP, STANFORD WATER EFFICIENCY GROUP DEVELOPED REPORT CARDS THAT WERE SENT TO THE MAJOR GROUPS ON CAMPUS
 - Visual graph for quick overview
 - Thumbs up/down performance review, evaluated vs. campus goals/mandates

THE REPORT CARDS BECAME AN AVENUE FOR SITE MANAGERS TO TRACK THEIR WATER USE AND COMPARE TO PREVIOUS YEARS USAGE



Goals of the Report Card Generator

Water Use Information

- Multiple groups managing campus buildings & landscape
- Different management styles and levels of water efficiency
- Need methods and tools to get water use data/information out
- Manual Report Cards are time consuming & can contain errors from working with large data sets

Goals

- Provide accurate, reliable water use data
- Provide routine and actionable feedback about water use
- Establish clear reduction goals and a way to measure success

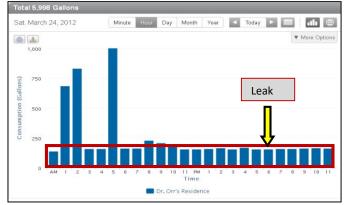
Report Card Reception

- SITE MANAGERS WERE ABLE TO:
 - View water use data on a regular basis
 - See overall trends and identify problem meters
 - Enhance site management



FEEDBACK:

- Managers found this tool useful but wanted less lag time (daily/hourly consumption)
- Some groups wanted more analysis/statistics done
- Some groups did not like the "judgment factor" of thumbs down



Stanford - Maddaus Partnership

 REPORT CARDS WERE USEFUL BUT THE MANUAL PROCESS WAS TIME-CONSUMING AND THERE WAS A LARGE POSSIBILITY FOR ERRORS WHILE ORGANIZING THE DATA



- CHALLENGES:
 - Time consuming
 - Errors/inaccuracies
 - Timely
 - Difficult to track group changes (i.e. account changes)

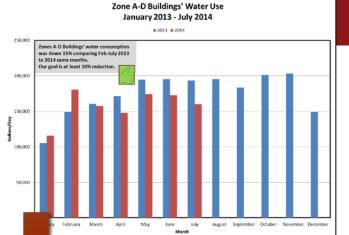


- MADDAUS WATER MANAGEMENT INC. DEVELOPED SOFTWARE TO AUTOMATE AND STREAMLINE THE REPORT CARD PROCESS
 - Faster & more accurate
 - More sophisticated/better display
 - Broke water use out by: Domestic Indoor, Domestic Irrigation, & Lake Water Irrigation
 - Included consumption data for each meter each month
 - Able to drill down into the details & find problem meters

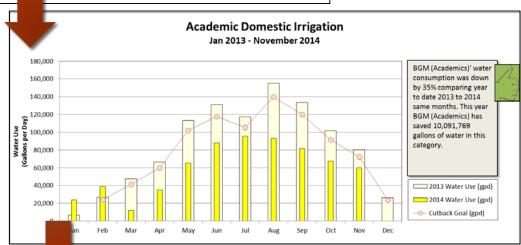


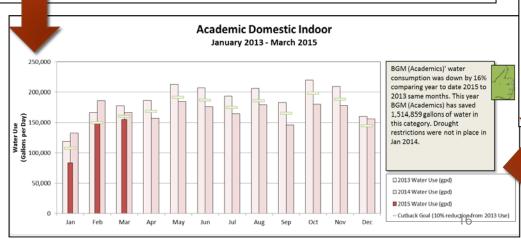
Unintended Benefits

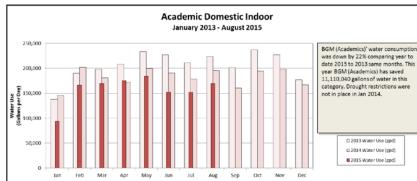
- REPORT CARDS DEVELOPED FOR CONSERVATION BUT WERE USED FOR A VARIETY OF OTHER TASKS:
 - Tracking
 - Realizing water savings from rebate projects
 - Identifying problem meters
 - Determining rate projections/budgeting
 - Quick reference for data lookup or to answer questions

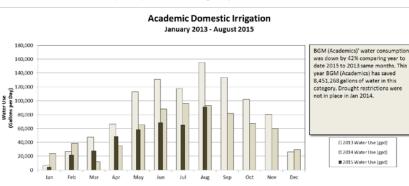


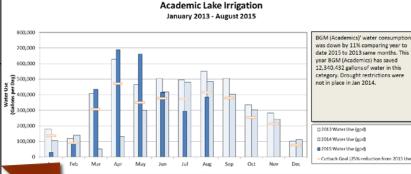
Report Card Evolution











Stanford University

Water Report Cards – Software Engineering Perspective

- SOFTWARE PROCESS
- INSIGHTS

DIFFICULTIES & BENEFITS

 Add class="members" column="4" style="background utilizations of the class of the class

Implementation

STANFORD'S GOALS

- Reduce Person Hours
- Increase Accuracy
- Automatically Account for Changes in Billing Data
- Export to Excel
- Handle Big Data (Or at least Medium Data)
- Increase Delivery Speed
- Design Flexibility



Digging for Requirements

- 1. WHO ARE THE USERS?
- 2. How much data is there?
- 3. How often will the software be used?
- 4. What type of platform do you need?
- 5. What type of output do you need?
- 6. When do you need the software?
- 7. How much do you want to spend?
- 8. How Long is The Payback Period?

"Don't Gather Requirements Dig for them"

The Pragmatic Programmer

Design Choices

WINDOWS DESKTOP APPLICATION

- Small Set of Users
- Rapid Software Development Tools Readily Available
- Leverage Microsoft Office Libraries



SIMPLE FREE DATABASE USED

- SQLite Small, Public Domain, Free and Good for Datasets less than 1GB.
- Separate Database a Requirement due to Billing System Changes

IMPORT AND EXPORT TO EXCEL

- Transparency As a Means of Testing
- Easier to check data and verify software outputs

Features

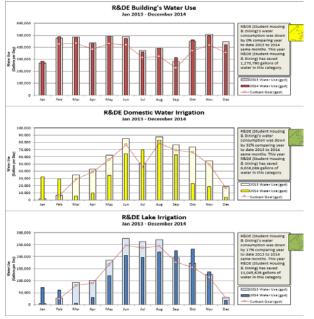
SIMPLE USER INTERFACE AUTOMATED TESTING

- Test Early, Test Often, Test Automatically
- Code and Data

FLEXIBLE ARCHITECTURE

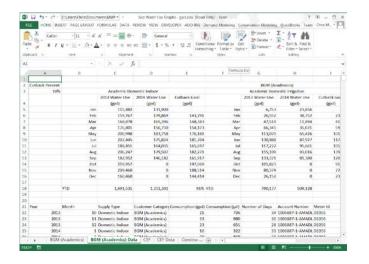
- There are No Final Decisions
- New Ideas Come Along Regularly

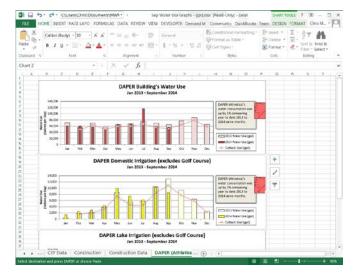




Accuracy

- GRAPHS SIMPLE ERROR
 CHECKING
- REDUCE MANUAL MISTAKES.
 - Almost anything a person can do in Excel can be done via code
 - Key is to make software take over repetitive tasks
- AUTOMATED TESTING
 - Import Software Data Tests
 - Export Software Data Tests





Why Software Was the Correct Solution

REDUCED PERSON HOURS

GENERATING ONE MONTH'S REPORTS:

Manual Process	Software Generator
~40-60 hours / month	~4-6 hours

INITIAL INVESTMENT

Time To Develop Initial Version of the Software

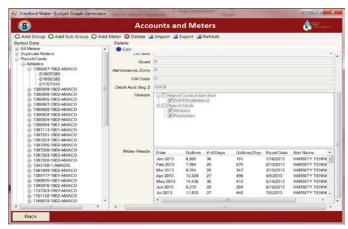
~70 hours

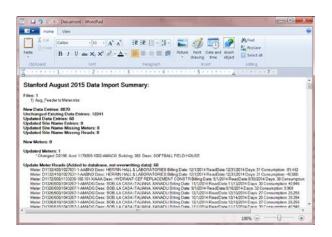
PAYBACK WAS ALMOST IMMEDIATE



Difficulties & Unexpected Benefits

- DIFFICULTIES
 - BILLING SYSTEM CHANGES
 - Excel File Size Limits and Speed Limitations
 - Data Consistency
 - Construction Projects
- UNEXPECTED BENEFITS
 - IMPROVEMENT TO PROCESS
 - Springboard for other Projects
 - Leverage Organized Data





Summary and Results



Water Report Cards:

- Developed out of a need to communicate with building & landscape managers
- Gave site managers actionable information
- Encouraged and received site manager involvement

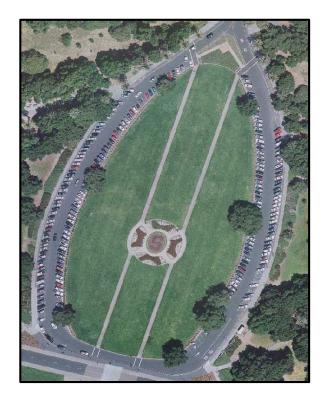
2. Automating the Process:

- Drastically decrease person hours to produce
- Increased accuracy and consistency with automated testing
- Flexible for future improvements
- Increased Delivery Speed
- Leading to other unexpected benefits

Questions?

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Stanford's Water Efficiency Website: http://lbre.stanford.edu/sem/Water_Efficiency