This presentation premiered at WaterSmart Innovations

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Can Smart Meters be Used To Encourage Water Conservation?

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TEXAS A&M GRILIFE RESEARCH EXTENSION





PROJECTED WATER DEMAND AND EXISTING SUPPLIES (ACRE-FEET PER YEAR)

Demand

Supply

25,000,000

20,000,000

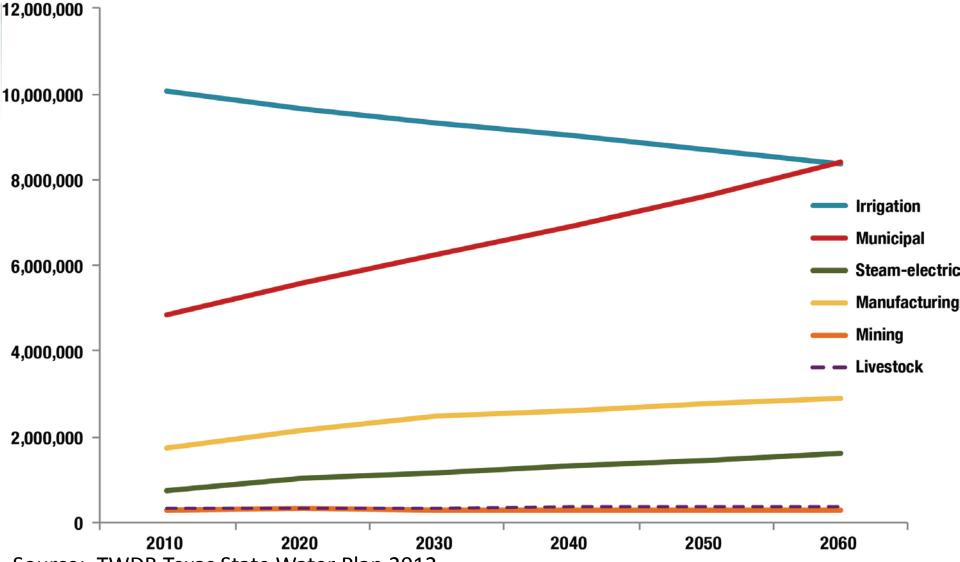
15,000,000

10,000,000

5,000,000

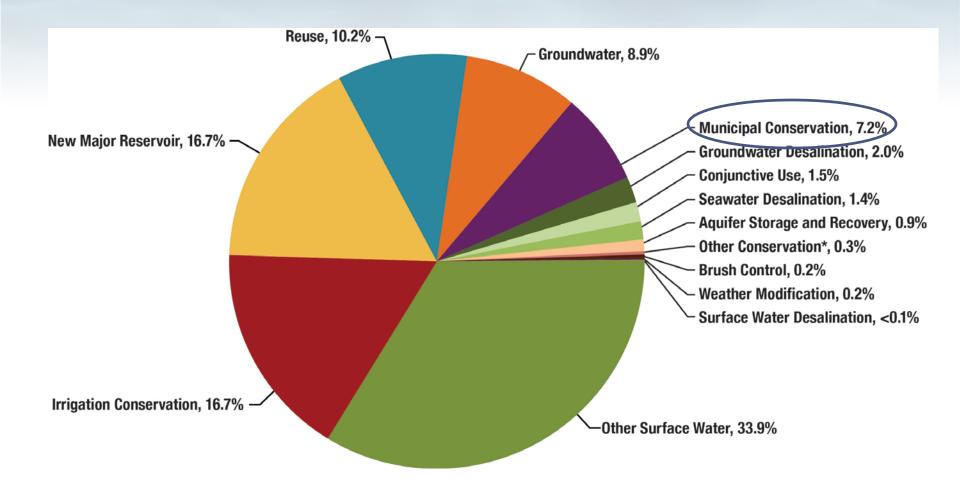
2010 2020 2030 2040 2050 2060 Source: TWDB Texas State Water Plan 2012 2030 2040 2050 2060

Texas Water Demand Projections (acreft per year)



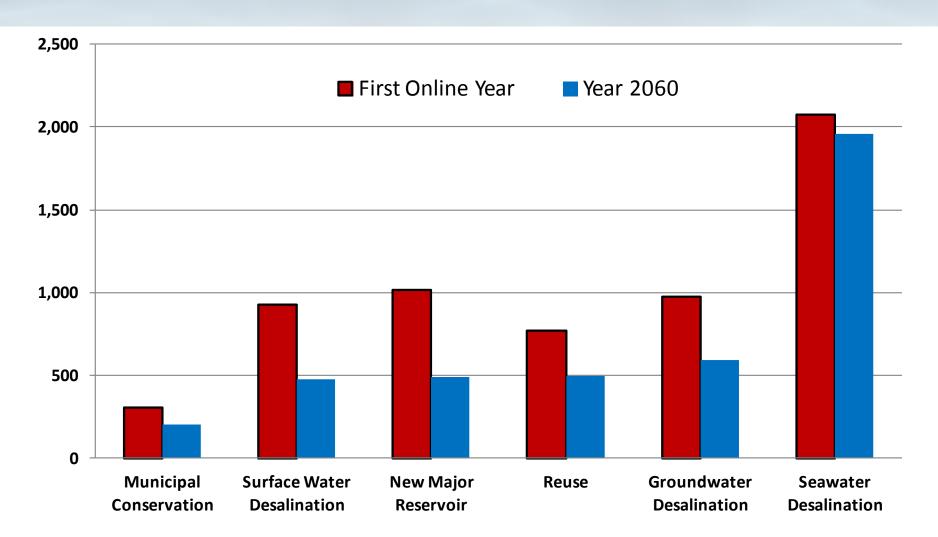
Source: TWDB Texas State Water Plan 2012

Recommended Water Management Strategies



Source: TWDB Texas State Water Plan 2012

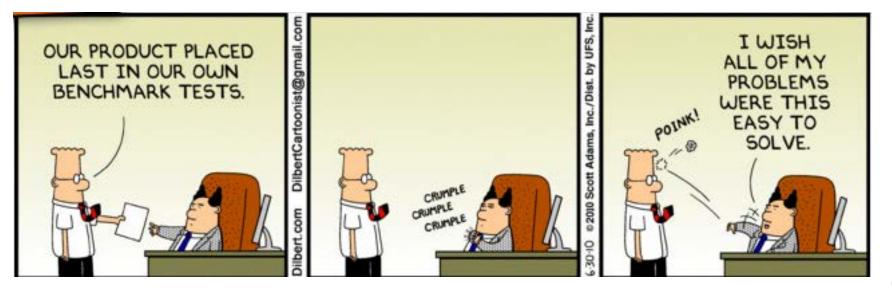
Annual average unit costs by strategy (dollars per acre-foot)



Source: TWDB Texas State Water Plan 2012

Municipal Conservation Concerns

- Conservation before Revenue
 - Need to maintain water supplies
- Revenue before Conservation
 - Need to sell water to maintain revenue



Benefits to Municipal Conservation

- Less need to search for new sources of water
- Can delay expensive infrastructure projects
- Reduce the treatment (water and wastewater) and conveyance costs
- Reduced energy usage
- Addressing community values and expectations of managing natural resources
- Increased supply reliability
- Improved perception that utility is taking all steps necessary
- Demonstrating water-use efficiency to regulatory agencies Source: Water Conservation for Small and Medium Sized Municipalities: Green, 2010

Drawbacks to Municipal Conservation

- Reduced revenues
 - When revising future rates, account for lost revenue through conservation
- Could threaten "use it or lose it" water rights
- Conservation (e.g. rebate) programs can be expensive
- Low flows can cause maintenance problems at WWTF from decreased flow

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Ongoing Municipal Conservation

- Inclining Conservation Water Rates
- Customer Education (bill inserts, social media, public presentations, free landscape classes, make a rain barrel class, demonstration gardens at city facilities, Water Wise school program, shared regional Lawn Whisperer campaign, Reverse Litter campaign)
- Rebates (Residential Toilet Distribution Program/Showerhead Exchange Program, Smart Yard Irrigation Rebates)
- Irrigation Rules (Year round 10am to 6pm spray irrigation restriction, rain/freeze sensor requirement for commercial properties, adopted above minimum state irrigation system rules)
- Drought Contingency Measures (education, enforcement)
- Automatic Metering Infrastructure (aka smart meters)

Using Available Technology for Conservation - AMI

<u>Provider</u>

- Reduced meter reading costs
- Detect and reduce customer leaks
- Reducing/eliminating bill adjustments
- Reduce water theft
- Detect meter tampering
- Improve billing efficiency
- Improved meter accuracy
- Used administratively to see demands across city
- Customer service

<u>Residential</u>

- Know how much water is being used
- Set goals to reduce
- See changes over time
- Compare usage with others based on similar characteristics
- Lower water bills
- Identifying leaks

Current Project

- Funding State of Texas to Texas A&M AgriLife
- Project Duration two years, ends August 2015
- Team members:
 - Texas A&M University
 - City of Round Rock
 - City of Georgetown
 - City of Arlington

Current Project

- Research question:
 - Can providing user feedback encourage water conservation
- Web portal with existing/upcoming features
 - Daily/weekly emails
 - High usage alters
 - Leak alerts

Development Challenges

- Proprietary vendor software
- Up front database setup
 - Important to get all fields
 - Data off by hour (daylight savings time)
 - "Read date" of meter for each "bill date"
 - Missing data
 - Calculate cost for each reading during the daily import so backfilling is difficult
 - Causes confusion for users
- Upload/download times being synchronized

Sign-In Page

HOME FAQ SUPPORT

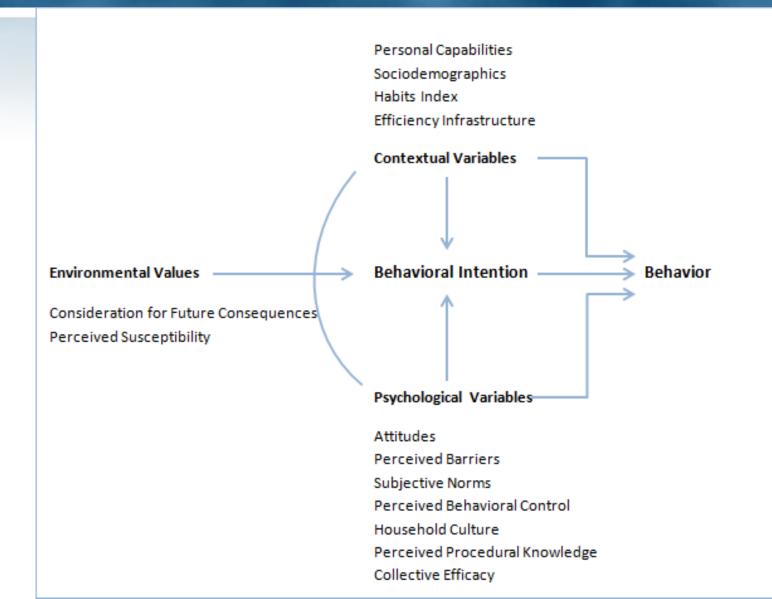
Register Sign in

Monitoring your water consumption just got easier.

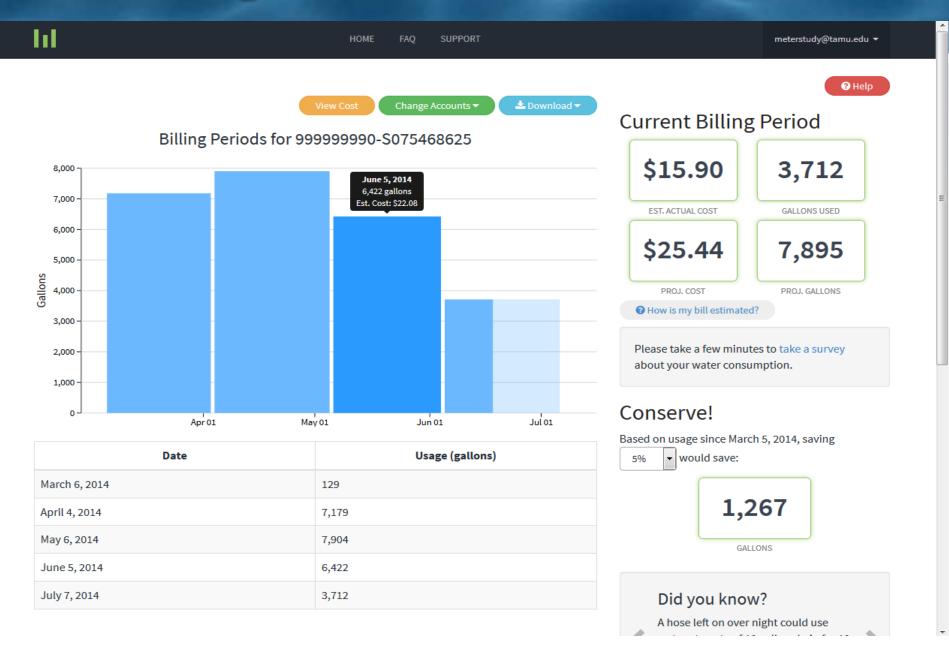
The City of Arlington and Texas A&M have partnered to provide Arlington residents with a new tool to increase awareness about their water usage.

Create your account	
Email	
Confirm Email	
Password	
Confirm Password	
Account Number (xx-xxxx.xxx)	
Street Address Number (e.g. 2813)	
Sign Up	
By signing up, you agree to be a participant in the Texas A&M survey. Learn More	

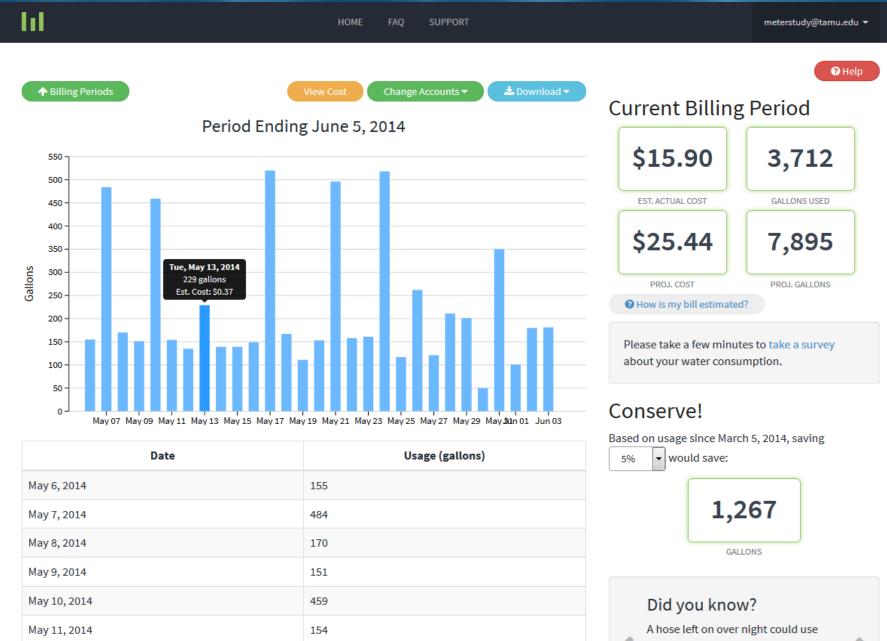
Survey Theoretical Framework



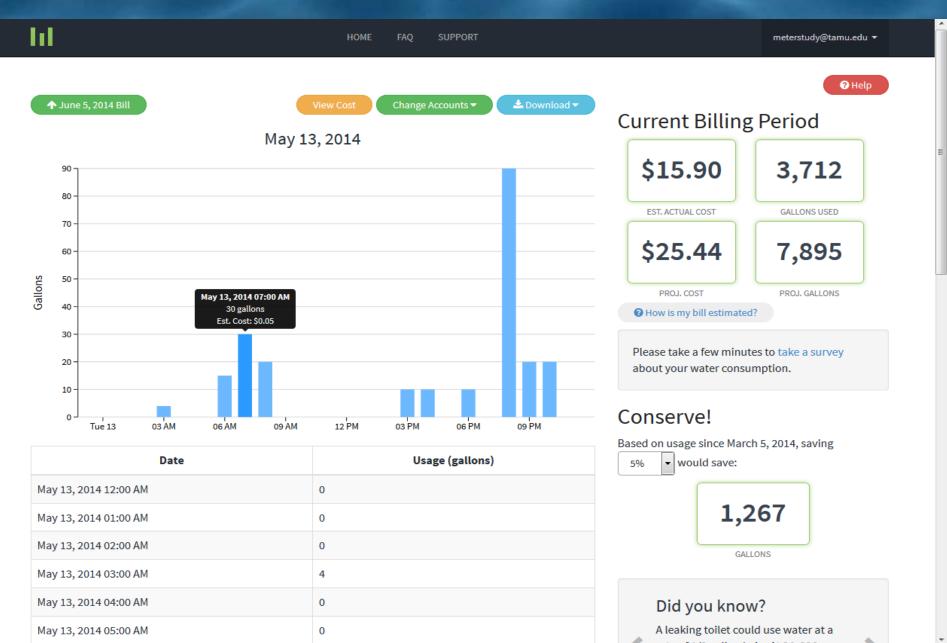
Billing Period – Home Screen



Daily Usage



Hourly Usage



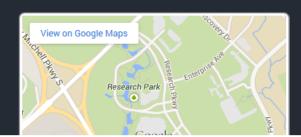
My Profile

HOME F#	ĀQ	SUPPORT	meterstudy@tamu.edu 🔻
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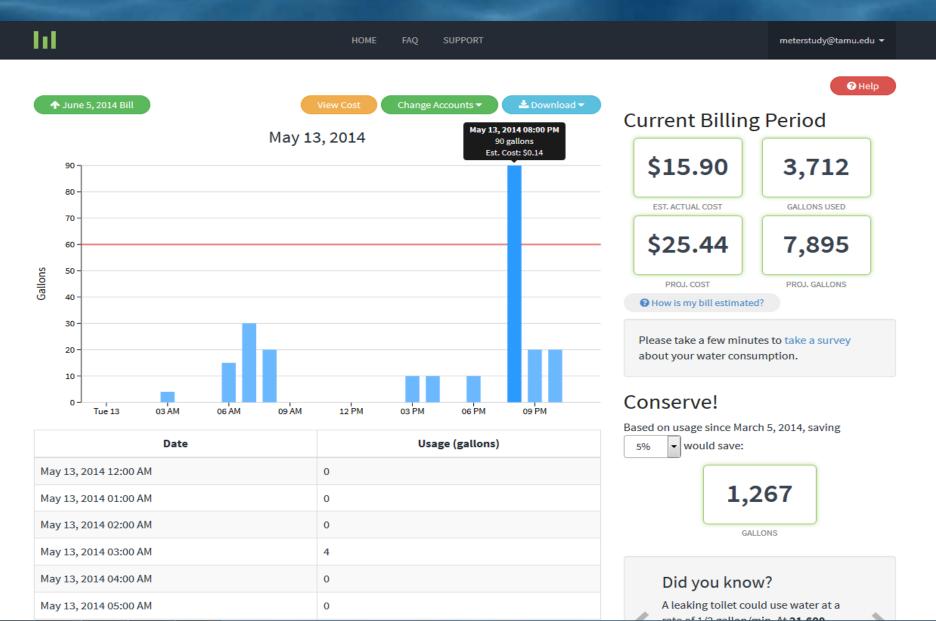
Profile			Accounts		
Monthly Limit (gallons) 😮			Account ID	Address	Delete
Daily Limit (gallons) 😯	60		999999990-S075468625	6810 WATERING DAYS	* Delete
Notification Frequency		•	999999991-S073657270	1408 WATERING DAYS	X Delete
		Save	999999996-S074042359	2009 MARCH 27 HIGH	× Delete
		Jave	999999997-S073655121	1000 PRICING TIER	× Delete
Change Password Password:]	999999998-S073654963	1000 HIGH USAGE	× Delete
			999999999-S073290765	705 BILL SPIKE	X Delete
New Password:			999999988-S073652994	3400 MULTIPLE METER 2	* Delete
Confirm New Password:			999999988-S073655445	3400 MULTIPLE METER 1	× Delete
	Change Password	Cancel	999999986-S077025513	715 INCOMPLETE BILLS	× Delete
			999999985-S076799421	620 MODERATE USAGE	× Delete

Add Account

Texas Water Resources Institute 1500 Research Parkway A110 2260 TAMU College Station, TX 77843-2260



High Usage Alert



Current Project

- ~780 current users
 - signed up at various times since 6-18-14
- Identifying differences in treatment and control groups
- Identifying differences in usage amongst participants
 - -N = 142 for July, N = 231 for August
 - Comparison of July, August, and Combined Historical
 Use

Preliminary Results – Treatment vs Control

- Population comparison since Jan 1 p=.001
 - Control M=50,757, SD=111,692
 - Treatment M=70,829, SD=54,758
- Treatment to Control Comparison
 - July 2014 17,873 users
 - 3 random selections of 4,468 Control and 700 Treatment
 - F(3,20,146)=37.35, p=.001 (M of Control=9,440, 9,576, 9,601, M of Treatment=13,645)
 - August 2014 18,784 users
 - 3 random selections from 4,696 Control and 713 Treatment
 - F(3,14,797)=29.22, p=.001 (M of Control=10,616, 10,859, 11,002, M of Treatment = 15,064)

Preliminary Results – Historical Use Comparison

	Total Usage (gallons)	М	SD	t	df	р
July Historic	2,683,019	18,762	17,361			
July Current	1,676,821	11,726	11,726			
Difference	1,006,198			6.18	142	.001
August Historic	3,711,444	15,998	12,693			
August Current	3,172,084	13,673	11,010			
Difference	539,360			5.07	231	.001
July and August Historic	4,944,159	34,575	21,644			
July and August Current	3,618,061	25,301	16,066			
Difference	1,326,098			7.29	142	.001

• 1,326,098 gallons / 143 households = 9,273 gallons per household

Limitations

- Only 2 months of data to date
- Analysis does not control for weather and other variables
- Limited to voluntary usage of web portal
- Confusion of participants between usage portal and billing portal
- Challenges obtaining formatted data
- Only 2 years total for project

Next Steps

- Continue data collection, analyze water and survey results
- Begin publishing results
- Continue expanding research with interested water providers
- Produce Extension Guidebooks
 - Adopting AMI
 - Developing Conservation Programs
- Host AMI workshops across Texas
- Develop Administrative Dashboard

Questions?

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