#### This presentation premiered at WaterSmart Innovations

watersmartinnovations.com



# Strategic Planning for Groundwater Recharge Using Stormwater

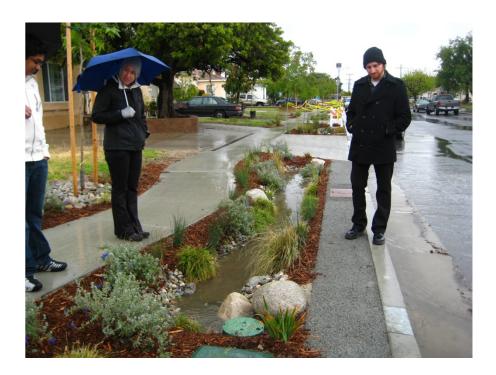
#### **Mike Antos**

mike@watershedhealth.org 213-229-9945 www.linkedin.com/in/mantos



Watersmart Innovations 2013 - October 3, 2013





The region's hub for watershed research and analysis

- Working at the intersection of research and policy
- Driving applied research to improve policy and practice
- Connecting diverse perspectives to address timely issues



#### A Vision for 2025: Sustainable Southern California

Managing at the watershed scale for economic vitality, social and environmental health

- Clean waters
- Reliable local water supplies
- Restored native habitats
- Ample parks & open spaces
- Integrated flood protection
- Revitalized rivers & communities

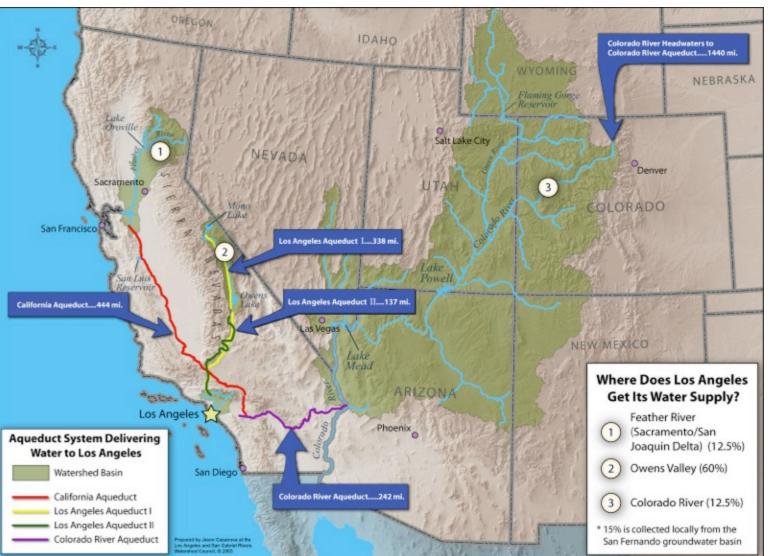






#### What we know:

- Our water comes from:
  - Sierra Nevada Mountains
  - Colorado River Watershed
  - Groundwater
- Stress on these systems
  - Changes in management
  - Changes in climate





#### What we know:

- Urban stormwater runoff is:
  - An underutilized resource
  - A cause of pollution in waterways and the ocean
- Dealing with this can:
  - Provide a locally-controlled resource
  - Enhance our neighborhoods, recreational spaces, habitats
  - Create jobs
  - Speed the economy





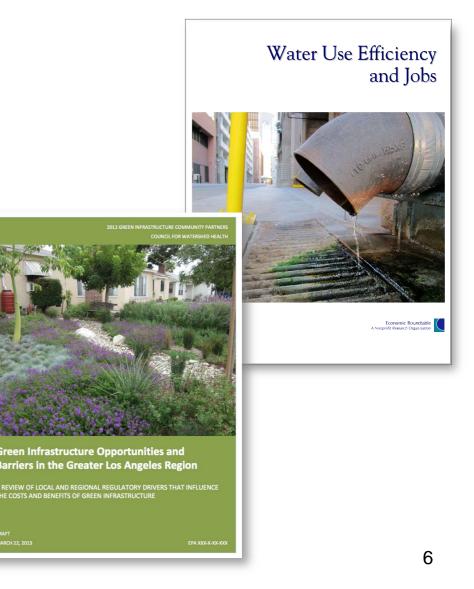




#### How we know:

- The Los Angeles Basin Water Augmentation Study
  - The Elmer Avenue Projects
  - West Coast & Central Basin
    Stormwater Recharge Feasibility
    Study
  - Green Infrastructure Opportunities and Barriers in the Greater Los Angeles Region
- Water Use Efficiency & Jobs 2011
  Report from the Economic Roundtable







#### The Los Angeles Basin Water Augmentation Study

- Initiated in 2000
  - Led by CWH (then LASGRWC)
  - Multi-partner funding
  - Technical Advisory Committee



# Can we safely and effectively infiltrate urban stormwater to augment our groundwater?



#### WAS Partners and Funding



- City of Los Angeles Department of Water & Power
- City of Los Angeles Watershed Protection Division
- City of Santa Monica Environmental Programs
- County of Los Angeles Department of Public Works
- California Department of Water Resources
- Metropolitan Water District of Southern California
- Regional Water Quality Control Board, LA Region
- TreePeople
- University of California, Riverside
- Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior
- Water Replenishment District of Southern California
- State grants: Prop 13 SWRCB, CalFed, Prop 50 DWR

















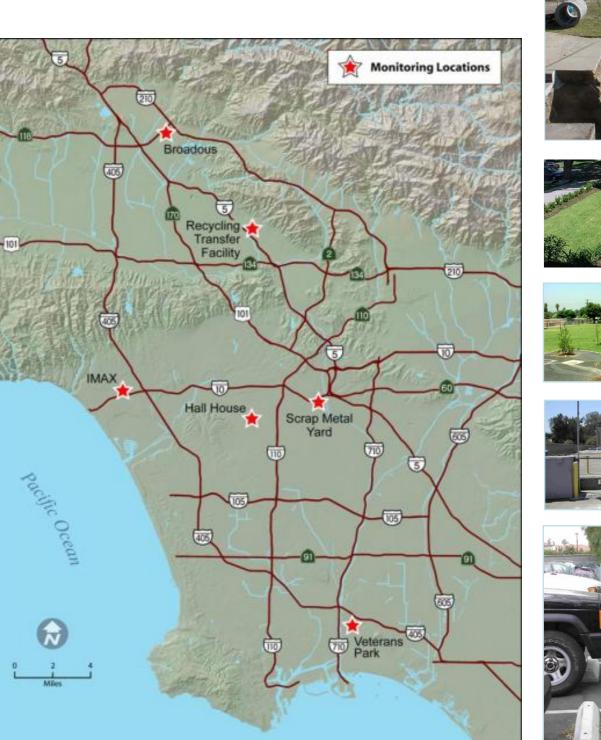






#### Monitoring Program

- It is safe to infiltrate urban stormwater to increase groundwater supplies
- Pollutants generally occur at low concentrations or are "non-detect" in stormwater runoff
- No clear evidence linking stormwater quality to groundwater quality at any of the monitored locations
- No evidence of metals accumulation in postproject soil samples

















#### Elmer Avenue Neighborhood Retrofit Demonstration Project



#### Elmer Avenue: Elmer Paseo Stormwater Improvements



#### ELMER PASEO STORMWATER IMPROVEMENTS



Council for Watershed Health



Another Urban Greening project funded by Proposition 84 to Improve the Sustainability and Livability of California's Communities

EDMUND G. BROWN, JR., GOVERNOR Strategic Growth Council

#### ADDITIONAL PROJECT FUNDING PROVIDED BY



Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy





Los Angeles Proposition O, Clean Water Bond ANTONIO R. VILLARAIGOSA TONY CÁRDENAS MAYOR, City of Los Angeles COUNCILMEMBER, 6th District

> ANDREA ALARCÓN PRESIDENT, Los Angeles Board of Public Works

For questions, please call the Council for Watershed Health at (213) 229-9945 or visit www.watershedhealth.c



# Central and West Coast Basins Regional & Distributed Stormwater Recharge Feasibility Study





Geosyntec<sup>D</sup> consultants



## Main Objectives:

- Develop a prioritized list of locations for stormwater capture and recharge.
- Develop a model pilot project to assess recharge contribution

# Key Question:

 Can distributed stormwater infiltration be implemented cost-effectively for recharge purposes?

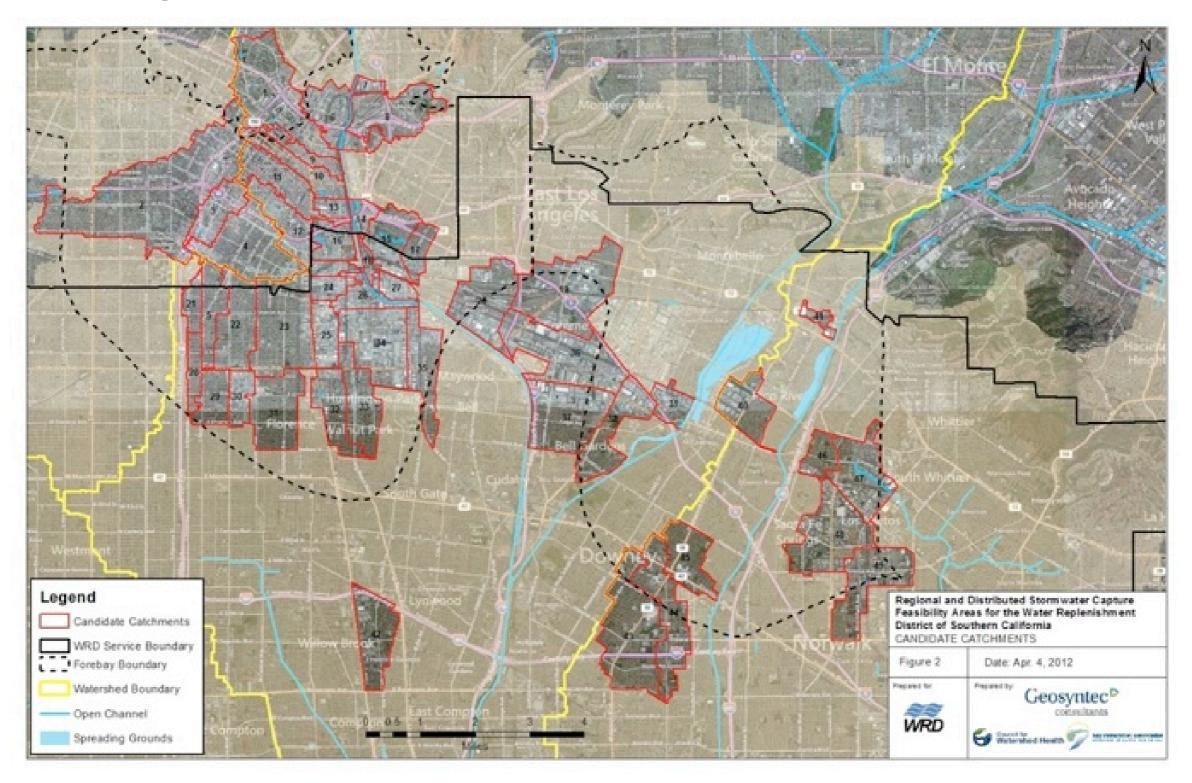








#### Findings: 49 Candidate Catchments



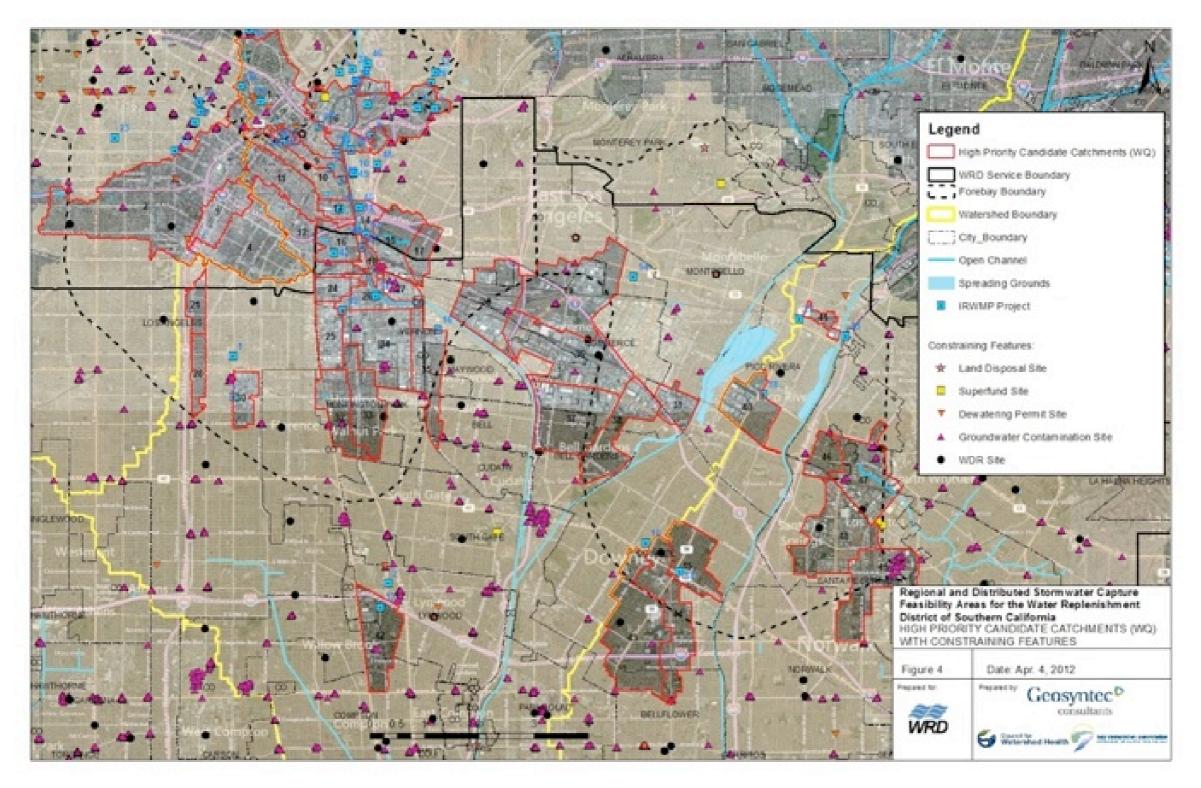








## Findings: Constraints Analysis



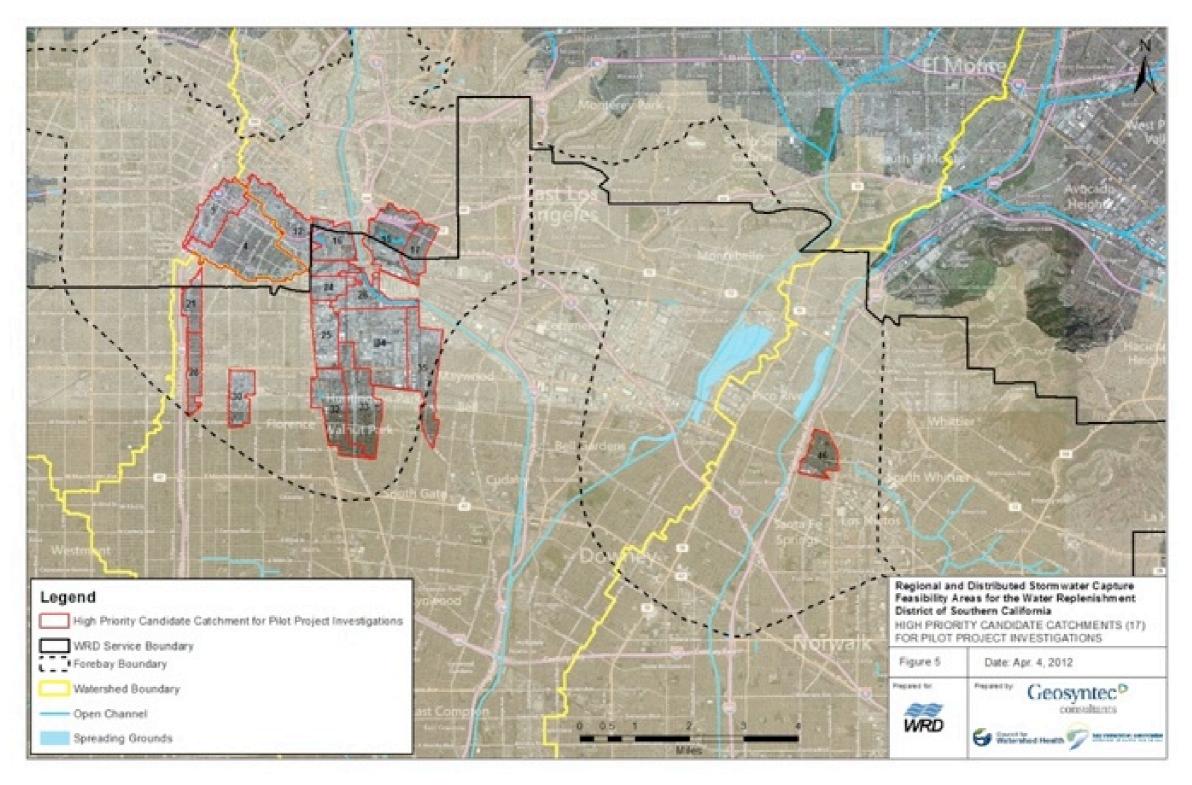








## Findings: 17 High-Priority Catchments



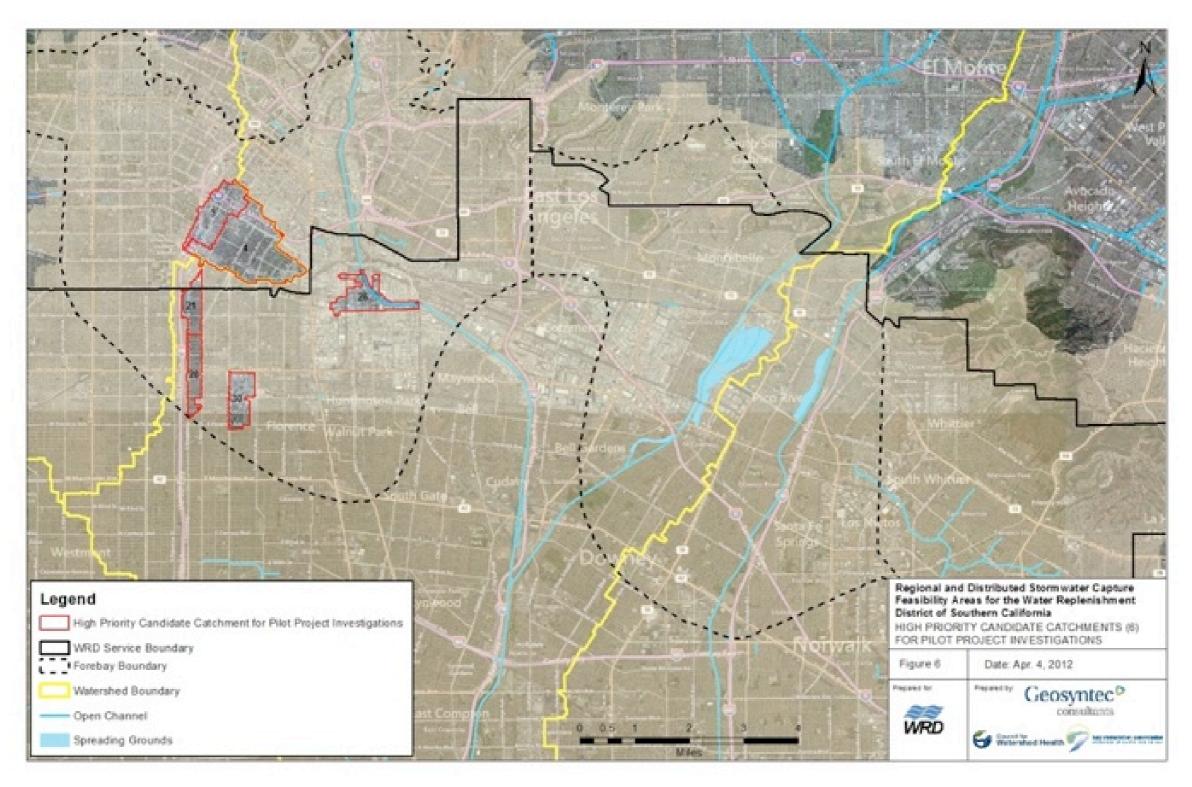








#### Findings: Pilot Project Candidates



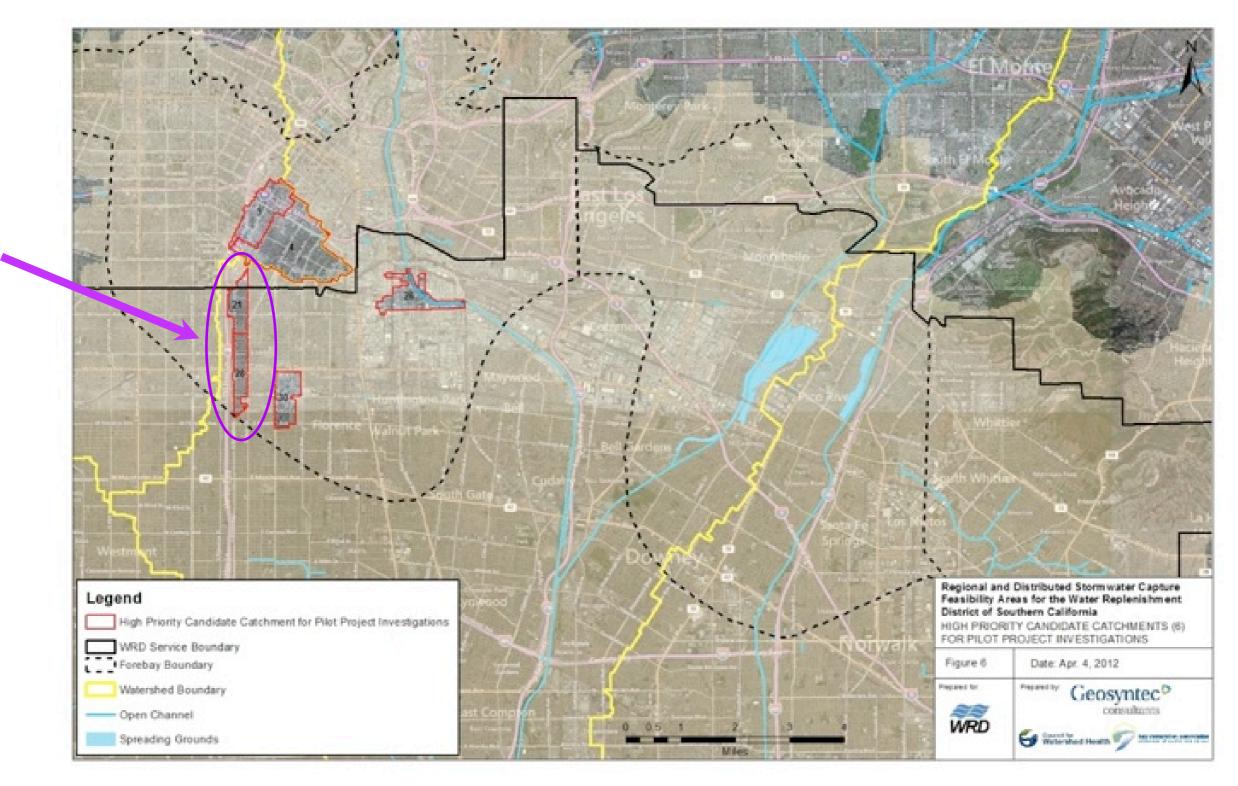








## Findings: Choosing a pilot location











## Findings: Pilot Project Concept









Geosyntec<sup>D</sup> consultants



# Design Criteria

- Four BMP Locations
  - Residential Property (capture 3/4" storms)
  - Residential Streets
    (capture 3/4" storms)
  - -Commercial Street (capture 3/4" storms)
  - Subregional Infiltration (capture 2" storms)











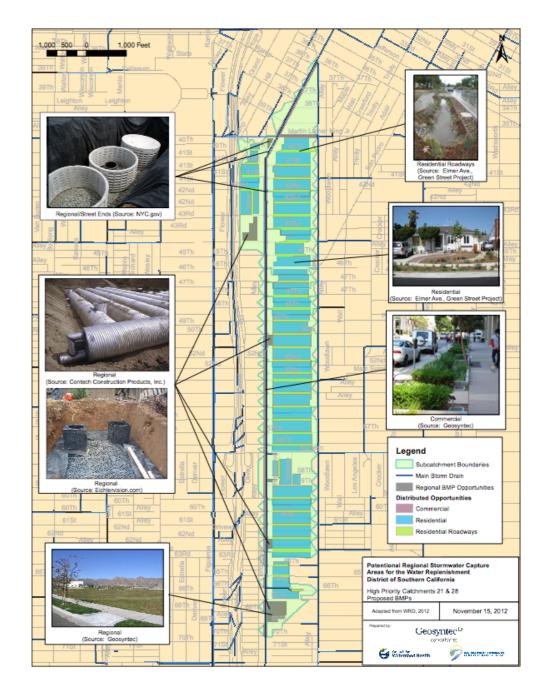






# A theory of Phased Implementation

- Design reflects catchment-wide system of component green infrastructure elements
- Single elements can be implemented alone without fear of degradation
- System tuned to theoretical fullimplementation
- Implementation can be opportunistic
- Full-implementation realizes peak efficiency of all included elements

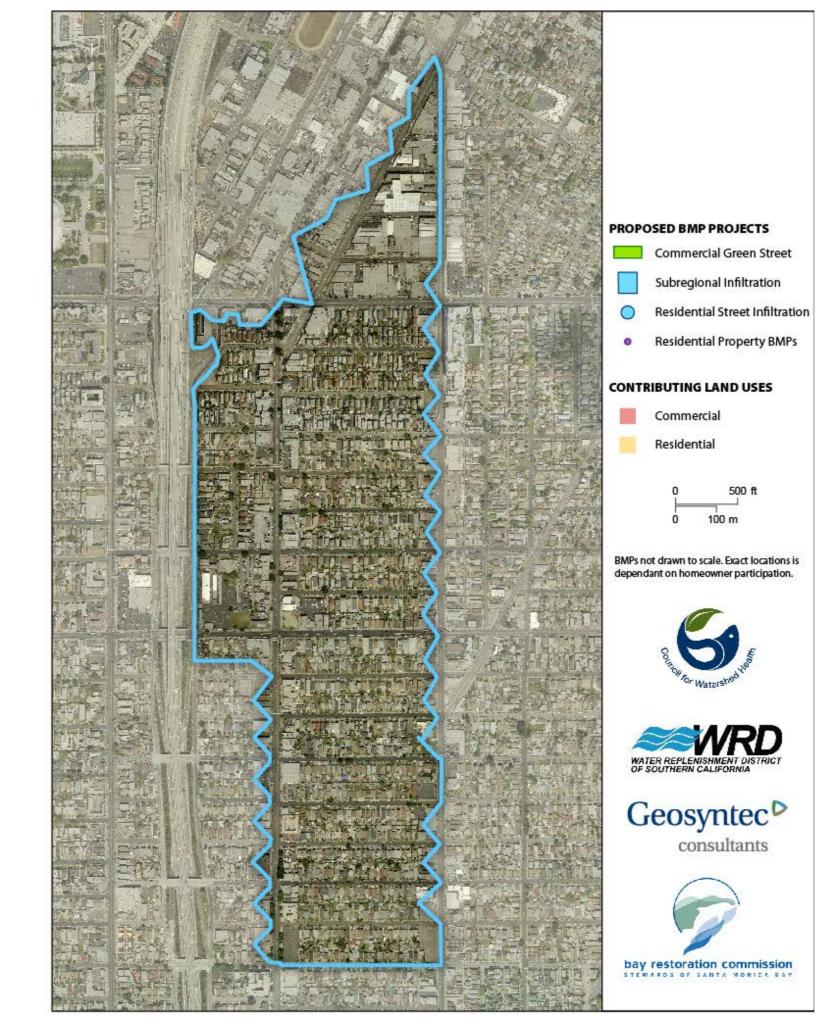








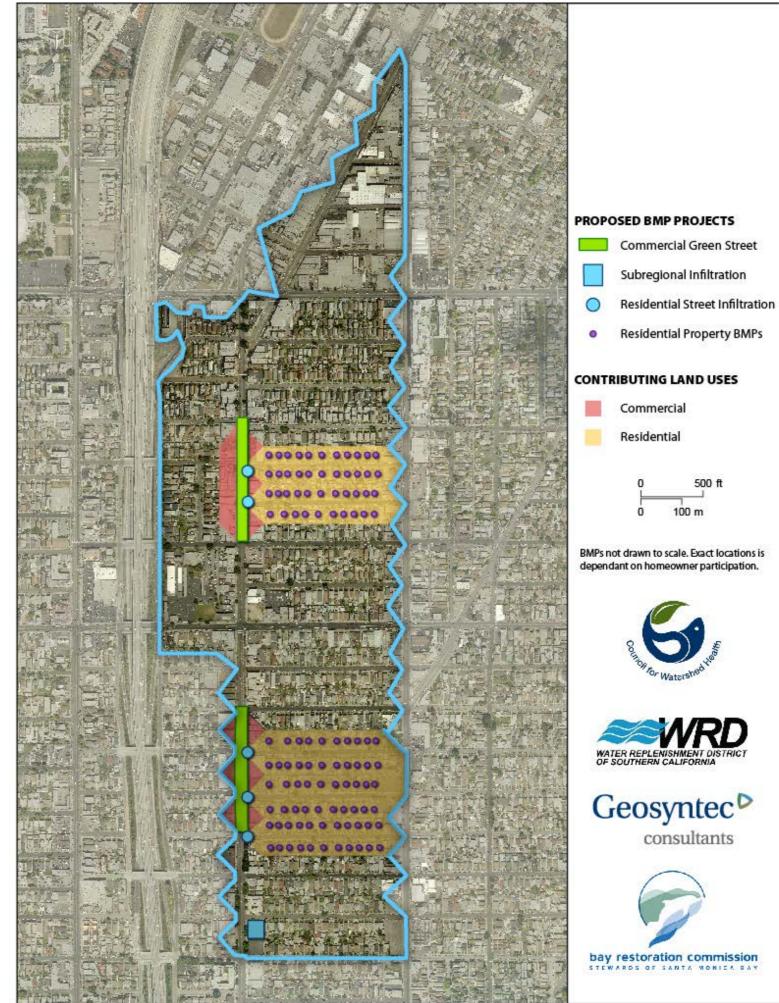






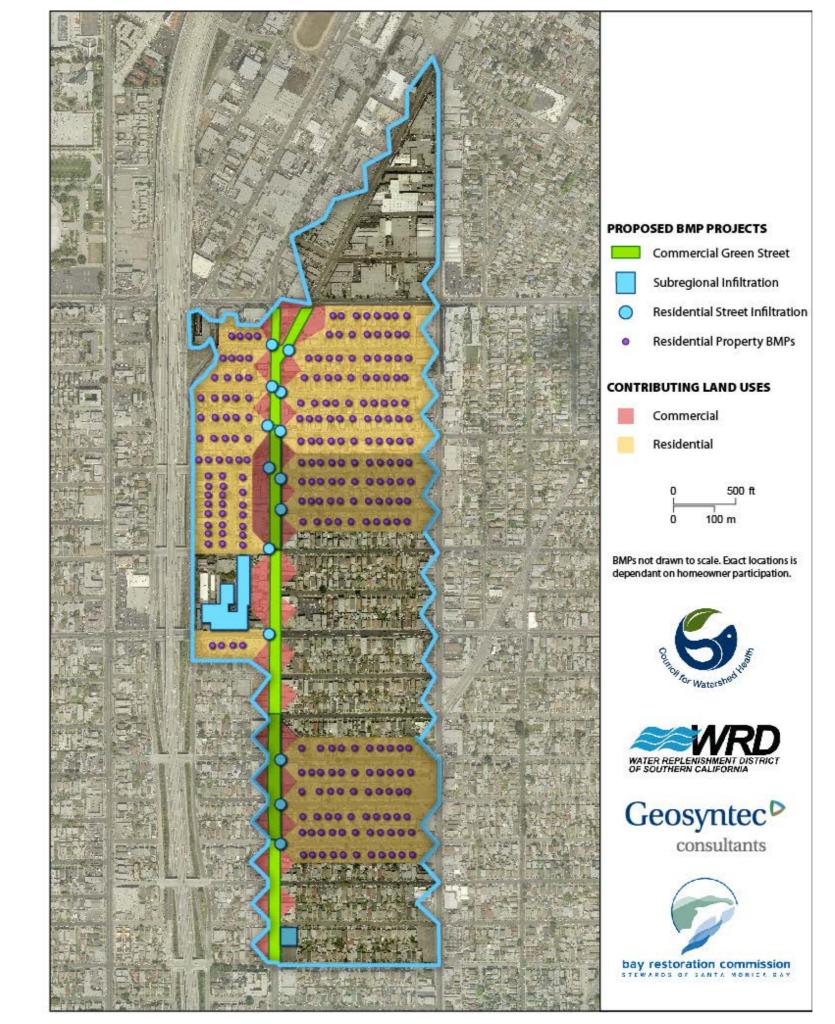






BMPs not drawn to scale. Exact locations is









# Design Criteria

- Four BMP Locations
  - Residential Property (capture 3/4" storms)
  - Residential Streets
    (capture 3/4" storms)
  - Commercial Street (capture 3/4" storms)
  - Subregional Infiltration (capture 2" storms)

















# Findings: Pilot Cost Estimation

BMP Location	ВМР Туре	Number of BMP's installed within Pilot Area	Pilot Design & Construction Cost Estimation	Annual Infiltrated Volume (af/yr)	Design & Construction Costs per AF over 30-year BMP life	
Residential Single & Multi-Family	Rain Garden	60	\$112,000	2.4	\$1,600	
Residential Street	Intersection Catch- basin BMP	6	\$425,000	6.8	\$2,100	
Commercial Green Street			\$2,279,000	3.1	\$24,500	
SubRegional BMP Subsurface Infiltration		1	\$1,432,000	28.7	\$1,700	

Report encourages cost-sharing with others who accrue benefits from these projects









# Findings: Strategy for Water Supply Agencies

BMP Location	ВМР Туре	Number of BMP's installed within Pilot Area	Pilot Design & Construction Cost Estimation	Annual Infiltrated Volume (af)	Water Supply Cost-share, 30-yr BMP lifetime	Water Supply Cost Share of budget, @ imported water rate (\$677)	
Residential Single & Multi-Family	Rain Garden	en 60 \$112,000 2.4 / y		2.4 / yr	\$677 / AF	44%	
Residential Street	idential Street Intersection Catch-basin BMP		\$425,000	6.8 / yr	\$677 / AF	32%	
Commercial Green Street	Multiple	1	\$2,279,000	\$2,279,000 3.1 / yr		3%	
SubRegional BMP	Subsurface Infiltration	1	\$1,432,000	28.7 / yr	\$677 / AF	41%	









# Findings: Supply & Avoided Treatment Rationale

BMP Location	BMP Type	Service Life of Project (Years)	Pilot Design & Construction Cost Estimate	Annual Infiltrated Volume (AF)	Service Llfe Value of Infiltrated (Supply)	Service Life Value of Infiltrated (Quality)	Total Service- life Value per acre-foot		Benefit - Cost Ratio
Residential Single & Multi- Family	Rain Garden	30	\$111,600	2.4	\$48,744	\$69,912	\$1,648	\$1,550	1.06
Residential Street	Intersection Catch-basin BMP	30	\$425,256	6.8	\$138,108	\$188,436	\$1,601	\$2,085	0.77
Commercial Green Street	Multiple	30	\$2,279,400	3.1	\$62,961	\$100,232	\$1,755	\$24,510	0.07
Sub-Regional BMP	Subsurface Infiltration	30	\$1,432,080	28.7	\$582,897	\$1,082,506	\$1,934	\$1,663	1.16

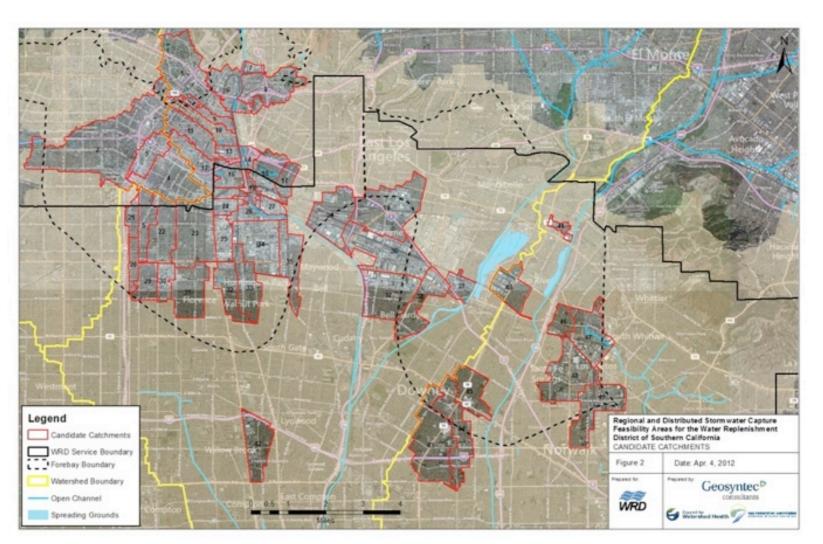






# Feasibility Study Summary

- Potential for 17,000 AF/yr in opportunity catchments
  - Nearly 4,300 AF/yr in high feasibility catchments
- Most stormwater capture projects are too expensive for a water supply agency to fund alone\*











## **Green Infrastructure**

Grey Infrastructure

Single-purpose

Single-managed / maintained

Cost calculation <u>leverages 100+ years of</u> <u>investment</u>

Green Infrastructure Multi-purpose Multi-managed / maintained Internalizes historic externalities, raising apparent costs



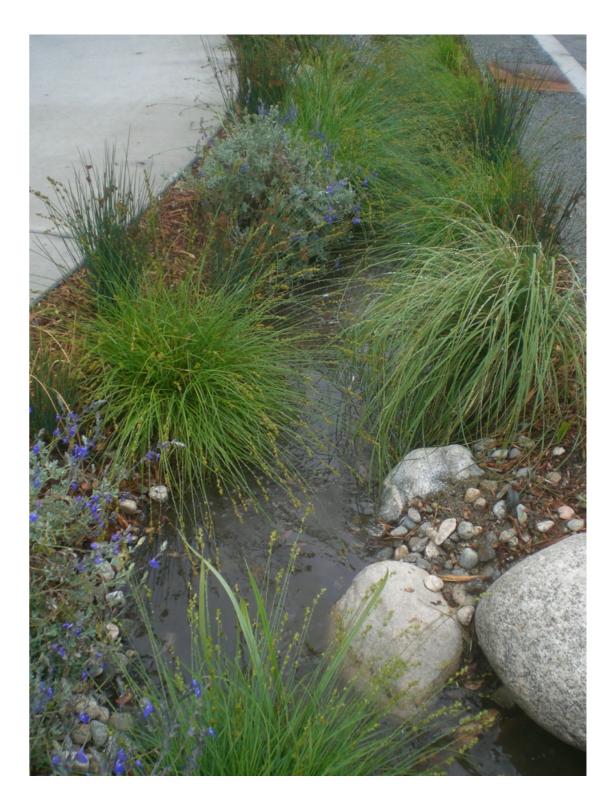




## **Green Infrastructure**

# Uses vegetation, soils and natural processes to manage water and create healthier urban environments.

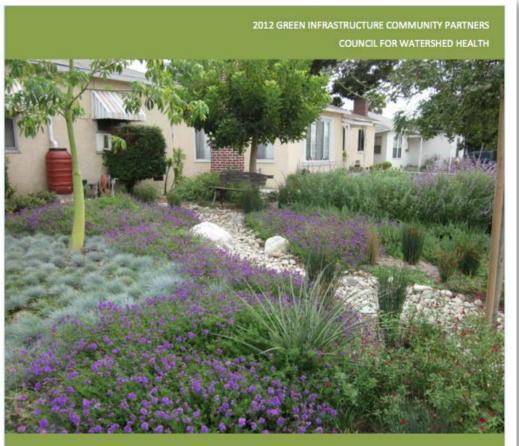
- Catch water for recharge
- •Clean water that flows through
- •More green space for respite & recreation
- Water conservation
- Economic development (beautification)
- Jobs (construction & operation)
- Energy savings
- Carbon benefits
- Habitat value





## **Green Infrastructure Solutions**

- Global Warming Solutions Act (AB32)
- Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act of 2008 (SB375)
- Water Conservation Act of 2009 (SBx7-7)
- Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (AB1881)
- Municipal Stormwater Permit for the Los Angeles Region
- Greater Los Angeles County Integrated Regional Water Management Plan
- Water Quality Control Plan for the Los Angeles Region: Basin Plan for the Coastal Watersheds of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties
- TMDL Implementation Plans
- Groundwater Adjudications in the Central and West Coast Basins





## Water Jobs

- Studied \$1.2 billion of investments in water projects
- Stormwater, Water Conservation, Water Treatment, Groundwater Management / Remediation, Recycled Water
- Found:
- \$2.4 billion in direct, indirect and induced economic activity
- 16,579 person-years of direct, indirect and induced employment

#### Water Use Efficiency and Jobs

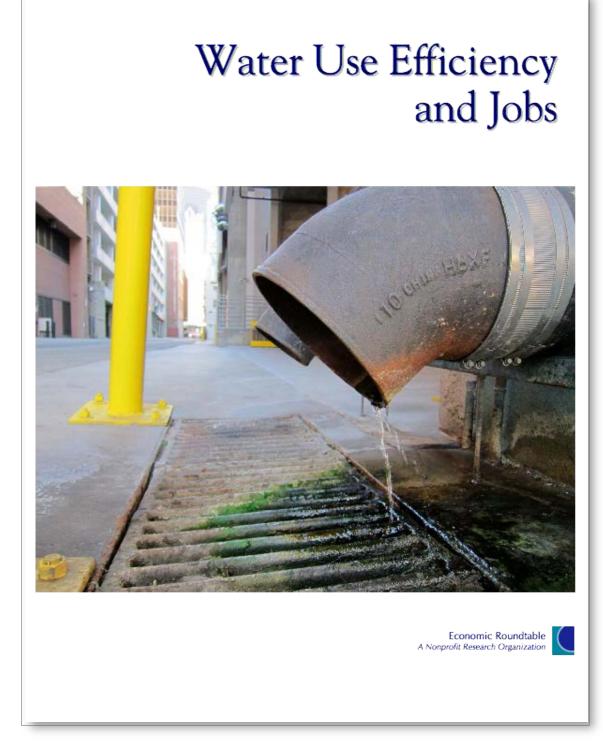


Economic Roundtable A Nonprofit Research Organization



## Water Jobs

- For every \$1 million spent on water projects:
- Stimulates \$1.9 2.1 million in total sales
- Creates 12.6-16.6 jobs
  - Wages between \$33,286 \$52,828
- This exceeds the productivity of:
- Motion Picture & Video Production
- Housing Construction





Strategic Planning for Groundwater Recharge Using Stormwater

# Thank you!



#### Mike Antos - Programs Director <u>Mike@watershedhealth.org</u> -213-229-9945