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Market Transformation as a Means for Delivering Regional Conservation Results

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Market Transformation (MT)

- Market transformation," as a concept, came about in response to changes in regulated energy markets in the late 1990's.
- Market Transformation (MT) differs from traditional water conservation programs that offer customer incentives or direct provision of water efficient devices or services.

A market transformation (MT) occurs when a new technology or method emerges, is found to be superior, and results in the product and/or service, which pre-dated it, to become obsolete.

A Summary

- This presentation summarizes an evidencebased white paper that analyses experiences with MT:
- to assess how "market transformation" and traditional programs have succeeded and failed;
- to describe the components of a market transformation program;
- to help maximize water savings from regionallyallocated funding for conservation (WUE) programs.

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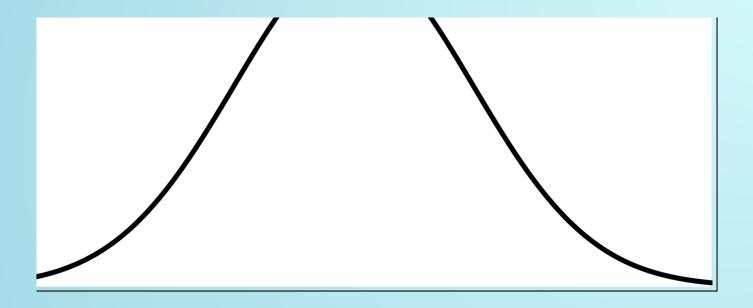
Questions

- Which energy efficiency MT efforts worked at transforming markets and how did they work?
- Which efforts failed and what were the critical failure points?
- What is the evidence for equivalent water efficiency practices?

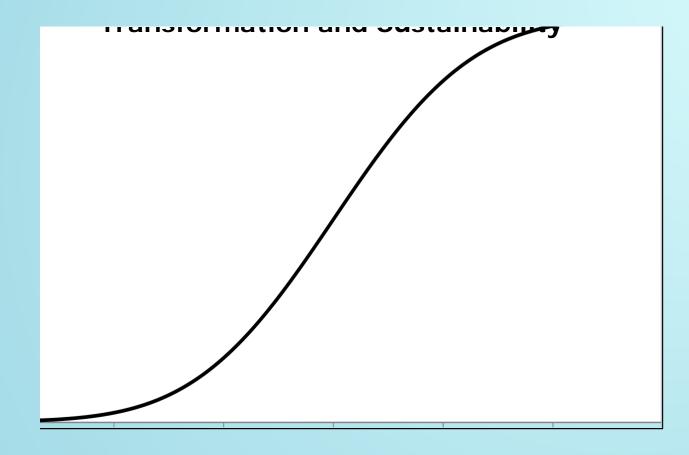
5 Types of Consumers

- MT characterizes customers by how they respond to market offers:
- Innovators: adventurous persons
- Early adopters: educated leaders
- Early majority: deliberate decision makers
- Late majority: cautious and skeptical individuals
- Laggards: risk averse persons

Cross Section of Market Respondents



Market Transformation S Curve

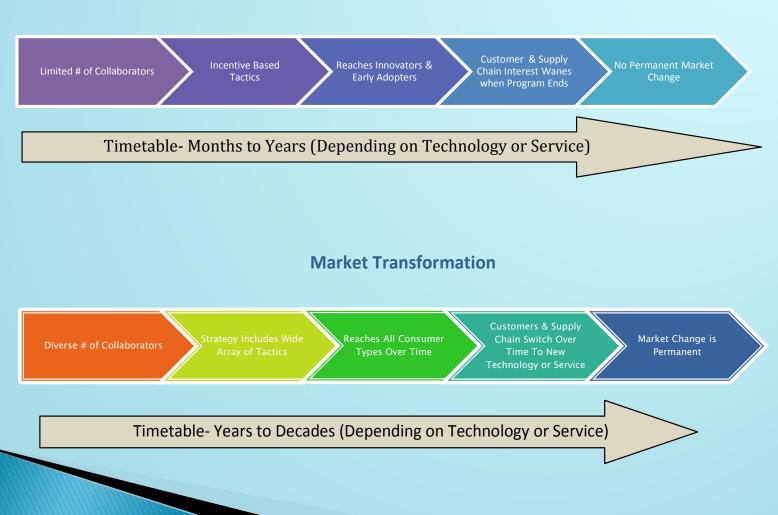


Strategies to Effect Change

- Education and Engagement
- Pilot Projects
- Programs
- Financial Incentives
- Requests for Voluntary Changes
- Regulatory or Ordinance Changes

Market Transformation vs Market Acceleration

Market Acceleration



Stages of Market Transformation

- Decision made to Initiate MT Process
- Planning
- Early Phase Initiatives
- Mid–Phase Initiatives
- Late Phase Initiatives
- Evidence of MT Success

Decision made to Initiate MT Process

- Need for Principal Leading Organization
- Form Strong Functioning Collaborative Team
- Establish Funding and Timing
- Area Coverage, Target Market and Population
- Projected Timing

Planning

- Research Current Market
- Determine Acceptable Costs versus Benefits
- Identify Barriers
- Document Desired Outcome
- Construct Detailed Plan

Early, Mid and Late Phase Initiatives

Early Phase –

- Education and outreach no momentum to build on
- Work with manufacturers and product rating agencies
- Mid-course corrections- what to incent

Mid Phase –

- Education and outreach continues
- Late-majority consumers
- Showcasing leading manufacturers and products
- Change of Incentives

Late Phase

- Awareness high
- Less need for incentives
- Shift to changing codes

Evidence of MT Success

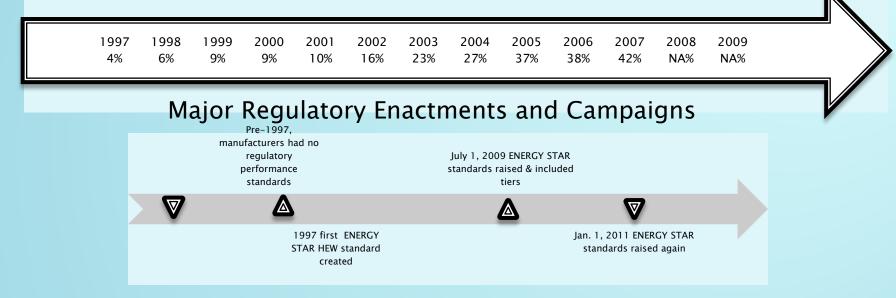
- Monitor Results and Modify
- Transitional Strategies (Knowing When to End)

Case Studies

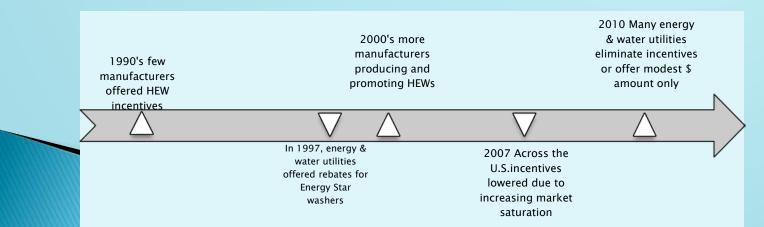
- High Efficiency Clothes Washers
- Pre-Rinse Spray Valves
- Efficient Toilets
- Efficient Water Rates

High Efficiency Clothes Washers

HEW Saturation Percentage



Utility/Retailer/Manufacturer Initiatives Conducted Over Time

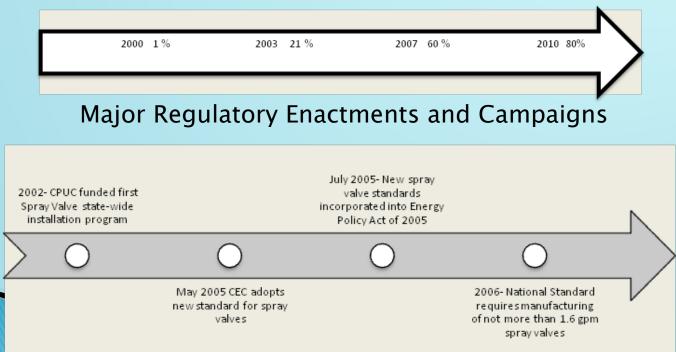


Pre-Rinse Spray Valves

Pre-Rinse Sp[ay Valves Savings 1.6gpm

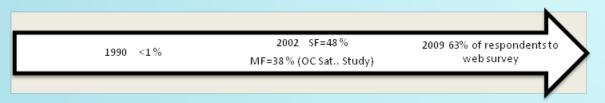
Hours of Spray Valve Usage	Water Savings gallons/day	Waste Water Savings gallons/day	Gas Savings therms/day
1 hour/day	60 gallons	60 gallons	0.5 therms
2 hours/day	120 gallons	120 gallons	1.0 therms
3 hours/day	180 gallons	180 gallons	1.5 therms

Pre-Rinse Sp[ay Valves California Saturation

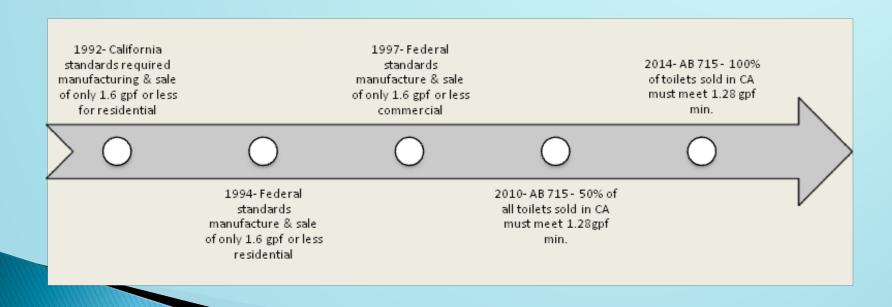


Efficient Toilets

Estimated Saturation of ULFT & HET fixtures in California

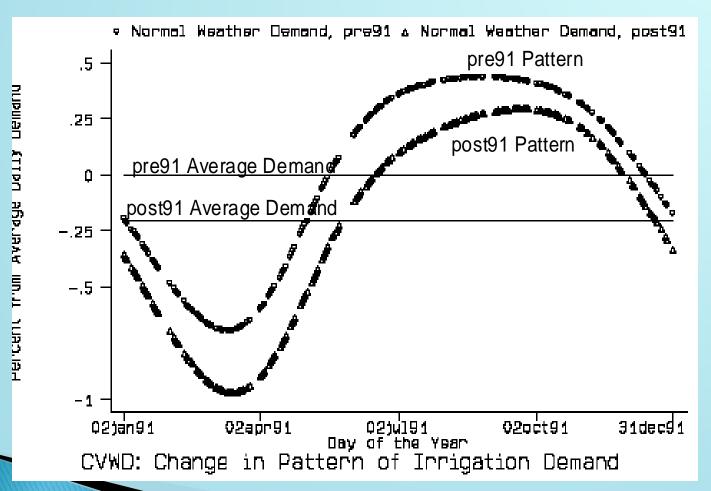


Major Regulatory Enactments and Campaigns



Efficient Water Rates

Pre/Post Consumption Comparison



Conclusion - Implementing Market Transformation

- Good implementation of MT requires:
 - studying efficient products and practices,
 - studying existing market and market actors,
 - identifying market barriers,
 - documenting outcomes,
 - sculpting actions to match the maturation of the market, and
 - monitoring of results with an exit strategy in mind.
- The specifics of strategy implementation depend critically on the product.

Designing Market Transformation

- Design of MT must be done on a product-by-product basis one size does not fit all.
- To illustrate the point, the Case Studies of the white paper document the importance of particulars:
 - Efficient Pre-Rinse Spray Valves went from nowhere to an 80 percent market penetration rate in a few short years due to
 - a) a narrow focused market (commercial kitchens)
 - b) the direct install program delivery design
 - c) sufficient or improved product performance as assessed by users
 - Compact Fluorescent Lighting has undergone a more than decadelong MT effort that still struggles due to
 - a) a broad diverse market for lighting products and applications,
 - b) no easy form of market intervention, and
 - c) the sensitivities and multiple dimensions to customer lighting preferences.

Punchline

- Evidence shows that Market Transformation is a valid strategy for Water Use Efficiency.
- Principles of MT taken from field experience in energy can be applied to WUE, and, if administered correctly, will deliver successful results.

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