This presentation premiered at WaterSmart Innovations

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WaterSense Labeled New Homes

Jonah Schein WaterSense Program, U.S. EPA WaterSmart Innovations 2010 October 6, 2010

Objectives



- What is WaterSense?
- The WaterSense Specification for Single Family New Homes
- Sneak Preview! The New and Improved Water Budget Tool
- Inspecting New Homes for the WaterSense Label



A Thirsty Nation



- Between 1950 and 2000, U.S. population doubled while the demand on public supply systems more than tripled.
- At least 36 states are anticipating water shortages between 2003 and 2013.





Strained Resources





- Updating infrastructure could cost nearly \$500 billion over next 20 years
- Can delay projects by using water efficiently
- Save energy and costs associated with pumping and treating water



Benefits to Water Efficiency



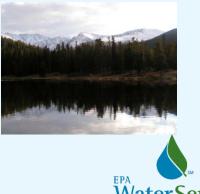


- Reduce water use today to protect the resource for future generations
- Help mitigate the devastating effects of drought





- Save energy used to pump, heat, and treat water
- Minimize water pollution and help maintain the health of aquatic ecosystems



Why WaterSense?



WaterSense is voluntary partnership and labeling program launched by EPA in 2006



- Our vision
 - All Americans will understand the importance of water efficiency and take positive actions to reduce their water use – in their homes, outdoors, and at work.

How will we achieve it?

- By transforming the marketplace for products and services that use water
- By promoting a nationwide ethic of water efficiency to conserve water resources for future generations and reduce water and wastewater infrastructure costs



What's Special About WaterSense?





- High efficient and performing
 - Products must offer equivalent or superior performance while using about 20 percent less water than conventional models
- A label with integrity
 - Third-party bodies test and certify that products & homes meet WaterSense criteria
 - Backed by the credibility of EPA
- Smart use of taxpayer dollars
 - Manufacturers/builders absorb research, testing/inspection, and branding costs
 - Licensed certifying parties certify the products and police the label's use
 - EPA leverages national network of partners to promote WaterSense



WaterSense New Homes Program



Water conservation named one of the top green building trends of 2010!



WaterSense labeled new home under EPA pilot program Chapel Hill, NC

- WaterSense labeled new homes will:
 - Reduce water use in singlefamily new homes by 20%
 - Educate homeowners about continuing water-efficient behaviors
 - Encourage community infrastructure savings



WaterSense Complements Other Green Programs



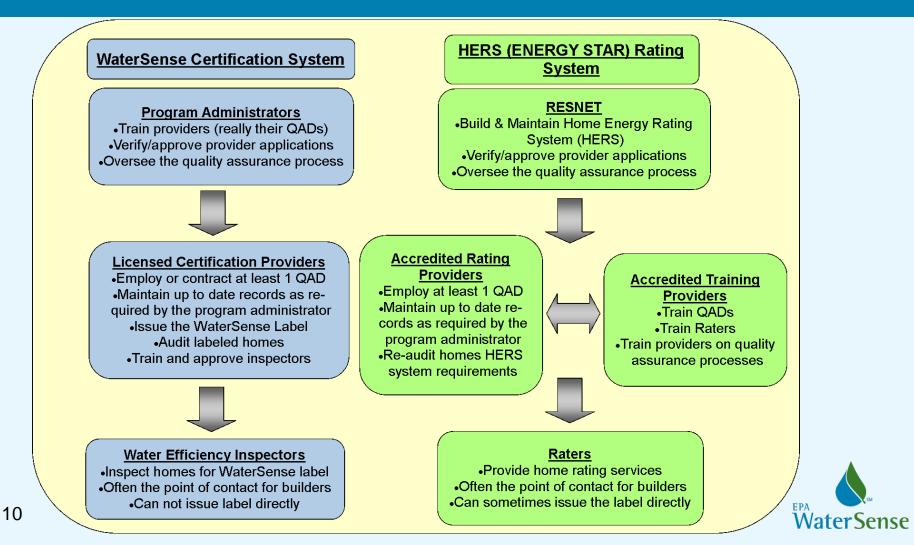


- One-stop inspection for multiple programs
 - The WaterSense certification process for new homes is similar to ENERGY STAR[®]
 - Home energy raters can conduct waterefficiency home inspections
 - Must be trained on the specification
 - Maintain a relationship with a WaterSense licensed certification provider
 - For more information contact RESNET
 - A one-stop inspection saves builders time and money when seeking multiple certifications





New Homes Certification System



Elements of a WaterSense labeled new home

Required Elements:

- Leak prevention
- Service pressure
- Hot water delivery system
- Toilets/urinals
- Bathroom faucets
- Kitchen faucets
- Showerheads
- Landscape design
- Homeowner's manual

- Optional Elements:
 - Dishwashers
 - Clothes washers
 - Evaporative cooling systems
 - Water softeners
 - Drinking water treatment systems
 - Irrigation system



New Homes Specification: Indoors

• Required items:

- Water service pressure maximum 60 psi
- Leak prevention measures
- WaterSense labeled plumbing fixtures
- Other water-efficient plumbing fixtures
- Efficient hot water distribution system
- Optional items must meet efficiency criteria, if installed:
 - ENERGY STAR qualified dishwasher or clothes washer (if appliances installed)
 - Evaporative air conditioners
 - Water softeners
 - Drinking water treatment systems





Indoor Requirements & Inspection: Hot Water Delivery System

- The average home wastes more than 3,650 gallons of year waiting for hot water to be delivered to the fixture.
- 10-15% of the energy used in hot water systems is wasted through distribution losses.
- Distance from the water heater and volume of water that needs to be discharged are the primary factors.



Indoor Requirements & Inspection: Hot Water Delivery System

Hot water delivery system

- Requirement:
 - The hot water distribution system shall store no more than 0.5 gallons of water in any piping/manifold between the hot water source and any hot water fixture.
 - No more than 0.6 gallons of water shall be collected from the hot water fixture before hot water is delivered (accounts for additional water that must be removed from the system before hot water can be delivered).
 - Timer- and temperature-based recirculating systems **do not** meet this requirement.





Indoor Requirements & Inspection: Showers

- New Home Specification will be revised in 2011 to include WaterSense labeled showerheads
- Showerhead Requirements:
 - Showerheads must have a maximum flow rate of 2.5 gpm.
 - In cases with more than one showerhead, the entire device must meet the maximum flow requirement in all possible operating modes.
- Shower Size Requirements:
 - The total allowable flow rate of water flowing at any given time from all showerheads must be limited to 2.5 gpm per shower compartment with a floor area less than 2,160 square inches (in²).





Outdoor Requirements & Inspection: Landscape Design

- EPA provides builders with two options for complying with landscape requirements:
- Option 1: Regionally-based allocations determined using EPA's water budget tool.
- Option 2: Maximum turf allocation determined using a set percentage (40%) of the landscaped area.





Outdoor Inspection: Landscaped Area



- Front yard must be landscaped
- Also includes any area improved upon by the builder such as:
 - Landscaping
 - Turf or sod
 - Water features or pools
- Landscaped area is defined as the designed area of landscape excluding the footprint of the home and permanent hardscape areas such as driveways, sidewalks, and patios.
- Excluded from landscapable area:
 - Septic drainage fields
 - public right-of-ways

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Outdoor Requirements & Inspection: Irrigation System

- *IF irrigation systems are installed*, they must:
 - Be designed or installed by a WaterSense irrigation partner.
 - Be audited by a WaterSense irrigation partner.
 - Shall be designed to sustain the landscape without creating runoff or direct overspray of the property
 - Achieve a minimum 65% distribution uniformity
 - Be equipped with technology that inhibits or interrupts operation during periods rainfall or sufficient moisture



Your Name:	Landscaper	1				
Builder Name:	WaterSense Builder	1				
Lot Number/Street Address:	123 WaterSense Street	EP/				
City, State, Zip Code:	Chicago, IL 60653	N N	Vater Sense			
Peak Watering Month:	June	1				
Obtain from Water Budget Data Finder at www.epa.gov/watersense/nhspecs/wb_data_finder.html						
Is an irrigation system being installed on this site? yes						

This worksheet determines the baseline and the landscape water allowance (LWA) for a site based on its peak watering month.

The baseline is the amount of water required by the site during the peak watering month if watered at 100 percent of reference evapotranspiration (ET_o). The following formula is used to calculate the baseline:

Baseline = $ET_{\alpha} \times A \times C_{\mu}$

Where:

 $ET_o = Local reference evapotranspiration (inches/month)$ A = Landscaped area (square feet) C_u = Conversion factor (0.6233 for results in gallons/month)

The LWA is the water allotment for the site. The following formula is used to calculate the LWA:

 $LWA = 0.70 \times Baseline$

Where: LWA = Landscape water allowance (gallons/month) Baseline = $ET_0 \times landscaped$ area x 0.6233

To calculate the Baseline and LWA for a site, enter the designed landscaped area and average monthly reference evapotranspiration for the site's peak watering month. (Enter data in white cells only.)

STEP 1A - ENTER THE LANDSCAPED AREA (A) 12,280 Area of the designed landscape (square feet)

STEP 1B - ENTER THE AVERAGE MONTHLY REFERENCE EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (ET_o) 6.43 Average monthly reference ET (inches/month) for the site's peak watering month Obtain from Water Budget Data Finder at www.epa.gov/watersense/nhspecs/wb_data_finder.html

OUTPUT - BASELINE FOR THE SITE

49,219 Monthly baseline (gallons/month) based on the site's peak watering month

OUTPUT - WATER ALLOWANCE FOR THE SITE

34,453 Monthly landscape water allowance (gallons/month) based on the site's peak watering month

To calculate the LWR for the site, enter the information requested below for the site's peak watering month. (Enter data

STEP 2A - ENTER THE AVERAGE MONTHLY RAINFALL (R) AT THE SITE FOR THE PEAK WATERING MONTH IDENTIFIED IN 3.56 Average monthly rainfall (inches/month) for the site's peak watering month

Obtain from Water Budget Data Finder a <u>www.epa.gov/watersense/nhspecs/wb_data_finder.html</u>

STEP 2B - COMPLETE TABLE 1 BELOW (enter data in white cells only)

Enter the area of the hydrozone (square feet). The total area must equal the landscaped area entered in Step 1A.

Choose the plant type from the dropdown list (source data is displayed in Table 2).

Choose the irrigation type from the dropdown list (source data is displayed in Table 3; guidance is displayed in Table 4 and Table 5)

	e Feature Area (sq.	Plant Type or Landscape	Landscape		Uniformity	LWR
Zone	ft.)	Feature	Coefficient (K ₁)	Irrigation Type	(DUເລ)	(gal/month)
1	7,150	Turfgrass - High water requirement	▼ 0.8	Fixed Spray	65%	29,168
2	2,200	Shrubs - Medium water requirement	0.5	Drip - Standard	70%	4,555
3	2,030	Groundcover - Low water requirement	0.2	Drip - Standard	70%	716
4	900	Nonvegetated Softscape		No Irrigation	NA	-
5						-
6						-
7						-
8						-
9						-
10						-
11						-
12						-
13						-
14						-
15						-
Total Area	12,280	280 Landscape Water Requirement for the Site (gal/month)			34,439	

Table 1. Landscape Water Requirement

Table 2. Plant Type or Landscape Feature and Associated Landscape Coefficient

	K			
Plant Type or Landscape Feature	Water Requirements			
	Low	Medium	High	
Trees	0.2	0.5	0.9	
Shrubs	0.2	0.5	0.7	
Groundcover	0.2	0.5	0.7	
Turfgrass	0.6	0.7	0.8	
Pool, Spa, or Water Feature	0.8			
Permeable Hardscape	0			
Nonvegetated Softscape	vegetated Softscape 0			

Table 3. Distribution Uniformity

Irrigation Type	DU _(LQ) or EU*	
Drip - Standard	70%	
Drip - Press Comp	90%	
Fixed Spray	65%	
Micro Spray	70%	
Rotor	70%	
No Irrigation	NA	

"Lower quarter distribution uniformity (DU_{L0}) applies to sprinkler zones and emission uniformity (EU) applies to drip/microirrigation zones. Source: (The Irrigation Association, October 2001) in Landscape Irrigation Scheduling and Water Management, IA 2005.

Source: Based on LEED for Homes Rating System 2008.

Table 4. Appropriate Irrigation Types - Landscaped Areas with Irrigation Systems

	THEN THE IRRIGATION TYPE CAN BE:			
IF THE PLANT TYPE IS:	Drip - Standard	Drip - Press Comp	³ Fixed Spray Micro Spr	
Trees	x	x		х
Shrubs	x	x		х
Groundcover	x	x		х
Turfgrass	x	x	x	x

* Micro spray may only be used on vegetation other than turfgrass if it meets the definition of microirrigation system, which according to the 2003 WaterSense Single-Family New Home Specification is: application of small quantities of water on or below the soil surface as drops, tiny streams or miniature spray through emitters or applicators placed along a water delivery line. Microirrigation encompasse methods or concepts, such as bubbler, drip, trickle, mist or spray, and subsurface irrigation. For the purposes of this specification, microirrigation includes emission devices that have flow rates less than

Table 5. Appropriate Irrigation Types - Landscaped Areas without Irrigation Systems

	THEN THE IRRIGATION TYPE SHALL BE:		
IF THE PLANT TYPE OR LANDSCAPE FEATURE IS:	Drip - Standard	Fixed Spray	No Irrigation
Trees, Shrubs, or Groundcover with Low Water Requirements (K _L = 0.2)	x		
Trees, Shrubs, or Groundcover with Medium or High Water Requirements (K_L > 0.2)		x	
Turfgrass with Low, Medium, or High Water Requirements (K _L > 0.2)		x	
Pool, Spa, or Water Feature		х	
Permeable Hardscape			x
Nonvegetated Softscape			x

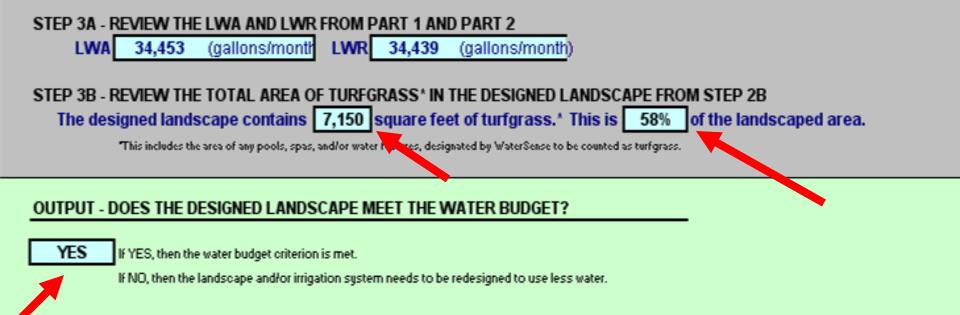
"Please see additional information in the WaterSense Water Budget Approach for landscapes installed without irrigation systems.

WaterSense Single-Family New Home Specification: Water Budget Tool This water budget tool shall be used to determine if the designed landscape meets Criteria 4.1.1.1 of the specification. Please refer to the WaterSense Water Budget Approach for additional information.							
Your Name:	Landscaper						
Builder Name:	WaterSense Builder						
Lot Number/Street Address:	123 WaterSense Street	EPA -					
City, State, Zip Code:	Chicago, IL 60653	WaterSense					
Peak Watering Month:	June						
Is an irrigation system being installed on this site?							

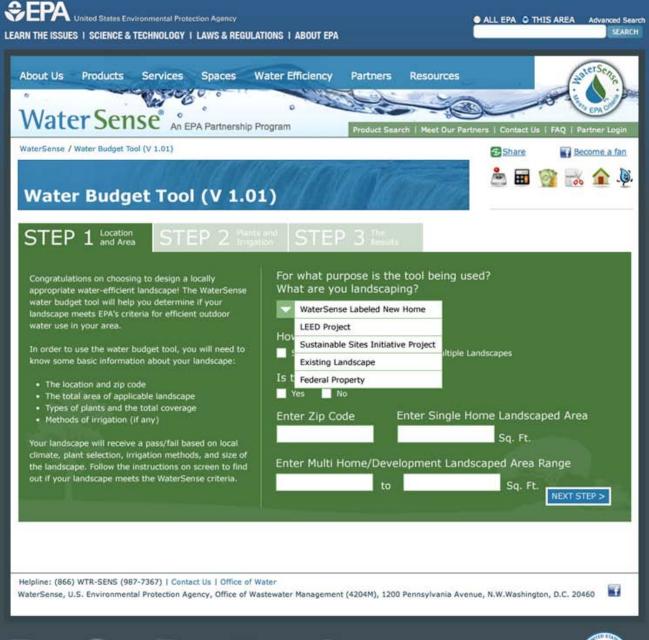
This worksheet determines if the designed landscape meets the water budget.

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If the landscape water requirement is LESS than the landscape water allowance, then the water budget criterion is met. If the landscape water requirement is GREATER than the landscape water allowance, then the landscape and/or irrigation system needs to be redesigned to use less water.

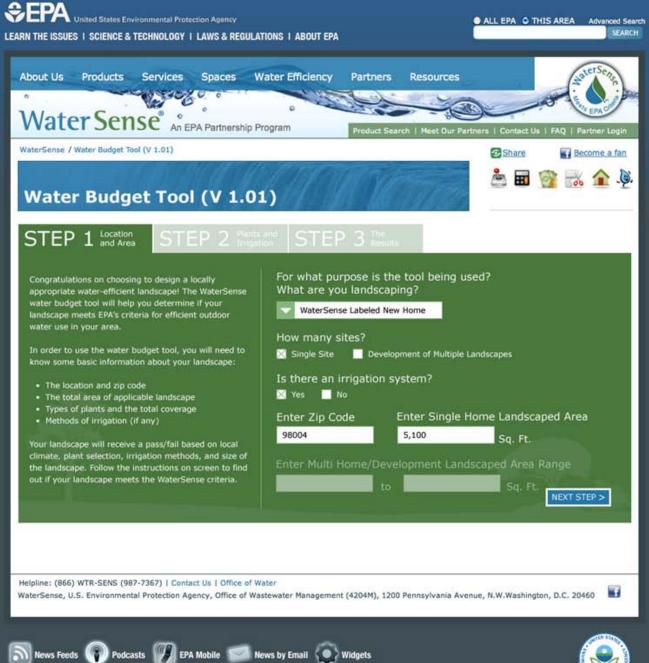


The designed landscape water requirement is a 30% reduction in water use from the baseline calculated in Part 1.

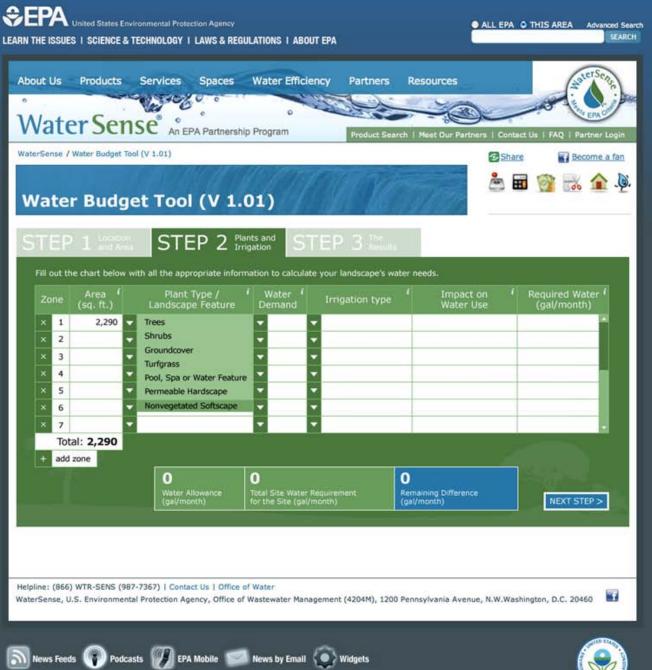


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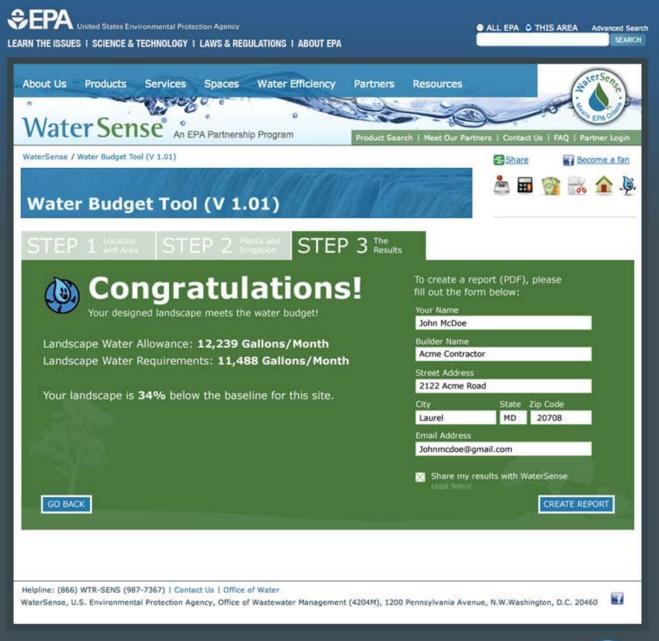






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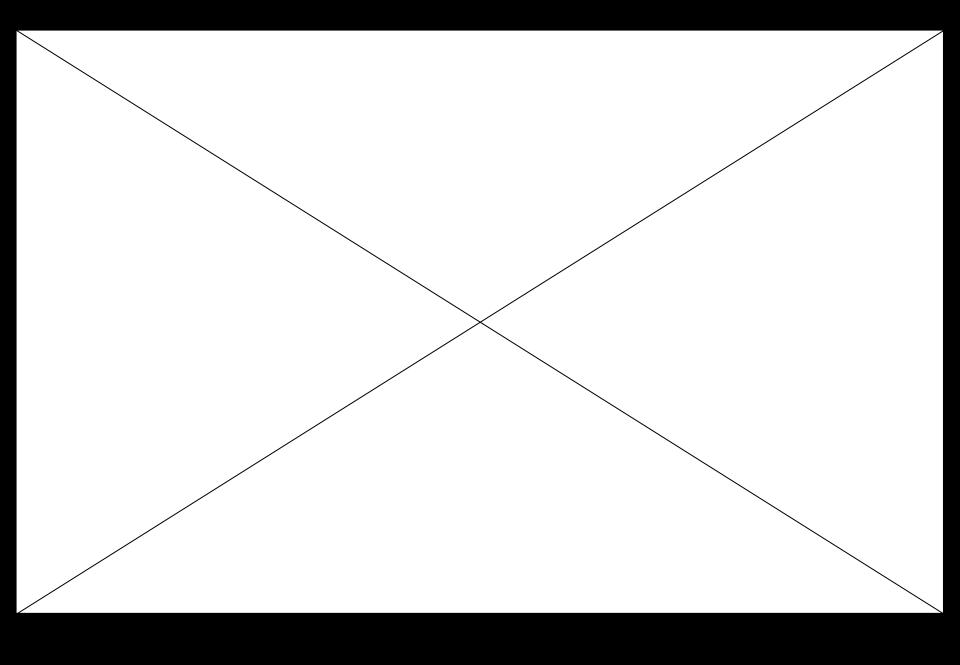




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Why Purchase a WaterSense Labeled New Home?





- WaterSense labeled homes will be 20% more efficient than a traditional new home
 - 10,000 gallons of water equal to 400 loads of laundry
 - 500 kilowatt hours of electricity enough to power a television for four years



Learn More



WaterSense Information

- Web site: <u>www.epa.gov/watersense</u>
 - Partnership information
 - new homes specification,
 - certification system, or
- For questions:
 - E-mail: <u>watersense@epa.gov</u>
 - Toll-free Helpline: (866) WTR-SENS
 - 1(866) 987-7367

EPA WaterSense







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