This presentation premiered at WaterSmart Innovations

watersmartinnovations.com





Denver Water School Assessment Program

ELIZABETH GARDENER, Suburban Conservation Coordinator – Denver Water JULIE SIEVING, Senior Engineer – Brendle Group CULLEN KINOSHITA, Project Manager – Aqua Engineering









Overview









STREETON STREET

COMMUNITY OF CARING CHOOL









Project Outcomes





143,000,000 Gallons of Projected Water Savings



21,219 Fixtures

Inventoried

\$660,000 Annual Savings Projected







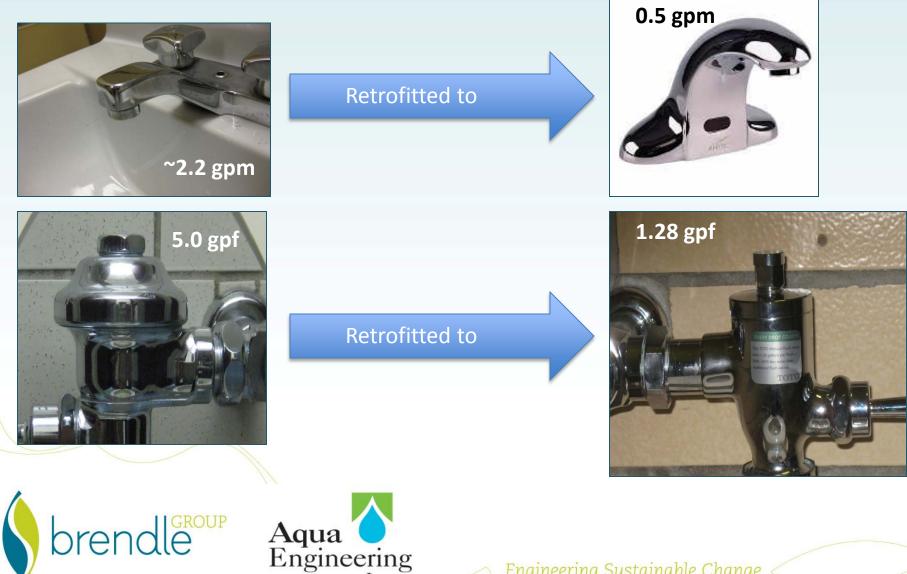


40,704,000 SF of Irrigated Area Assessed (6,563 zones)

Water Conservation Opportunities



Project Description: Indoor Retrofits



Inc.

Outdoor Process

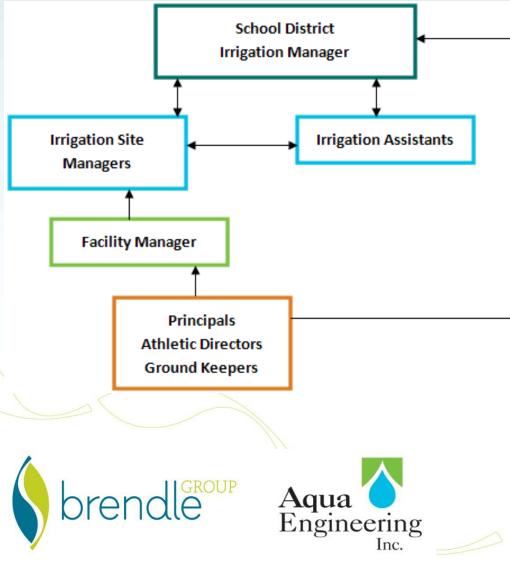






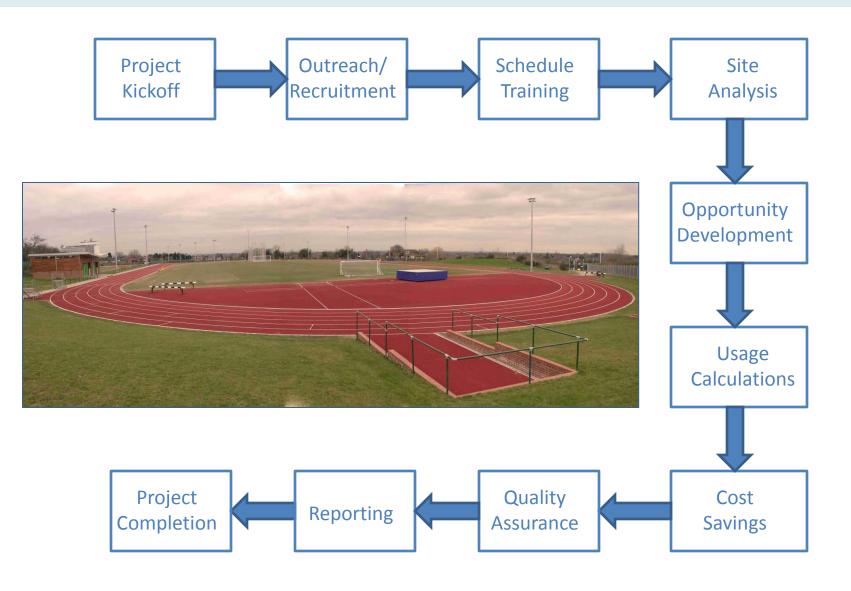


Outdoor Opportunities





Assessments from Start to Finish



Methodology – Student Engagement







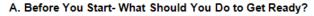


Training Manual



Inc.

Instructions for Looking at Your Water Fixtures



- 1. Plan Your Time: Plan to spend about 3-5 minutes in each bathroom or other room to look at the water fixtures and record what you find.
- Look At the School Map in Your Binder. Find all the bathrooms and other rooms that have water fixtures. While they have already been highlighted for you, you may find some fixtures in your building that weren't highlighted, so please besure to include those too. Give each of them a number, starting with 1. (Room 1, Room 2, Room 3, etc.).
- Make Sure You Take What You Need. Your team should bring these things with you when you check your fixtures:
 - a. Your three ring binder, which includes:
 - These instructions
 - Building maps with highlighted restrooms
 - Your site sheet
 - Safety information, including emergency phone numbers
 - Contact information for the assessment coordinators at Brendle Group
 - b. Your tool kit, which includes:
 - Pencils/writingutensil
 - Flow bag (provided)
 - Stopwatch (provided)
 - Clipboard/something to write on

4. What If You Have Questions or need help?

- a. Talk to your adult team leader first.
- b. If your adult team leader can't help, call your trainers, Katy Ulrich, Jeff Lasker, or Elizabeth Mozer at (970) 207-0058. Or, you can email Katy at <u>kulrich@brendlegroup.com</u>, Jeff Lasker at <u>jlasker@brendlegroup.com</u>, or Elizabeth Mozer at <u>Emozer@brendlegroup.com</u>.

Tools of the Water Assessment Trade

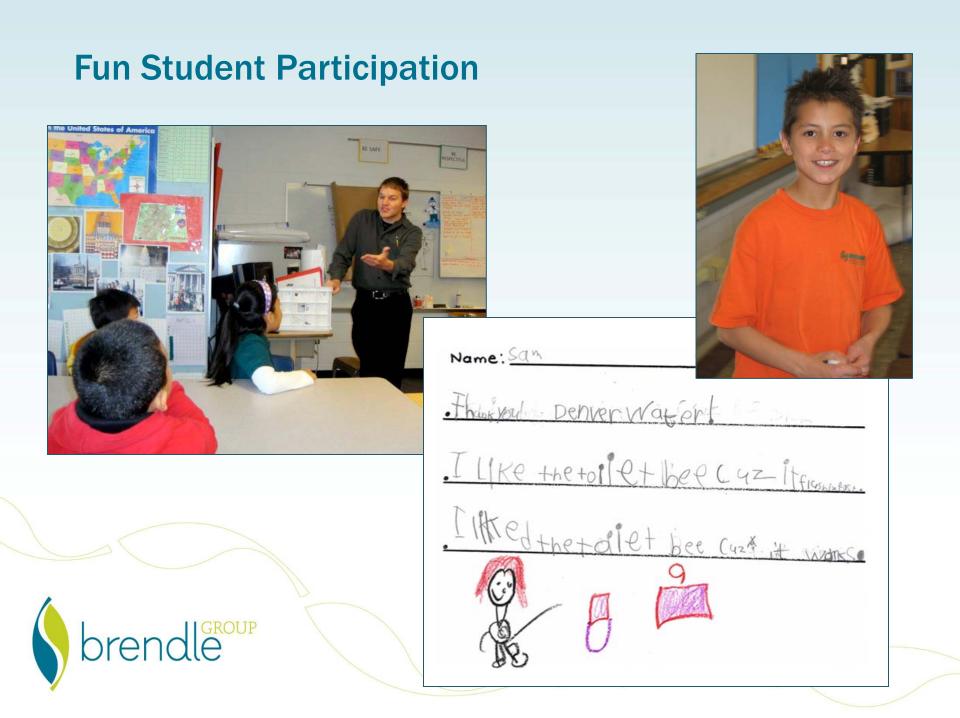






Data Collection Sheet

	Building Name	School Name				Code Key		
	Assessment date(s)	8/3/09						
	Assessment completed by	Katy			f - faucet	f - faucet, t - toilet, tt - tank toilet,		
	Supervisor's name	Ms. Smith			tr -	trough,	u - urinal,	
		Current Usage	Proposed Usage	Water Savings	S	s - showe	erhead.	
		1,141.31 kgal	629.57 kgal	511.74 kgal				
Room #	Room Description (if Other, please describe in Notes)	Existing Fixture Type	Existing # of Fixtures	Rated flow (gpm/gpf, if available)	Measured flow (gpm)	Low Flow? (y/n)	Notes	
1	bathroom	t t	1	3.5	<u>(Spiii)</u>	n	10005	
1	bathroom	Т	2			у		
1	bathroom	f	1	2.2	2.0		leaking	
2	bathroom	и	3			'n		
2	bathroom	tr	4		0.5		Single/Auto	
2	bathroom	t	1			у		
3	classroom/lab	f	1	2.5	4.0		missing screen	



Student and Teacher Feedback

- "I'm so excited about this project because seeing a boy's bathroom is on my list of 500 things to do before I die!!"
- "We are proud to be part of this project."
- "The kids really had a good time gathering data. We saw all sorts of parts of the school we had never seen before. They were also amazed a



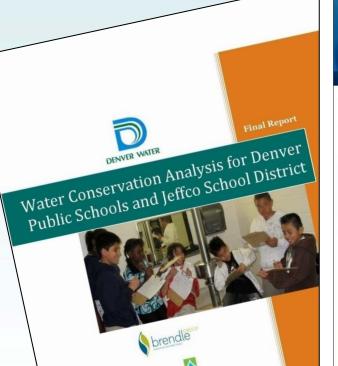
we had never seen before. They were also amazed at how many different readings they got all over the building."

"...this has been such a valuable project for my class . . . thank you for the opportunity! ...My class loved this project. Thanks for including our school and for your patience..."

"I just wanted to thank you. The kids enjoyed being part of the survey and hopefully a few ideas about water conservation stuck with them."



Final Report



Aqua

Engineering

CONSULTING



CONSERVATION EFFORTS

Inc.

From 2009 to 2010 Jefferson County, Denver Public Schools, and Denver Water implemented a project to help reduce the water consumption in schools. This project involved evaluating DPS and Jeffco indoor water use to identify, analyze, and recommend projects to reduce utility and operational costs for the school district as well as reduce demand for water from Denver Water.

To achieve this objective engineers, undergraduate engineering students, and DPS and Jeffco student volunteers completed site assessments for a total of 213 schools between the two districts. This approach gave students from participating schools the opportunity to evaluate end-use fixtures in their own school and to enhance understanding of water use and conservation

	JEFFERSON COUNTY	DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
Schools assessed	89	124
Students involved	5 teams; 78 total	41 teams; 441 total
Building Square feet assessed	6,898,000	12,292,000
Irrigated area assessed	21,214,000	19,490,000
Fixtures inventoried	8,798	12,421
Total water use	347,000 kgals/year	500,000 kgals/year
Annual cost for water	\$1,505,000	\$1,555,000
Potential indoor and outdoor water savings	38,000 kgals	105,000 kgals
Potential energy savings	20,000 therms	59,000 therms
Potential annual indoor and outdoor cost savings	\$226,000	\$434,000
Cost to implement end-use fixture upgrades	\$2,100,000	\$3,542,000
Cost to implement irrigation upgrades	\$499,000	\$805,000
Total Project Payback (includes incentives from Denver Water)	4 years	7 years

PUBLIC SCHEEVE Alameda High 1255 S WADSWORTH BLVD Project Background Project Background Brendle Group, Inc. Ania Engineering, Inc., and Red Oak Consulting were selected by Denver Water to astern conservation conservat Brandle Group, Inc., Aqua Engineering, Inc., and Red Oak: Consulting were selected by Denver Water to assess conservation opportunities at specific (effertion County Schools, Water conservation opportunities in each school of three main areas: indoor end-sun franzes, indoor assesses water, and sundoor inviewence water, to address the interval three main areas: indoor end-sun franzes, indoor assesses water. conservation opportunities at specific fefferson Councy Schools. Water conservation opportunities in each school for three main areas: indoor end-use fixtures, indoor process water, and outdoor-integration water use. The information for a summary of the site observations. Obsortunities, water savings, cost savings, implementation cost, and paxture three main areas: indoor end-use fixtures, indoor process water, and outdoor-irrigation water use. The information be a summary of the site observations, opportunities, water savings, cost savings, implementation costs, and payback Alameda. The main project report contains detailed information about the project and findings. a summary of the site observations, opportunities, water savings, cost savings, implementat Alameda. The main project report contains detailed information about the project and findings. Site / Water Balance Abmeda High was built in 1960 and is 200,450 fc³ with an irrigated area of approximately cas say 63 Based on the water communication date arrival of by Chanver Water Abnowla ison an Alanda High was built in 1960 and is 200,450 ft² with an irrigated area of approximately 648,847 ft² Based on the water-consumption data provided by Denver Water, Alameda use an estimated 9 kauls¹⁷/occupant of notable water and is sponding aperoximately \$30,900 per viai ben any fir. Based on the water-consumption data provided by Denver Water, Alameda uses an estimated 9 kgals-Yoccupant of potable water and is spending approximately \$30,900 per yar for non-blin water and severe The nin-chart on him side shows the submark three bulkers. estimated y kgast-foccupant of potable water and is spending approximately \$10,500 per year for potable water and sever. The piecelart on the right shows the average annual breakdow of for possible water and sever. The pie-chart on the right shows the average annual breakdown of indoor and outdoor possible water usage at Alameda, Raw water is used for infgation when available. however, raw water encounterparted was not provided shuradow is not included in mooor and outdoor Potane water usage at Alameda. Naw water is used for irrigation when available, however, raw water consumption data was not provided, therefore is not included in any data many d Outdoor Water Use Irrigation System Observations Allon System Observations Raw Water: Both raw water and potable water are used for irrigation. Potable water is typically used during the obsulder sostons when raw water is not available. anounce accessors when new means in new avanues. Irrigation Backflow: An irrigation backflow assembly is installed. Irrigation Backflow: An irrigation backflow assembly is installed. Sprinkler/Pipe Findings: Broken sprinkler(s). Sprinkler arcs are not adjusted properly. Sprinklers are not nervendicider to arade. Insufaniare consultor coverse. Oversaria onto hardscase. Sorinkler existes do not envide *1 kgal = 1,000 gallons Sprinkler/Pipe Findings: Broken sprinkler(s). Sprinkler arcs are not adjusted properly. Sprinklers are not perpendicular to grade. Inadequate sprinkler coverage. Overspray onto hardscape. Sprinkler nozzles do not provide matched arecisitation rate. Imeacts and rotors operate on same zonn/s). Pluseed seriaklers: Samuliers do not have the series of perpendicular to grade. Inadequate sprinkler coverage. Overspray onto hardscape. Sprinkler notices do not provide matched precipitation rate. Imparts and rooms operate on same zone(s). Plugged sprinklers. Sprinklers do not provide internal chore's values. Sona's anviolators do not have internal aresture routdators. macroad precipitation rate. Impacts and rotors operate on same zone(s). Program internal check sahes. Spray sprinklers do not have internal pressure regulators. internal check valves: Spray sprinklers do not have internal pressure regulators. Controller Findings: Rain sensor(s) are not utilized. Existing irrigation controller(s) are not climate-based. Operations: Zone run times are not programmed for water conservation. Controller Findings: Rain tensor(s) are not utilized. Existing irrigation con Operations: Zone run times are not programmed for water conservation. Water Conservation Opportunitie Address the sprinkler/pipe findings shown above. Prove as the spin inner pipe intensity snown above. Replace existing irrigation controller(s) with climate-based controller(s). Total Outdoor Consumptive Savings Total Outdoor Consumptive Savings Baned on five years of consumption data provided by Denver Water, the average annual outdoor potable water use of Alameda is estimated to be 5.440 least. For this facility, saving opportunities related to outdoor water is were investigated Based on five years of constangation data provided by Denver Water, the average annual outdoor potable vater use for Alameda is estimated to be 5,440 kgals. For this facility, saving opportunities related to outdoor water use were investigated and determined to be minimal. Although savine opportunities are minimal, implementing the opportunities above may provide the determined to be minimal. Although savine opportunities are minimal. Implementing the opportunities above may provide the determined to be minimal. Alameda is estimated to be 5,440 lights. For this facility, saving opportunities related to outdoor water use were investigated and determined to be minimal. Although saving opportunities are minimal, implementing the opportunities above may provide other benefits such as hisher ouality surf and reduced aumaine costs for the raw water. and determined to be minimat. Autoougn saving opportunities are minimat, implementing other benefits such as higher quality turf and reduced pumping costs for the raw water. Total Outdoor Implementation Cost and Simple Payback Total Outdoor Implementation Cost and Simple Payback N Atameda replace the existing irrigation controller(s), properly programs the controllers, and installs rain sensor(s), the icout is estimated to be \$5,025. Since there is minimal water use savings, there is no simple payback associated with the

If Alameds replaces the existing irrigation controller(s), properly programs the controllers, and installs rain sensor(s), the controllers to be \$5.025. Since there is minimal water use savings, there is no simple payback associated with the The costs associated with maintenance opportunities and landscape renovations are not included in the cost and payback calculations. Information reservine the costs associated with these items is included in the ownall eroleer renove The costs associated with maintenance opportunities and landscape renovations are not included in the cost a calculations. Information regarding the costs associated with these items is included in the overall project report.

Engineering Sustainable Change

brendle Aqua Engineering

Key Lessons Learned







Challenges







Q & A

Julie Sieving Senior Engineer jsieving@brendlegroup.com www.brendlegroup.com

> Cullen Kinoshita Project Manager <u>ckinoshita@aquaengr.com</u> www.aquaengineering.com





